

Mock Tests for UPSC TOTAL CONTROL TO TOTAL CONTROL OFFICERS/ CENFORCEMENT OFFICERS/ Accounts Officers/

Exam (2020 - 21)

Corporate)ffice

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CONTENTS

UPSC EPFO SOLVED PAPER 2017	2017- 1-18
Practice Set-1	1-16
Practice Set-2	17-30
Practice Set-3	31-48
Practice Set-4	49-62
Practice Set-5	63-78
Practice Set-6	79-94
Practice Set-7	95-110
Practice Set-8	111-126
Practice Set-9	127-142
Practice Set-10	143-158

EBD_8209

Recruitment of Enforcement Officers/Accounts Officers in Employees Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO)

- Which one of the following is the synonym 1. of the word written in capital letters in the sentence, "The FUNDAMENTAL character of an individual defines his entire life"?
 - (a) Productive (b) Essential
 - (c) Successful (d) Effective
- Which one of the following is the synonym of 2. the word written in capital letters in the sentence, "She has the habit of using HACKNEYED and redundant examples from her past even while dealing with the future generation"?
 - (a) Indifferent (b) Imaginative
 - (c) Clichéd (d) Impressive
- Which one of the following is the synonym of 3. the word written in capital letters in the sentence, "She is an IMMACULATE soul whose presence makes all the difference"?
 - (a) Spotless (b) Excited
 - (c) Extraordinary (d) Unparalleled
- 4. Which one of the following is the antonym of the word written in capital letters in the sentence, "There is a great deal of ENMITY"?
 - (a) Amity (b) Cooperation
 - (c) Dispute (d) Hostility
- Which one of the following is the antonym of 5. the word written in capital letters in the sentence, "She was RELUCTANT to sell her car"?
 - (a) Anxious (b) Happy
 - (c) Eager (d) Unwilling
- 6. Which one of the following is the antonym of the word written in capital letters in the sentence, "I cannot comply with the QUEER regulations of your land"?
 - (a) Strange (b) Nimble
 - (c) Everyday (d) Customarv
- Which one of the following parts of the sentence, 7. "As you know that the ignorant are easily duped", has an error?
 - (a) As you know
 - (b) that the ignorant
 - (c) are easily duped
 - (d) No error

- 8. Which one of the following parts of the sentence, "After a lot of argument I brought him forward to my point of view", has an error?
 - (a) After a lot of argument
 - (b) I brought him forward
 - (c) to my point of view
 - (d) No error
- 9. Which one of the following parts of the sentence, "Don't ask him how he is because if he starts talking about his health you'll never get off from him", has an error?
 - (a) Don't ask him how he is because
 - (b) if he starts talking about his health you'll never
 - (c) get off from him
 - (d) No error
- 10. Which one of the following words can be used as a substitute for the phrase, "A nursery where children of working parents are cared for while their parents are at work"?
 - (a) Sculler (b) Crèche
 - (c) Dormitory (d) Refectory
- 11. Which one of the following words can be used as a substitute for the phrase, "That which cannot be taken by force"?
 - (a) Impossible (b) Improbable
 - (c) Impeccable (d) Impregnable
- **12.** Which one of the following is the appropriate question tag in the sentence, "Take a seat, "?
 - (a) shall you?
 - (b) can't you? (c) won't you? (d) would you?
- 13. Which one of the following is the appropriate question tag in the sentence, "Anyone can make mistakes. "?
 - (a) isn't it? (b) shall they?
 - (c) can't they? (d) is it?
- 14. Which one of the following phrasal verbs may be used in the blank space in the sentence, "He is fond of art and seems (suited) to be an artist"?
 - (a) fit out (b) bring out
 - (c) cut out (d) suit out

