

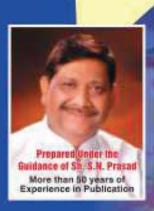




A Student's Companion

# SYNONYMS and ANTONYMS

Useful For: IBPS Bank PO, Bank Clerk, SSC CGL, SSC CHSL (10+2) Level, Matric Level, Insurance, UPSC CAPFs, NDA, CDS, Airforce Group 'X' & 'Y', MBA, BBA, CLAT, KVS, FCI, DSSSB and Other Competitive & Academic Exams.











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KIRAN INSTITUTE OF CAREER EXCELLENCE (KICX), DELHI

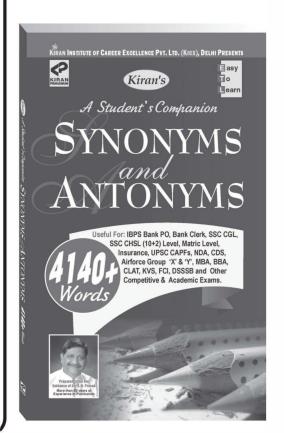
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# New edition

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Concept : Think Tank of KICX, Pratiyogita Kiran & Kiran Prakashan

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Design & Layout by : KICX COMPUTER SECTION, New Delhi.

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J-282, Sector-2, Bawana Industrial Area

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# About THE BOOK

A human being is the most beautiful creation of God. It is due to the power of speaking and expression in the form of language. This language is none other than the cluster of words in the form of synonyms and antonyms embedded in it.

This book is an attempt to centrifuge the ocean of knowledge into a drop...... the seven colours of rainbow of competition. Now readers, students and teachers have to justify the attempt and guide us towards the pinnacle of wisdom.

Efforts are never-ending. Always, there is a chance of improvement as per the time and situation. The present book on Synonyms and Antonyms is the outcome of the above-said statement.

This book has been thoroughly revised by our experts keeping in view the changing trends of competitive examinations. New words have been incorporated. It is in alphabetical order in the most simplest form. Sentences have been weaved for better understanding. The only effort needed is to outshine the golden statement — Practice makes man perfect..... last but not least. With the heartfelt golden wishes, I would like to thank in torrents Mr. S.N. Prasad, the director of the **Kiran Publication**, a great mentor, motivator and visionary, who entrusted this job to me for the well-being of masses and classes (students, teachers and parents).

Finally, our readers are the best judges who are expected to give the mandates in the form of feedbacks and worthy suggestions which will remain our guiding force like the pole star.

Obliged and love to everybody .....

Wishing you great success!

(Publisher) Sanket Sah

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That is a good book which is opened with expectation and closed with profit.

-Amos Bronson Alcott

# **SYNONYMS**



abandon (Verb): to leave a thing, place or person

abate (Verb): to become less strong

**Ex.**: After taking medicine, the pain abated.

**abbreviate (Verb) :** shorten; to make something short **abdicate (Verb) :** renounce; resign from worldly things

abduct (Verb): kidnap; to take away the person by coercion or force

**Ex.**: The child was abducted.

aberration (Noun): a fact, an action or a way of behaving that is not

usual, and that may be unacceptable

abhor (Verb): hate; loathe

abject (Adjective): miserable; full of misery

**ablation (Noun):** splitting or breaking due to natural process.

 $\textbf{able (Adjective):} \ \text{having the skill, intelligence, opportunity, etc. needed}$ 

to do something

ablution (Noun): the act of washing

abnegate(Verb): give up; renounce. (The saint abnegated the

materialistic world.)

aboard (Adv/Pre): travelling in a bus or train/on or onto a train,

bus, plane, etc. (We went aboard the train and found a seat).

abolish (Verb): to do away with; to get rid of

abort (Verb): stop; end; halt

abrogate (Verb): to officially end a law, an agreement; to repeal

abrupt (Adjective): sudden

absolute (Adjective): free from blame

absolution (Noun): a formal statement that a person is forgiven

 $\boldsymbol{absolve}$  ( $\boldsymbol{Verb})$  : to state formally that somebody is not guilty or

responsible for something

**absorb (Verb) :** to take something into mind and learn or understand

it; take in; engross

abstain (Verb): to decide not to do or have something

abstemious (Adjective): moderate; frugal

abstruse (Adjective): Hard to understand; profound

absurd (Adjective): ridiculous; eccentric; farcical; grotesque;

incongruous; paradoxical; preposterous; ludicrous

**absurdity (Noun):** the state of being completely ridiculous, illogical or insensible

SA-5

abundance (Noun): a large quantity that is more than enough

abundant (Adjective): plentiful; more than enough

**abuse (Noun):** the use of something in a way that is wrong or harmful **abuse (Verb):** to make bad use of something; misuse; insult; to use power or knowledge unfairly or wrongly

**abysmal (Adjective)**: extremely bad or of a very low standard; terrible **abyss (Noun)**: a very deep wide space that seems to have no bottom **abyssal (Adjective)**: connected with the deepest part of the ocean

**Ex.**: Life is abyssal.

academic (Adjective): connected with education

accede (Verb): to agree to a request

**accent (Noun) :** a particular way of pronouncing words

**Ex.:** He speaks with a strong Bengali accent. **accentuate (Verb):** to emphasize; to put pressure

accept (Verb): to agree or approve of something

access (Verb): to reach, enter or use

accessible (Adjective): reachable; easy to understand

accession (Noun) : taking office
accidentally (Adv) : not knowingly

**Ex.**: She accidentally took the wrong coat.

acclaim (Verb): extol; welcome; praise

**accolade (Noun):** a comment from the society or people on your achievement. (P.V. Sindhu got the accolade after winning the silver medal).

**accommodate (Verb) :** oblige; to provide somebody with a room or place to sleep, live or sit

accomplice (Noun): partner in crime

**accomplish (Verb) :** to succeed in doing or completing something; achieve

accord (Verb): concede; grant; give

accost (Verb): to go up and talk to a stranger in a way that is rude

Ex.: Don't accost anybody.

**account (Noun):** a written record or money in a business, bank, shop; description

 $\boldsymbol{accoutrements}$  (Noun): pieces of equipment needed for a particular activity

accrue: to increase over a period of time

**Ex.:** Interest was accrued on my fixed deposit.

**accumulate (Verb) :** to gradually get more and more of something over a period of time; amass

accuracy (Noun): the state of being exact or correct

accurate (Adjective): correct and true in every detail

**accusation (Noun):** a statement saying that you think a person is guilty of doing something wrong

accusative (Adjective): containing or expressing accusation

 $\boldsymbol{accuse}$  (Verb): to say that somebody has done something wrong or is guilty of something

accused (Noun): a person who is on trial for committing a crime

accustomed (Adjective): used to; habituated to

acknowledge (Verb): to accept that something is true

acme (Noun): highest point

acoustic (Adjective): connected with sound or the sense of hearing

**Ex.**: The acoustic of building is perfect.

**acquaint (Verb) :** to make somebody or yourself familiar with or aware of something

**acquire (Verb) :** to gain something by his/her own efforts, ability or behaviour

**Ex.**: She has acquired a good knowledge of English. The company has just acquired new premises.

**acquit (Verb) :** to decide and state officially in court that somebody is not guilty of a crime; to perform well, badly, etc.

 $\boldsymbol{acquittal}$  (Noun): an official decision in court that a person is not guilty of crime

**acrimonious (Adjective) :** bad-tempered; virulent; sarcastic; rancorous **acronym (Noun) :** an abbreviation formed from the initial letters of there words and pronounced as a word

Ex.: ASCII, NASA

active (Adjective): always busy doing physical activities

**acumen (Noun) :** the ability to make good judgements and take quick decisions. (Narendra Modi shows a shrewd political acumen).

acute (Adjective): very serious or severe; keen; sharp

**adamant (Adjective):** firm or determined not to change your mind **adaptable (Adjective):** able to change or be changed in order to deal successfully with new situations.

**adequate (Adjective):** enough in quantity or good enough in quality. **adjourn (Verb):** postpone; break off; to put something to the next date. (The court was adjourned due to an unavoidable reason).

**admirable (Adjective):** having qualities that you admire and respect **admiration (Noun):** a feeling of respect for somebody/something

 $admission \ (Noun)$  : the right to enter a place; the act of accepting somebody into an institution/organisation

**admonish (Verb)**: reprove; to tell somebody firmly that you do not approve of something that he has done; chide; scold

**admonition (Noun):** a warning to somebody about his behaviour

adore (Verb): cherish; exalt; revere; venerate

**adorn (Verb) :** to make somebody/something look more attractive by decorating it with something

**adrift (Adv, Adj):** astray; drifting; going without purpose, direction or guidance.

adroit (Adjective): skilful; dexterous; having skill

**adroitness (Noun):** skilful performance or ability to do your job without difficulty

**adulation (Noun):** admiration and praise, especially when this is greater than is necessary

adumbrate (Verb): indicate faintly

**advanced (Adjective):** having the most modern and recently developed ideas, methods, etc.

adventitious (Adjective): accidental; casual

adventurer (Noun): a person who enjoys exciting new experiences

**adversary (Noun):** opponent; a person that somebody is opposed to and competing with in an argument or a battle

 $\textbf{adverse (Adjective):} \ \text{negative and unpleasant;} \ \text{not likely to produce} \\ \text{a good result}$ 

adversity (Noun): a difficult or unpleasant situation; calamity; misery

**Ex.**: Courage in the face of adversity gives success.

advocate (Verb): to support something publicly

**aesthetic (Adjective) :** concerned with beauty and art and the understanding of beautiful things

aetiology (Noun): study of the causes of a disease

affable (Adjective): friendly; courteous

**affectionate (Adjective):** showing caring feelings and love for somebody; loving

affliction (Noun): distress; suffering

**Ex.**: The patient was in affliction.

affluence (Noun): prosperity; richness

affluent (Adjective): having a lot of money; prosperous; wealthy

agglomerate (Verb) : collect into mass

**aggrandize (Verb) :** increase power, rank; make something seem greater.

**aggression (Noun) :** feelings of anger and hatred that may result in threatening or violent behaviour

 $\mbox{\it aggressive}$  (Adjective) : angry, and behaving in a threatening way; ready to attack

**agile (Noun):** acrobatic; nimble; graceful; having good grace. (The man was agile).

agitate (Verb): to argue strongly for something you want

agnostic (Noun): the person who believes that God does not exist

**agony (Noun):** extreme physical or mental pain

agoraphobia (Noun): extreme fear of open space

agreeable (Adjective): pleasant and easy to like

```
ailment (Noun): an illness that is not very serious
alpha (Noun): beginning and end, i.e. alpha & omega.
alien (Adjective): strange and frightening; hostile
alien (Noun): a person who in not the citizen of the country in which
he lives or works
alienate (Verb): cause to become unfriendly
alignment (Noun): arrangement in a straight line
allegiance (Noun): fidelity; loyalty; being loyal (faithful)
alleviate (Verb): allay; lessen; quell; abate; ameliorate; to do away
with; to end
allude (Verb): to mention something in an indirect way
allure (Verb): tempt; entice to do something
alluring (Adjective): attractive and exciting in a mysterious way
aloof (Adjective): not friendly or interested in other people
alter (Verb): to become different
altercation (Noun): dispute; quarrel
altruist (Noun): a person unselfishly concerned for or devoted to the
welfare of others
amateur (Noun): unskilful; non-professional; dabbler; dilettante
ambiguous (Adjective): having different meanings
ambit (Noun): scope; chance
ambitious (Adjective): determined to be successful, rich, powerful,
ambivalent (Adjective): doubtful; vacillating; equivocal
ameliorate (Verb): to make something better; improve.
    Ex.: The reform did much to ameliorate living standards.
amiable (Adjective): pleasant, friendly and easy to like; agreeable
amicable (Adjective): done or achieved in a polite or friendly way
and without arguing
amnesty (Noun): general pardon, especially of political offences
amorous (Adjective): enamoured; ardent; carnal; affectionate; loving
amorphous (Adjective): vague, of no definite shape
analogous (Adjective): similar; parallel
anarchy (Noun): chaos; disorder; pandemonium
    Ex.: Kejriwal seems practising anarchy in the system.
ancestors (Noun): persons in your family who lived a long time ago;
forebears: forefathers
ancillary (Adjective): subsidiary; secondary
android (Noun): a robot with human appearance
angry (Adjective): feeling and/or showing anger
anguish (Noun): severe pain, mental suffering or unhappiness; agony
anguished (Adjective): experiencing intense/severe pain, mental
suffering or unhappiness
```

**animosity (Noun):** acrimony; animus; sarcasm; malice; hostility; uncomfortable and foreign feeling.

**Ex.**: He no longer felt any animosity towards her.

annals (Noun): historical records

annihilate (Verb): to destroy completely

Ex.: The human race has enough weapons to annihilate itself.