- **15.** Which one of the following phrasal verbs may be used in the blank space in the sentence, "We were happy in the beginning, but now all the troubles have (appeared)"?
 - (a) cropped up (b) come about
 - (c) come out (d) rushed in
- **16.** Which one of the following phrasal verbs may be used in the blank space in the sentence, "No one knows how it all ______ (happened)"?
 - (a) came across (b) came about
 - (c) came into (d) came forward
- 17. Which one of the following phrasal verbs may be used in the blank space in the sentence, "I have to ______ (finish) this work before I leave tomorrow morning"?
 - (a) clear up (b) clean up
 - (c) finish up (d) do away with
- 18. Which one of the following prepositions may be used in the blank space in the sentence, "He lived a hand ______ mouth existence, surviving on just a few rupees a week"?
 - (a) in (b) to
 - (c) for (d) inside
- **19.** Which one of the following can be used as a substitute for the words written in capital letters in the sentence, "There is no meaning to CRY OVER THE SPILT MILK since the matter is over"?
 - (a) No use of worrying about
 - (b) No use of spilling now
 - (c) No use of celebration
 - (d) No use of asking for
- **20.** Which one of the following can be used as a substitute for the words written in capital letters in the sentence, "Serving the sufferers is true YEOMAN'S SERVICE"?
 - (a) A risky job
 - (b) An amusing job
 - (c) An excellent work
 - (d) An unwanted job
- **21.** Who is the author of the work, The Evolution of Provincial Finance in British India: *A Study in the Provincial Decentralization of Imperial Finance*?
 - (a) Dadabhai Naoroji
 - (b) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
 - (c) M. N. Roy
 - (d) Jawaharlal Nehru

- **22.** In the context of international affairs, which one of the following is correct about Lord Curzon?
 - (a) He advocated a pacifist policy.
 - (b) He wanted to establish a British sphere of influence over the Persian Gulf and Seistan.
 - (c) He wanted England and Russia to become friends against China.
 - (d) He wanted to lead a flag-waving mission to the USA.
- **23.** Which one of the following is correct about Assam in British India?
 - (a) It was a part of the North-East Frontier Agency.
 - (b) It was made a province in 1865.
 - (c) It was separated from Bengal in 1874, and along with Sylhet made into a Chief Commissioner's province.
 - (d) It was a Princely State ruled by Ahom kings.
- 24. What were the peasant associations set up in Kerala in the 1930s called?
 - (a) Kisan Sabha (b) Kirti Kisan
 - (c) Karshaka Sangam (d) Kisan Morcha
- **25.** Why did the Congress declare 9th May to be "Ethiopia Day"?
 - (a) Because the Ethiopians declared their support for the cause of Indian independence from British rule.
 - (b) Because Ethiopia became independent from Britain on that day.
 - (c) Because Ethiopia was attacked by Italy in early 1936 and their resistance was considered freedom struggle.
 - (d) Because Ethiopian leaders denounced Mussolini.
- **26.** Who set up the Bharat Stree Mahamandal which first met in Allahabad in 1910?
 - (a) Annie Besant
 - (b) Meherbai Tata
 - (c) Saraladevi Chaudhurani
 - (d) Tarabai Shinde
- **27.** Which one of the following is *not* a feature of the Non-Cooperation Movement?
 - (a) Economic boycott was intense and successful.
 - (b) The middle class participated in very large numbers in the movement.
 - (c) It was marked by uneven geographical spread and regional variations.
 - (d) Along with Non-Cooperation, other Gandhian social reform movements like the anti-liquor campaign achieved some success.

- **28.** Which one of the following publications was started by Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan in 1928?
 - (a) Pakhtun (b) KhudaiKhidmatgar
 - (c) Young India (d) India Awakens
- **29.** Who among the following was the founder of the Arya Mahila Samaj in the early 1880s?
 - (a) Swami Dayananda Saraswati
 - (b) Swami Vivekananda
 - (c) Pandita Ramabai
 - (d) Ramabai Ranade
- **30.** Who among the following is considered to be the first Indian to go to jail in performance of his duty as a journalist?
 - (a) Mahatma Gandhi
 - (b) Rabindranath Tagore
 - (c) Lokmanya Tilak
 - (d) Surendranath Banerjee
- **31.** Which of the following was/were the reason/ reasons for the lack of economic development in India in the 19th century?
 - 1. Officially the British Government was committed to a policy of laissez-faire, but it was actually a policy of discriminatory intervention.
 - 2. European entrepreneurs had connections to banks and agency houses, while Indians had to rely on kin, family and caste men.
 - 3. When plantations were transferred to individual capitalist ownership, native investors were deliberately ignored.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3
- **32.** Which social reformer's autobiography, entitled *Looking Back*, describes his experiences in setting up schools for women in Poona in the 1890s?
 - (a) Dhondo Keshav Karve
 - (b) K. T. Telang
 - (c) Jyotirao Phule
 - (d) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
- **33.** Who was the first Director General of the Archaeological Survey of India?
 - (a) John Marshall
 - (b) Alexander Cunningham
 - (c) Mortimer Wheeler
 - (d) Francis Buchanan