annoy (Verb): to make slightly angry; irritate; bother

annul (Verb): declare invalid, not in use

anomalous (Adjective): Irregular; abnormal; not normal

anonymous (Adjective): nameless

**antagonise (Verb) :** to do something to make somebody feel angry with you

**antagonist (Noun):** a person who strongly opposes somebody or something; opponent

antagonistic (Adjective): showing or feeling active opposition or

hostility towards someone or something

antic (Noun): foolish behaviour

anticipate (Verb) : to expect something
Antidote (Noun) : antipoison/antitoxin

antipathy (Noun): a strong feeling of dislike; hostility

antique (Noun) : an old valuable object; vintage

apartheid (Noun): racial segregation; racial discrimination

**Ex.**: Apartheid is still found all over the globe.

apathy (Noun): lack of interest; indifference

apex (Noun): the top or highest part of something

**appalling (Verb)**: shocking, very bad **apparent (Adjective)**: clear; evident

appealing (Adjective): attractive or interesting

**appease (Verb) :** to make somebody calm by praising/pleasing him **apposite (Adjective) :** very appropriate for a particular situation or in relation to something

**appraise (Verb) :** to make a formal judgement about the value of a person's work

appreciate (Verb) : to recognize the good qualities of somebody/ something

**apprehend (Verb) :** to catch somebody and arrest him

 $\mbox{\sc apprise}$  (Verb) : to tell or inform somebody of something

 $\mbox{\bf approach}$  (Verb) : to speak to somebody about something

appropriate (Adjective): suitable; acceptable; correct

 $\mbox{\bf approve (Verb):}$  to think somebody or something is good, suitable or acceptable

**ardent (Adjective):** very enthusiastic and showing strong feeling about something or somebody; passionate

**argue (Verb) :** to speak angrily to somebody because you disagree with him

**argument (Noun):** a conversation or discussion in which two or more people disagree, often angrily

aroma (Noun): a pleasant, noticeable smell

arrogant (Adjective): behaving in a proud, unpleasant way

**artful (Adjective) :** crafty; clever at getting what you want by not speaking the truth

artistic (Adjective): showing a natural skill in art

**ascension (Noun):** the journey of Jesus from the earth to heaven; the act of moving up or of reaching a high position

ascription (Noun): assigning to a cause or source; attribution

asperity (Noun): the fact of being rough; harshness

**assault (Noun, Verb) :** the crime of attacking somebody physically; to attack somebody violently

assemble (Verb): to bring things or people together as a group

**assertion (Noun):** a statement saying that you strongly believe something to be true; claim

**assertive (Adjective) :** expressing opinions or desires strongly and with confidence

assess (Verb): to make judgement; estimate

**asset (Noun):** a person or thing that is valuable or useful; a thing of value–property, money, etc.

**assiduous (Adjective) :** working very hard and taking great care; diligent

atrocity (Noun): a cruel and violent act

attach (Verb): to fasten or join one thing to another

**attain (Verb) :** to succeed in getting something, usually after a lot of effort

attempt (Noun): an act of trying to do something difficult

attribution (Noun): assigning to a cause or source; ascription

**audacious (Adjective) :** willing to take risks/to do something shocking; bold

audacity (Noun): brave but rude and shocking behaviour

august (Adjective) : impressive ; making you feel respect

authentic (Adjective): true and accurate

**autocratic (Adjective) :** of the nature of or relating to a ruler who has complete power; despotic

available (Adjective): ready; at someone's disposal

**avarice (noun):** greed; extreme desire for wealth

**avenge (Verb) :** inflict harm in return for an injury or wrong done to oneself or another

aversion (Noun): a strong feeling of not liking somebody or something

avert (Verb) : prevent; turn away
avid (Adjective) : eager; greedy

aware (Adjective): informed; knowledgeable; mindful

awe (Noun): feeling of respect and slight fear

awesome (Adjective): very impressive or very difficult and perhaps

rather frightening

awkwardness (Noun): inconvenience



**backslide (Verb) :** drop to a lower level in one's morals or behaviour **baffle (Verb) :** to confuse somebody completely; to be too difficult or strange for somebody to understand or explain; perplex; puzzle

**bane (Noun):** something that causes trouble and makes people unhappy; curse.

**Ex.**: The neighbour's kids are the bane of my life.

**banish (Verb) :** to order somebody to leave a place – a country, as a punishment ; exile

bankrupt (Adjective): insolvent

Ex.: Amitabh Bachchan went bankrupt.

**bankruptcy (Noun):** the state of not being able to pay what you owe; insolvency

**barbaric** (Adjective): cruel and violent and not as expected from people who are educated and respect one another; coarse; uncivilized **barren** (Adjective): not good enough for plants to grow on it; infertile; unproductive

bashful (Adjective): shy; diffident; inhibited

**beautify (Verb) :** to make somebody or something beautiful or more beautiful

beckoned (Verb): gave a signal to do something

befuddle (Verb): make drunk; confuse

beginner (Noun): a person who is starting to learn something

**beguile (Verb) :** to trick somebody into doing something, by being nice to him

**belittle (Verb):** to make somebody or the things that somebody does seem unimportant

bellicose (Adjective): eager to fight

**belligerent (Adjective) :** pugnacious; hostile; antagonistic; bellicose; bullying; contentious

Ex.: Natwarlal is belligerent.

benediction (Noun): utterance of blessing

**benefactor (Noun):** a person who gives money or other help to a person or an organisation such as a school or charity

**beneficial (Adjective) :** favourable; advantageous

**beneficiary (Noun) :** a person who gains as a result of something **benevolence (Noun) :** an inclination to do something good; generosity

benevolent (Adjective): kind, helpful and generous

**benign (Adjective) :** kind and gentle; not hurting anybody **berserk (Adjective) :** frantic; frenetic; furious; infuriated

**beseech (Verb) :** to ask somebody for something in an anxious way because you want or need very much; implore; beg

Ex.: Let him go, I beseech you!

**besiege (Verb) :** to surround a building, city etc. with soldiers until the people inside are forced to let you in

bestow (Verb) : confer, give; donate
betray (Verb) : conspire; double-cross

bias (Noun): a strong feeling in favour of or against somebody or something

biased (Adjective): making unfair judgements

bibliography (Noun): List of books of any author, subject

**bibliophile (Noun) :** book-lover; a collector of books **bibulous (Adjective) :** fond of; addicted to alcohol

bifurcated (Verb): divided into two parts

**biographical sketch (Noun) :** a sketch of or relating to a biography – the story of a person's life written by somebody else

**bivouac (Noun) :** Temporary encampment without tents

blanch (Verb): Make or grow pale

**Ex.**: After hearing the bad news, the devotees got blanched.

**bland (Adjective) :** not having a strong/interesting taste

 $\mbox{\bf blasphemy}$  (Noun): impious, disrespectful, sacrilegious or religious complaint

blatant (Adjective): brazen; conspicous; flagrant; overt; apparent

**Ex.**: It was a blatant refuse by the doctor treating the patient.

blaze (Verb): to burn brightly and strongly

bleak (Adjective): dreary; exposed

 $oldsymbol{blemish}$  (Noun): a mark on the skin or an object that spoils it and makes it look less beautiful or perfect

blemish (Noun): flaw; fault; defect

**Ex.**: The product has some blemish.

**bliss (Noun)**: extreme happiness

**blister (Noun) :** a swelling on the surface of the skin that is filled with liquid; wound

blot (Noun) : blotch; mark; smear
blunt (Adjective) : dull; thick
blur (Verb) : cloud; conceal; confuse

blurt (Verb): be disclose, divulge, to reveal

boggle (Verb): startled or baffled; be surprised

**boisterous (Adjective) :** noisy and full of life and energy **bombast (Noun) :** bluster; pomposity; blather; blether

**bonhomie (Noun):** geniality; sociability, warm

**Ex.:** It was bonhomie and good humour between the Indian prime minister and the Chinese president.

boor (Noun): philistine; barbarian, like a wild animal

bountiful (Adjective): generous

**brazen (Adjective) :** shameless; blatant, impertinent; insolent **break (Verb) :** to be damaged and separated into two or more pieces **breed (Noun) :** a particular type of animal that has been developed by people in a controlled way, eg., dog, cat

brevity (Noun): briefness; compactness; succinctness

bribery (Noun): the giving or taking of money or something valuable

for some help (in a dishonest way)

brief (Adjective): short

bright (Adjective): full of light

brilliant (Adjective) : extremely clever or impressive brisk (Adjective) : quick; busy; practical and confident

brutal (Adjective): violent and cruel; savage

Ex.: A brutal attack on Indira Gandhi was very painful.

**brutalise or brutalize (Verb) :** to make somebody unable to feel

normal; to treat somebody in a cruel or violent way

bulge (Verb) : to stick out from something in a round shape
bumptious (Adjective) : arrogant; pretentious; conceited
buoyant (Adjective) : resilient; exuberant; floating; dynamic

**Ex.:** The Indian economy is buoyant.

**burlesque (Noun) :** parody; caricature; satire

**bystander (Noun):** spectator; eyewitness; passer-by



cacophony (Noun): harshness; dissonance; discordance

cajole (Verb : to make somebody do something by talking to him and being very nice to him

**Ex.**: He cajoled her to do his work.

**calamity (Noun):** disaster; an event that causes great harm or damage **calculations (Noun):** the process of using numbers to find out an amount

calligraphy (Noun): beautiful handwriting

**callous (Adjective) :** not caring about other people's feelings or suffering; cruel

**Ex.:** The advocate's callous comments about the murder made me shiver.

Synonyms camouflage (Noun): disguise; cover cancealed (Adjective): not accessible to view; hidden out of sight cancerous (Adjective): related to cancer (growth of cells) candid (Adjective): saying what you think openly and honestly **Ex.**: The prime minister gave a candid interview. candour (Noun): frankness canny (Adjective): shrewd; cunning cantankerous (Adjective): bad-tempered and always complaining; quarrelsome Ex.: Hitler was cantankerous. capitulate (Verb): to agree to do something that you have been refusing to do for a long time **Ex.**: The terrorist capitulated himself before the security. capricious (Adjective): showing sudden changes in attitude or behaviour; unpredictable **Ex.**: The man is capricious. captious (Adjective): fault-finding **Ex.**: My brother is captious. captivate (Verb): beguile; fascinate; charm; enthral **Ex.**: I was captivated by the beauty of the Taj Mahal. car rally (Noun): jamboree; fair; fiesta; festival carcass (Noun): cadaver, corpse; dead body caricature (Noun): burlesque; parody **Ex.**: The clown makes a caricature of people. carnage (Noun): massacre; pogrom; shambles; holocaust; large-scale killing of human beings Ex.: A carnage took place in Somalia. carp (Verb): cavil; complain; find fault carte blanche (Noun): full discretionary power cartography (Noun): map reading/making castigate (Verb): rebuke; censure; reprimand; chastise cataclysm (Noun): violent upheaval; violent revolt catapult (Noun): fling; hurl; launch catastrophe (Noun): disaster; a sudden event that causes many people to suffer cautious (Adjective): showing careful thought caveat (Noun): warning **Ex.**: A caveat was given by the court. cease (Verb): to stop happening or existing censor (Noun): To make deletions/changes **Ex.**: The censor board censored the film.

censure (Noun): strong criticism

**censure (Verb)**: to criticise somebody severely and in public

**ceremonial (Adjective) :** relating to a ceremony that includes formal and traditional actions

**cessation (Noun):** the process of ending or being brought to an end **chagrin (Noun):** acute vexation or great disappointment

**Ex.**: To my chagrin, he was nowhere to be seen.

chandelier (Noun): hanging support for lights

charade (Noun): absurdity; deceit; farce

**Ex.:** It is a charade to make India poverty-free without the proper employment to everybody.

**charisma (Noun)**: the powerful personal quality that some people have to attract and impress other people; charm

charitable (Adjective): connected with charity

**charity (Noun):** the aim of giving money, food, help, etc. to people who are in need

charlatan (Noun): person falsely claiming knowledge or skill

charming (Adjective): very pleasant or attractive

chary (Adjective): cautiously reluctant to do something

**Ex.**: She had been chary of speaking the whole truth.

**chastise (Verb)**: to criticize somebody for doing something wrong; to punish physically; beat

chastity (Noun): abstinence; celibacy; purity

chattel (Noun): movable possession

chatter (Noun): continuous rapid talk that is not important

 $\boldsymbol{chatter}$  ( $\boldsymbol{Verb})$  : to talk quickly and continuously, especially about

things that are not important

chauffeur (Noun) : driver

chauvinism (Noun): exaggerated or aggressive patriotism

**cheat (Noun):** to trick somebody or make him believe something that is not true.

**cheer (Noun):** a shout of joy, support or praise

**cheer (Verb) :** to show support or praise for somebody or to give him encouragement

cheerful (Adjective): happy and optimistic

**cherish (Verb) :** to love somebody or something very much and want to protect him or it

chicanery (Noun): trickery, deception

chivalry (Noun): gentlemanliness; gallantry

chronicle (Noun) : account; annals
chuffed (Adjective) : delighted

**circuitous (Adjective) :** long and not direct; roundabout **circumlocution (Noun) :** evasive speech; hollow speech

circumvent (Verb) : evade; outwit

**citadel (Noun):** a castle on high ground in or near a city where people could go when the city was being attacked

## Synonyms -

**cite (Verb) :** refer to (a passage, book or an author)

clairvoyant (Noun): oracle; fortune-teller

clam (Noun): a marine bivalve mollusc with shells of equal size

clamour (Noun) : commotion; din; uproar; shout
clandestine (Adjective) : done secretly or kept secret

claptrap (Noun): insincere or pretentious talk

clarity (Noun): the quality of being expressed and understood clearly

claustrophobia (Noun): abnormal fear of confined places

clear (Adjective): vindicate; exonerate

**climax (Noun) :** the most exciting or important point in time or a play, music, etc.

clout (Noun): heavy blow

clumsiness (Noun): gracelessness; awkwardness

**clumsy (Adjective):** moving or doing things in a very awkward way **coarse (Adjective):** rough; consisting of relatively large pieces; rude and offensive; vulgar