- **34.** Which of the following works was *not* contributed by the famous social reformer Begum Rokeya?
 - (a) Ardhangi (b) Griha
 - (c) Mother India (d) Sultana's Dream
- **35.** Which one of the following is *not* a characteristic of the Mughal chronicles?
 - (a) They present a continuous chronological record of events.
 - (b) They were a repository of factual information about the Mughals.
 - (c) They allow us to understand how imperial ideologies were created and disseminated.
 - (d) They contain brief biographies of the authors of the chronicles.
- **36.** Which one of the following statements regarding an Overseas Citizen of India (OCI) is *not* correct?
 - (a) An OCI is a citizen of another country.
 - (b) An OCI possesses multiple-entry long-term visa for visiting India.
 - (c) An OCI is at par with NRIs in all matters.
 - (d) An OCI is not entitled to the fundamental right to equality of opportunity in public employment.
- **37.** Which one of the following is *not* a feature of the Aadhaar (Targeted Delivery of Financial and other Subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016?
 - (a) Only citizens of India are entitled for enrolment under this Act.
 - (b) Both demographic and biometric information is to be submitted for enrolment.
 - (c) The Unique Identification Authority of India is responsible for enrolment and authentication under this Act.
 - (d) It is the responsibility of the Unique Identification Authority to ensure the security of identity of individuals.
- **38.** Forced labour or beggar is a violation of which one of the following Articles of the Constitution of India?
 - (a) Article 16 (b) Article 17
 - (c) Article 19 (d) Article 23
- **39.** Which one of the following statements regarding the Constituent Assembly of India is *not* correct?
 - (a) The Constituent Assembly was composed of members who had been elected indirectly by the Members of the Provincial Legislative Assembly.
 - (b) The Constituent Assembly held its first sitting on 9th December, 1946.

- (c) The seats in each province were distributed among the three main communities— Muslim, Sikh and General, in proportion to their respective populations.
- (d) The method of selection in the case of representatives of Indian States was to be determined by the Governor-General of India.
- **40.** Which one of the following is *not* a constitutional body?
 - (a) The Election Commission of India
 - (b) The Finance Commission
 - (c) The Official Languages Commission
 - (d) The National Commission for Women
- **41.** Which one of the following is *not* a feature of monopolistic competition?
 - (a) Large number of buyers and sellers in the market
 - (b) Differentiated products constitute the market
 - (c) Product in the market is homogeneous
 - (d) Selling costs are used for sale promotion
- 42. Social cost is higher than economic cost because(a) society is bigger than economy
 - (b) society includes polity, while economy does not include it
 - (c) cost borne by bystanders is positive
 - (d) society includes both consumers and producers
- **43.** Cess on coal at ₹100 per ton is a type of
 - (a) carbon tax
 - (b) carbon subsidy
 - (c) carbon incentive for technology
 - (d) carbon incentive for selling carbon permit
- **44.** Core inflation is different from headline inflation because the former
 - (a) ignores articles of volatile nature in the price index
 - (b) considers articles of volatile nature in the price index
 - (c) is not based on commodity price index
 - (d) considers only core items of consumption in the price index
- **45.** Who among the following is the author of the book, *Choice of Techniques*?
 - (a) A. K. Sen
 - (b) K. N. Raj
 - (c) V. K. R. V. Rao
 - (d) Sukhamoy Chakravarty
- **46.** Which one of the following bodies has formulated the 'National Student Startup Policy', launched by the President of India in November 2016?
 - (a) UGC (b) NCERT
 - (c) AIU (d) AICTE

- **47.** Who among the following was the Chairman of the Working Group for determining the methodology for construction of Producer Price Index (PPI) in India (2014)?
 - (a) Saumitra Chaudhury
 - (b) D. V. Subbarao
 - (c) Abhijit Sen
 - (d) B. N. Goldar
- **48.** Which one of the following schemes is aimed at all-round development of adolescent girls in the age group of 11-18 years and making them self-reliant?
 - (a) RGSEAG (b) IGMSY
 - (c) NMEW (d) RMK
- **49.** Panchayats (Extension to the Scheduled Areas) Act, 1996 permits self-governance of natural resources by
 - (a) Gram Sabha