**coax (Verb) :** to persuade somebody to do something by talking to him in a kind and gentle way; cajole

**coddle (Verb) :** to treat somebody with too much care and attention

coerce (Verb): bully; compel; intimidate; to use force

cogent (Adjective) : convincing; compelling

cogitate (Verb): ponder; meditate

cognizance (Noun) : formal knowledge/awareness
coherent (Adjective) : lucid; consistent; rational

**collage (Noun):** a piece of art made by sticking various different materials such as photographs and pieces of paper or fabric onto a backing

**collate (Verb) :** to collect information together from different sources in order to examine and compare it

collude (Verb): conspire; to make evil plans

colossal (Adjective): extremely large

comatose (Adjective): sleepy

**comfort (Noun):** the state of being physically relaxed and free from pain; having a pleasant life

command (Verb): to order

**commemorate (Verb) :** mark or celebrate (an event or a person) by doing or producing something

commendable (Adjective): praiseworthy

commotion (Noun): sudden noisy confusion or excitement

**compassion (Noun):** a strong feeling of sympathy for the people who are suffering and a desire to help them

 ${\bf compassionate}$  (Adjective) : feeling or showing sympathy for the people who are suffering

# Synonyms -

**compatible (Adjective) :** congruent; harmonious

compendious (Adjective): comprehensive but brief

**compensate (Verb) :** to provide something good to balance or reduce the bad effects of damage, loss, etc.; make up for

compete (Verb): to take part in a contest or game

**complacent (Adjective):** too satisfied with yourself or with a situation

**Ex.:** We must not become complacent about progress.

complaisant (Adjective): amenable; docile; acquiescent

complete (Adjective) : total; finished

complex (Adjective): complicated; difficult to understand

comply (Verb): agree, consent, concur

comprehend (Verb): to understand something fully

**comprehensible (Adjective) :** that can be understood by somebody easily / readily

**compromise (Noun):** an agreement made between two people or groups in which each side gives up some of the things it wants so that both sides may be happy in the end

compunction (Noun): guilty feeling

conceal (Verb): to hide

concede (Verb): acknowledge; capitulate

conceit (Noun) : arrogance; vanity

conceited (Adjective) : having too much pride in yourself and what
you do

**concentrate (Verb) :** to give all your attention to something and not think about anything else

**concentration (Noun) :** the ability to direct all your effort and attention on one thing, without thinking of other things

concert (Noun): a live music performance in front of an audience

concerted (Adjective): collaborative; collective; combined

**Conciliate (Verb) :** reconcile; make calm; pacify

concise (Adjective): using only a few words to say something

conclusion (Noun) : completion; the end of something
concomitant (Adjective) : naturally accompanying

concur (Verb): accede; accord; agree

 ${\bf concurrence}$  (Noun) : agreement; two or more things happening at the same time

condemn (Verb): castigate; censure; rebuke

condemnation (Noun): an expression of very strong disapproval

**condone (Verb) :** to accept behaviour that is morally wrong or to treat it as if it were not serious

**conduct (Noun):** a person's behaviour in a particular place or in a particular situation

 $\boldsymbol{conflict}$  (Noun): a situation in which there are opposing ideas, opinions, feelings or wishes

 $\boldsymbol{conform}$  (Verb) : to behave and think in the same way as most other people

confound (Verb): baffle; confuse

 ${\bf confusion}$  (Noun): a state of not being certain or sure about something

congregate (Verb): to come together in a group

**congregation (Noun) :** a group of people who gather together in a church to worship God

conjecture (Noun): guess; idea not based on definite knowledge

 ${\bf Ex.}$ : The truth of his conjecture was confirmed by the newspaper report.

conjurer (Noun) : a man who performs magical/clever tricks; magician
connect (Verb) : to be joined together

conquest (Noun) : the act of taking control of a country, city, etc. by force
conscientious (Adjective) : diligent; punctilious; scrupous; attentive
consecutive (Adjective) : following continuously

consensus (Noun): an opinion that all members of a group agree to consent (Verb): to agree to something or give permission for something conservation (Noun): the protection of the natural environment considerable (Adjective): great in amount, size, importance, etc.; significant

**considerate (Adjective):** always thinking of other people's wishes and feelings; careful not to hurt or upset others; thoughtful

consideration (noun) : the act of thinking carfully about something
consignee (Noun) : the person to whom merchandise is delivered over
consort (Noun) : the husband or wife of a ruler

conspicuous (Adjective) : clearly visible, ostentatious; flagrant
constant (Adjective) : all the time; repeatedly; that does not change;
fixed

contain (Verb): to include; to hold

 ${f container}$  (Noun): a box, bottle, etc. in which something can be stored or transported

**contemplation (Noun):** the act of thinking deeply about something **contempt (Noun):** the feeling that something or somebody has no value and deserves no respect at all

contentious (Adjective) : quarrelsome

contour (Noun) : outline

contract (Noun, Verb): an official written agreement

contradict (Verb) : to say something that somebody else is wrong
and the opposite is true

**contrary (Adjective):** behaving badly; choosing to do and say the opposite of what is expected

contrite (Adjective): penitent; feeling guilt

 ${f controvert}$  (Verb): to say or to prove that something is not true; refute; rebut; deny; contradict

**convict (Noun):** a person who has been found guilty of a crime and sent to prison

convivial (Adjective): sociable; lively

**coordination (Noun):** the organization of the different elements of a complex body or activity so as to enable them to work together effectively

**copious (Adjective) :** abundant; producing much

cordial (Adjective) : pleasant and friendly
corpulent (Adjective) : fleshy; bulky

corpulent (Adjective): fleshy; bulky correct (Adjective): right; not wrong

correction (Noun): a change that makes something more accurate

than it was before

coruscate (Verb): flash; sparkle

countenance (Noun): appearance; face

counterfeit (Adjective): made to look exactly the same

countermand (Verb) : revoke
courage (Noun) : bravery
courageous (Adjective) : brave
courteous (Adjective) : polite

covenant (Noun): a promise to somebody; a legal agreement

crabby (Adjective): morose; irritable

**crafty (Adjective):** cunning; wily; clever at getting what you want **crash (Noun):** an accident in which a vehicle hits something, causing damage and often injuring or killing passengers

crave (Verb): to have a very strong desire for something

create (Verb): to make something happen or exist

**creator (Noun) :** a person who has made or invented a particular thing

**credible (Adjective):** that can be believed or trusted; convincing **credulous (Adjective):** too ready to believe; gullible

**cripple (Verb):** to damage somebody's body so that he may no longer be able to move or walk normally; disable

**critical (Adjective):** expressing disapproval of somebody or something and saying what you think is bad about him; crucial; serious

**criticise (Verb):** to say that you disapprove of somebody or something **criticism (Noun):** the act of expressing disapproval of somebody or something and opinions about his faults or bad qualities

**crude (Adjective) :** simple and not very inaccurate but giving a general idea of something; vulgar; unrefined

**crusade (Noun) :** a long and determined effort to achieve something that you believe to be right; campaign

**Ex.:** The new government has started a crusade against corruption. **culmination (Noun):** the highest point or end of something

**cultivation (Noun) :** the preparation and use of land for growing plants or crops

cumbersome (Adjective): bulky

cunning (Adjective): crafty; wily; clever and skilful

**cure (Noun):** something that will solve a problem or cure an illness **cure-all (Noun):** something that people believe can cure any problem or any disease; panacea

 ${\bf curious}$   ${\bf (Adjective)}$  : having a strong desire to know about something; inquisitive

curse (Noun): an evil spell

**curse (Verb) :** to say rude things to somebody or think rude things about somebody or something

curtail (Verb) : to limit something or make it last for a shorter time
cynosure (Noun) : centre of attraction



dainty (Adjective): fastidious; exquisite

dally (Verb): delay; dawdle; procrastinate; to make late

dampen (verb): to make something wet

**dandy (Noun):** a man unduly concerned with looking stylish and fashionable

**Ex.**: His floppy hankies and antique cufflinks gave him the look of a dandy.

**danger (Noun):** the possibility of something happening that will injure, harm or kill somebody or damage or destroy something

**dangerous (Adjective) :** likely to harm or injure somebody, damaging, destroying

dapper: neat and trim in dress and appearance

**daring (Adjective) :** willing to do dangerous or unusual things; brave; courageous

daunt (Verb): discourage; intimidate; dismay

dawdle (Verb): waste time; procrastinate

**Ex.**: Don't dawdle; call him right now.

day-dream (Noun): pleasant thoughts that make you forget the present

dazzle (Verb): impress by power/knowledge; blind

deadly (Adjective): causing death

dearth (Noun): a lack of something; scarcity

death (Noun): the fact of somebody dying or being killed

debacle (Noun): an event or a situation that is a complete failure

and causes embarrassment

debauch (Verb): corrupt; deprave

## Synonyms

debauchery (Noun): excessive indulgence in sex, alcohol or drugs

debilitate (Verb): enfeeble; weaken

debonair (Adjective): pleasant, self-assured

debt (Noun): a sum of money that somebody owes

**decamp (Verb)**: to leave a place suddenly, often secretly

**decay (Verb) :** to be destroyed by natural processes; rot or decompose

deceit (Noun): deception; chicanery; guile; pretence

deceive (Verb) : to cheat
deception (Noun) : deceit

 $\boldsymbol{deceptive}$   $\boldsymbol{(Adjective)}$  : likely to make you believe something that is

not true

**decimate (Verb):** to severely damage something or make something

weaker

**decipher (Verb) :** decode; unravel

**Ex.**: The Harappan script was deciphered.

decisive (Adjective): very important for a final result

declension (Noun): deterioration

decline (Noun): a continuous decrease in the number

decline (Verb): to become smaller, fewer, weaker, etc.; refuse

decoction (Noun): extracted essence made from plants

**decompose (Verb):** to be destroyed by natural processes; rot; decay

decorum (Noun): dignity; etiquette; prestige

decrease (Verb): to make or become smaller in size, number, etc.

**decrepit (Adjective) :** feeble; battered; derelict; dilapidated; broken; old

**Ex.**: The Maszid was in decrepit condition.

decrepitude (Noun): being old and in poor condition or health

**defer (Verb)**: put off; to delay something until a later time

**deference (Noun):** behaviour that shows that you respect somebody/something

deft (Adjective): dexterous; skilful

**defunct (Adjective) :** no longer existing, operating or being used **defy (Verb) :** to refuse to obey or show respect for somebody in authority (a law. a rule. etc.)

degenerate (Verb) : deteriorate

**degeneration (Noun):** the process of becoming worse or less acceptable in quality or condition

**degrade (Verb) :** to show or treat somebody in a way that makes him seem not worth any respect; to make something become worse

dejected (Adjective): unhappy and disappointed; despondent

dejection (Noun): a feeling of unhappiness and disappointment

delectation (Noun): enjoyment; pleasure

**delegate (Noun, Verb) :** a person who is chosen or elected to represent the views of a group of people and vote and make decisions for them

# deleterious (Adjective): harmful

 ${\tt Ex.}$ : Divorce is assumed to have deleterious effects on children. **deliberate (Adjective):** intentional; planned or done on purpose rather than by accident

**deliberately (Adverb) :** done in a way that was planned; not by chance; intentionally; on purpose

**deliberation (Noun) :** the process of carfully considering or discussing something

delicate (Adjective): easily damaged or broken; fragile

delineate (Verb): describe or explain in detail

delinquent (Noun): offender; criminal; hooligan; one who does crime

**delirious (Adjective) :** crazy; frantic; ecstatic

delude (Verb): deceive; mislead; to cheat

deluge (Noun): a sudden fall of heavy rain; flood

**delusion (Noun) :** a false belief or opinion about yourself or your situation

**delve (Verb) :** research; explore

**delve:** The scientist delved into the project.

**demagogue (Noun) :** a political leader who seeks support by appealing to popular desires and prejudices rather than by using rational argument

demeanour (Noun): outward behaviour

**demented (Adjective) :** behaving in a crazy way because you are very upset or worried

**demise (Noun) :** death; the end or failure of an institution, an idea or a company, etc.

**demolish (Verb) :** destroy completely

**demonstrate (Verb) :** to show something clearly by giving proof or evidence; display; protest

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{demonstration (Noun):} a public meeting or march, protesting against or supporting somebody or something; showing how something works \\ \end{tabular}$ 

demure (Adjective): quiet; modest; calm

denial (Noun): a statement that something is wrong or untrue

**denounce (Verb) :** to strongly criticize somebody/something that you think is wrong, illegal, etc.

deny (Verb): to refuse to admit or accept something

deplorable (Adjective): completely unacceptable

**deplore (Verb) :** to strongly disapprove of something and criticize it **deprave (Verb) :** corrupt; pervert; influence to do an immoral thing **depreciating (Adjective) :** tending to decrease or cause a decrease in value