3

- (b) Gram Panchayat
- (c) The Chairman of Gram Panchayat
- (d) Forest dwellers of a village situated in the areas mentioned in the Fifth Schedule of the Constitution of India
- **50.** Which one of the following countries is *not* a member of WTO?
 - (a) Japan (b) China
 - (c) Iran (d) Russia
- **51.** A StandUp enterprise can be established in
 - 1. farming sector 2. manufacturing sector
 - 3. service sector 4. trading sector

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2 and 4 (b) 1, 3 and 4
- (c) 1, 2 and 3 (d) 2, 3 and 4
- **52.** Who among the following were conferred with Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award for the year 2016?
 - 1. Jitu Rai 2. Dipa Karmakar
 - P. V. Sindhu 4. Sakshi Malik

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 2 and 3 only (b) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 1 and 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- **53.** ISRO in August 2016 successfully test launched Supersonic Combustion Ramjet (Scramjet) Engine. Which of the following statements with regard to Scramjet Engine is/are correct?
 - 1. It can efficiently operate both in subsonic and supersonic combustor modes.

2. India is the first country to demonstrate the flight testing of a Scramjet Engine.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

54. Startup Hubs are agreed to be set up in

- 1. IIITs 2. IISERs
- 3. NITs 4. Central Universities Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1, 2 and 3 (b) 1 and 4 only
- (c) 3 and 4 only (d) 1, 3 and 4
- 55. StandUp India Programme envisages each bank branch to give loan between ₹10 lakh to ₹100 lakh
 - 1. to at least one SC/ST borrower
 - 2. to at least one woman borrower
 - 3. to at least one rural unemployed youth borrower

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 (c) 1 and 3 (d) 1 and 2
- **56.** In case of gold, revenue is recognized in the accounting period in which the gold is
 - (a) delivered
 - (b) sold
 - (c) mined
 - (d) identified to be mined
- **57.** As per the traditional approach, the expense to be matched with revenue is based on
 - (a) original cost (b) opportunity cost
 - (c) replacement cost (d) cash cost
- 58. Preliminary expenses are the examples of
 - (a) capital expenditure
 - (b) capital gain
 - (c) deferred revenue expenditure
 - (d) revenue expenditure/expense
- **59.** Depreciation of fixed assets is an example of
 - (a) deferred revenue expenditure
 - (b) capital expenditure
 - (c) capital gain
 - (d) revenue expenditure/expense
- **60.** In the context of accounting, the term IFRS stands for
 - (a) International Financial Reporting Standards
 - (b) Indian Financial Reporting Standards
 - (c) Indian Financial Reporting System
 - (d) International Financial Reporting System

- 61. From the information given below, calculate the sum insurable: Date of fire—01.03.2016 Turnover from 01.03.2015 to 29.02.2016— ₹88,00,000 Agreed GP ratio—20% Special circumstances clause provided for the increase of turnover by 10%
 (a) ₹19,36,000 (b) ₹48,40,000
 - (c) $\gtrless 10,32,000$ (d) $\gtrless 24,20,000$
- 62. Income and Expenditure Account is
 - (a) Real Account (b) Personal Account
 - (c) Nominal Account (d) Capital Account
- **63.** Legacies are generally
 - (a) capitalized and taken to Balance Sheet
 - (b) treated as income
 - (c) treated as expenditure
 - (d) capitalized and taken to Suspense Account
- 64. The abnormal loss on consignment is credited to
 - (a) Profit and Loss Account
 - (b) Consignee's Account
 - (c) Consignment Account
 - (d) Income and Expenditure Account
- **65.** When goods are purchased for the Joint Venture, the amount is debited to
 - (a) Purchase Account
 - (b) Joint Venture Account
 - (c) Venturer's Capital Account
 - (d) Profit and Loss Account
- 66. Consider the following information: Rate of gross profit—25% on cost of goods sold Sales—₹20,00,000

Which one of the following is the amount of gross profit?

- (a) ₹5,00,000 (b) ₹6,25,000
- (c) ₹3,75,000 (d) ₹4,00,000
- 67. Branch Account under Debtors System is
 - (a) Real Account (b) Personal Account
 - (c) Nominal Account (d) Liability Account
- **68.** The cost of electric power should be apportioned over different departments according to
 - (a) horsepower of motors
 - (b) number of light points
 - (c) horsepower multiplied by machine hours
 - (d) machine hours
- **69.** Under which Schedule of the Companies Act, 2013, the formats of financial statements are prescribed?
 - (a) Schedule I (b) Schedule II
 - (c) Schedule III (d) Schedule IV