**Depredation (Noun):** despoiling; ravaging to break

depressing (Adjective): making one feel sad and without enthusiasm

depression (Noun): feeling of gloom; slump

**derailment (Noun):** being off the tracks

derelict (Adjective): abandoned; desolate; dilapidated

**Ex.**: I saw a derelict Georgian mansion.

**derision (Noun):** a strong feeling that somebody or something is ridiculous and not worth considering seriously

**derive (Verb) :** to get something from something; to obtain a substance from something; to develop from something

**derogatory (Adjective) :** showing a critical attitude to somebody's reputation; insulting; disparaging

describe (Verb): to say what somebody or something is like

**description (Noun):** the act of writing or saying in words what somebody or something is like

**desecrate (Verb) :** to damage a holy thing or place or treat it without respect

deserted (Adjective): abandoned

**desirable (Adjective) :** that you would like to have or do; worth having or doing

**desirous (Adjective):** having a wish for something; wanting something **desperation (Noun):** a state in which everything seems wrong and will turn out badly; hopelessness

**despondent (Adjective):** sad; without much hope; dejected.

destroy (Verb): do away with; destruct

**destructive (Adjective) :** causing destruction or much damage

**desultory (Adjective):** without a definite plan and without enthusiasm; random.

**Ex.**: A few people were left, dancing in a desultory fashion.

**deter (Verb) :** to make somebody decide not to do something or continue doing something, by making him understand the difficulties and unpleasant results of his actions

**deteriorate (Verb) :** to become worse (bad to worse)

**determination (Noun):** the quality that makes you continue trying to do something even when it is difficult

 $\mbox{\bf determine (Verb):}$  to discover the facts about something; to calculate something exactly; establish

 $\boldsymbol{determined}$   $\boldsymbol{(Adjective)}$  : having made a firm decision and being resolved not to change it

**deterrent (Noun):** barrier; hindrance; impediment; obstacle

detrimental (Adjective): harmful; damaging

 $\boldsymbol{deviation}$  (  $\boldsymbol{Noun}$  : the act of moving away from what is normal or acceptable

**devious (Adjective):** behaving in a dishonest or indirect way; deceitful **devout (Adjective):** believing in a particular religion; showing deep respect for God and religion; pious

Ex.: He is a devout Christian/Muslim.

**dexterity (Noun):** skill in using your hands or mind **dexterous (Adjective):** adroit; agile; skilful; efficient

diabolical (Adjective): devilish; satanic

**Ex.**: The scorpion's tail looked diabolical in the darkness.

diagnosis (Noun): the act of discovering or identifying the exact cause of an illness or a problem

**dictatorial (Adjective):** using power in an unreasonable way by telling people what to do and not listening to their views or wishes

**didactic (Adjective) :** pedagogic; educative; informative

differ (Verb): to be different from somebody or something

**difference (Noun):** the way in which two people or things are not like each other

different (Adjective): not the same; not like

difficult (Adjective): hard; not easy

**difficulty (Noun):** a problem, a thing or situation that causes problems; the state of being hard to do or to understand.

**diffident (Adjective)**: not having much confidence in yourself; shy **dilate (Verb)**: to become or make something larger or wider

**diligent (Adjective):** showing care and effort in your work or duties **diminish (Verb):** to become or to make something become weaker, smaller etc; decrease; belittle

**Ex.**: His influence has diminished with the passage of time.

disappear (Verb): to become impossible to see; vanish

**disapproval (Noun):** a feeling that you do not like an idea because you feel it is bad or unsuitable

**disapprove (Verb) :** to think that somebody or something is not good or suitable

**disaster (Noun) :** an unexpected event – a very bad accident, a flood, a fire, that kills a lot of people or causes a lot of damage

discomfiture (Noun): anxious embarrassment

discord (Noun): disagreement

**discourage (Verb) :** to try to prevent something or somebody from doing something

discreet (Adjective): cautious; chary

**discriminate (Verb) :** differentiate; distinguish; to show a difference between people or things

disgraceful (Adjective): very bad and unacceptable

disgusting (Adjective): extremely unpleasant

**disintegrate (Verb) :** to break into small parts or pieces and be destroyed; fall apart

dislike (Noun): a feeling of not liking

dismal (Adjective): dreary, gloomy, miserable

**dismiss (Verb) :** to decide that somebody or something is not important and not worth thinking or talking about; put aside

 ${f dismissal}$  (Noun): the act of dismissing somebody from his job; the failure to consider something as important

**disown (Verb) :** to decide that you no longer want to be connected with or reponsible for somebody or something

disparaging (Adjective): expressive of low opinion; derogatory

**disparity (Noun) :** a difference, especially one connected with unfair treatment

dispatch (Noun): sending somebody/something somewhere

disperse (Verb): to move apart and go away in different directions

display (Noun): exhibit; to show something to people

**displeasure (Noun):** the feeling of being upset and annoyed; annoyance **dispose (Verb):** to arrange things or people in a particular way or position

disputed (Adjective): open to debate

disrespectful (Adjective): showing a lack of respect

disseminate (Verb): to spread information, knowledge, etc.

dissident (Noun): protester; agitator

**dissuade (Verb) :** to persuade somebody not to do something; discourage

distant (Adjective): far away in space or time; remote

**distinctive (Adjective) :** having a quality or characteristic that makes something different and easily noticed

**distinguish (Verb) :** differentiate; to recognise the difference between people or things

distraught (Adjective): very agitated

**Ex.**: A distraught woman sobbed and screamed for help.

**disturb (Verb) :** to interrupt somebody when he is trying to sleep, work, etc.

**disturbance (Noun):** a noisy fight; the act of disturbing something or somebody

disturbing (Adjective): making you feel anxious and upset or shocked

docile (Adjective): quiet and easy to control

dodgy (Adjective): unreliable; risky

doleful (Adjective): mournful; sad; miserable

**domesticated (Verb) :** to make a wild animal live with or work for humans

**dominance (Noun) :** the state of being more important, powerful or noticeable than other things

**domineering (Adjective)** : trying to control other people without considering their opinions or feelings

**donor (Noun):** a person or an organisation which makes a gift of money, clothes, food etc. to a charity, etc. or gives a part of his or her body, blood to be used by doctors in medical treatment

doubtful (Adjective): not sure; doubtful

downfall (Noun): the loss of a person's money, power, social postion, etc.

drama (Noun): a play for the theatre; an exciting event

dramatic (Adjective): sudden and often surprising

drizzle (Verb): to pour a small amount of liquid; dribble; sprinkle.

**Ex.**: When it is drizzling, it is raining lightly.

drowsy (Adjective): tired and almost asleep; sleepy

**drunk (Noun, Adjective):** having drunk so much that it is impossible to think or speak clearly

dubious (Adjective): doubtful; suspicious, not certain

dulcet (Adjective): sounding sweet and pleasant

dull (Adjective): not interesting or coexisting; boring

dumbfound (Verb): greatly astonish or amaze

duplication (Noun): making an exact copy of something

dwarf (Noun): a creature like a small man

**dwindle (Verb):** to become gradually less or smaller; decrease

 $\mathbf{Ex.}$ : Members of the club have dwindled from 80 to 30.

**dynamic (Adjective):** having a lot of energy and a strong personality



**eccentric (Adjective) :** freakish; idiosyncratic; strange; grotesque; aberrant; abnormal

**Ex.**: He noted her eccentric appearance.

 $\boldsymbol{eccentricity}$  (Noun): the quality of being unusual and different from other people

**echo (Verb/Noun) :** the reflecting of sound off a wall or inside a confined space so that a noise may appear to be repeated

**eclipse (Noun):** an occasion when the moon passes between the earth and the sun so that you may not see all or part of the sun for a time (solar eclipse) or when the earth passes between the moon and the sun so that you may not see all or part of the moon for a time (lunar eclipse)

**economical (Adjective) :** providing good service or value in relation to the amount of time or money spent; frugal

**economy (Noun) :** the relationship between production, trade and supply of money in a particular country or region

ecstasy (Noun): a feeling or state of very great happiness

 $\textbf{ecstatic (Adjective):} \ \ \text{very happy, excited and enthusiastic; delighted}$ 

edge (Noun): the outside limit of an object, a surface or an area

edify (Verb): improve morally

**effect (Noun) :** a result; a change that somebody or something causes in somebody or something else

**effectively (Adverb) :** in a way that produces a successful result

effeminate (Adjective): girlish; weak

efficacious (Adjective): producing desired effect

Ex.: This treatment was efficacious in some cases.

**effigy (Noun):** a statue of a famous person, saint or god; a model of a person that makes him look ugly

**Ex.**: The demonstrators burned an effigy of the president.

elaborated (Adjective): very complicated and detailed

**elastic (Adjective) :** able to stretch and then return to its original size and shape

elegant (Adjective): graceful; tasteful; refined

Elicit (Verb): bring out; extract

elope (Verb): run away secretly with one's lover

 $\mbox{\bf eloquent}$  (  $\mbox{\bf Adjective}$  ): able to use language and express your opinions

well, especially when you are speaking in public

elude (Verb) : escape

emanate (Verb): originate from where it starts

**emancipate (Verb):** set free; to free somebody from legal, political or social restrictions

**embarrass (Verb) :** to make somebody feel shy, awkward or ashamed, epecially in a social situation

embarrassed (Adjective): feeling shy or ashamed or awkward

embarrassment (Noun): a feeling of shyness

embellish (Verb): beautify; adorn

embrace (Verb): to hug; to accept an idea or a proposal

eminent (Adjective): famous and respected; unusual; excellent

emit (Verb): to send out something; discharge

**Ex.**: Sulphur gas was emitted by the volcano.

emotion (Noun): a strong feeling such as love, fear or anger

**empirical (Adjective) :** experimental; pragmatic

 ${\bf Ex.}$ : They provided considerable empirical evidence to support their argument.

 $\boldsymbol{emulate}$  ( $\boldsymbol{Verb})$  : to match or surpass, typically by imitation; imitate; simulate

encamp (Verb): to set a camp to live, as if in a tent

 $\boldsymbol{enchanter}$  (Noun): a person who has magic powers that he uses to control people

**encircle (Verb) :** to surround somebody or something completely in a circular shape or movement

**encounter (Verb) :** to meet somebody, or discover or experience something; come across.

encourage (Verb): to give support, courage or hope

**endanger (Verb) :** to put somebody or something in a situation in which he or it could be harmed or damaged

**endurance (Noun) :** perseverance

energetic (Adjective): having a lot of energy and enthusiasm

enforce (Verb): to make sure that people obey a particular rule or law

engross (Verb): to give all your attention and time

**engrossing (Adjective):** being so much interested in something that you pay no attention to any other thing

**enigma (Noun) :** a person, thing or situation that is mysterious and difficult to understand; puzzle; mystery

 $\mbox{\bf enjoy}$  (Verb) : to get pleasure from something

enlarge (Verb): to make something bigger

enliven (Verb): to make something more intersting

enormous (Adjective): huge; immense

**enriching (Adjective):** improving the quality of something by adding something to it

**enterprising (Adjective)**: having or showing the ability to think of new projects or new ways of doing things and make them successful.

**enthusiastic (Adjective) :** feeling or showing a lot of excitement and interest about somebody or something

enumerate (Verb) : specify; count
enunciate (Verb) : state definitely

**envious (Adjective) :** wanting to be in the some position as somebody else

envisage (Verb) : visualize; imagine

**Ex.**: The idea was envisaged which later grew into an empire.

envy (Noun): jealousy

ephemeral (Adjective): evanescent; transient

**Ex.:** The world is ephemeral.

**epidemic (Noun) :** a sudden rapid increase in how often something bad happens

epitome (Noun): embodiment; quintessence; essence

**Ex.:** Kiran Publication is an epitome of success.

**equality (Noun):** the fact of being equal in rights, status, advantages, etc. **equanimity (Noun):** a calm state of mind which means that you do

not become angry or upset in difficult situations

equipment (Noun): things needed for a particular activity

**equivocal (Adjective) :** ambiguous; dubious; evasive; having double meaning

 $\pmb{\text{erroneous}}$   $\pmb{\text{(Adjective)}}$  : not correct ; based on wrong information

erroneously (Adverb): not correctly; wrongly

**erudite (Adjective) :** having or showing great knowledge that is gained from academic study; learned

**espionage (Noun):** the activity of secretly getting important political or military information about another country or of finding another country's secrets by using spies; spying