- **70.** In the absence of any provision in the partnership agreement, profits and losses are shared by the partners
 - (a) in the ratio of the capital of partners
 - (b) equally
 - (c) in the ratio of loans given by them to the partnership firm
 - (d) in the ratio of the initial capital introduced by the partners
- **71.** Works Committee, Safety Committee and Canteen Management Committee are the examples of
 - (a) workers' participation in management
 - (b) workers' education schemes
 - (c) workers' cooperatives
 - (d) workers' suggestion schemes
- **72.** Which one of the following is *not* part of the aims and purposes of the ILO as per Philadelphia Declaration?
 - (a) Labour is not a commodity.
 - (b) Freedom of expression and of association are essential to sustained progress.
 - (c) Poverty anywhere constitutes danger to prosperity everywhere.
 - (d) The war against want requires to be carried on with unrelenting vigour within each nation and is solely the responsibility of the government.
- **73.** Which one of the following is an exception from the five functional types of unionism identified by Robert Hoxie?
 - (a) Business Unionism
 - (b) Predatory Unionism
 - (c) Revolutionary Unionism
 - (d) Evolutionary Unionism
- 74. Which one of the following is the process in which representatives of workmen and employer involved in an industrial dispute are brought together before a third person or group of persons who facilitates/facilitate through mediation to reach a mutually satisfactory agreement?
 - (a) Arbitration
 - (b) Adjudication
 - (c) Conciliation
 - (d) Collective negotiation
- **75.** Questions relating to the application or interpretation of a standing order certified under the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 may be referred to

- (a) Industrial Tribunal
- (b) Labour Commissioner
- (c) Labour Court
- (d) Industrial Employment Court
- **76.** A union whose membership may cover workers employed in many industries, employment and crafts is known as
 - (a) industrial union
 - (b) general union
 - (c) craft union
 - (d) region-cum-industry level union
- 77. Which one of the following perspectives of industrial relations is based on the assumption that both the parties strive (and have opportunity) to exercise economic (wages and benefits) as well as political (control) power?
 - (a) Pluralistic perspective
 - (b) Unitary perspective
 - (c) Radical perspective
 - (d) Trusteeship perspective
- **78.** The provision of workers' participation in management of industries is provided under
 - (a) Article 39A of the Constitution of India
 - (b) Article 43A of the Constitution of India
 - (c) Article 42 of the Constitution of India
 - (d) Article 43B of the Constitution of India
- **79.** Which one of the following is *not* a trade union security measure?
 - (a) Closed shop system
 - (b) Agency shop system
 - (c) Open shop system
 - (d) Union shop system
- **80.** Which one of the following is statutory machinery functioning at the central level?
 - (a) Central Implementation and Evaluation Committee
 - (b) Central Board for Workers' Education
 - (c) Standing Labour Committee
 - (d) Employee's State Insurance Corporation
- **81.** Which one of the following explains the 'citizen concept' of labour?
 - (a) Labour is largely regarded by the employers as operating organizations in industry.
 - (b) Labour is affected by the law of demand and supply.
 - (c) Labour has a right to be consulted in regard to the terms and conditions under which they are supposed to work.
 - (d) Labour is a cog in the machine.

- **82.** Who among the following can be appointed as the Chairman of the Central Advisory Board constituted by the Central Government under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948?
 - (a) One of the independent members of the Board
 - (b) One of the employers' representatives of the Board
 - (c) One of the employees' representatives of the Board
 - (d) A functionary of the Central Government nominated by the Government
- **83.** Which one of the following comes under the 'State List' under the Seventh Schedule of the Constitution of India?
 - (a) Relief of the disabled and unemployable
 - (b) Regulation of labour and safety in mines
 - (c) Regulation and control of manufacture, supply and distribution of salt
 - (d) Social security and social insurance
- **84.** The assumption that "man is selfish and selfcentered, and always tries to achieve his own ends even at the cost of others" explains which theory of labour welfare?
 - (a) Placating theory
 - (b) Police theory
 - (c) Religious theory
 - (d) Philanthropic theory
- **85.** Dr. Aykroyd's formula is associated with determination of
 - (a) fair wage (b) minimum wage
 - (c) living wage (d) real wage
- **86.** "Everyone as a member of the society has the right to social security, and is entitled to realization through national efforts and international cooperation and in accordance with the organization and resources of each state of economic, social and cultural rights indispensable for his dignity and free development of his personality." This statement which is emphasizing the importance of social security has been expressed in which of the following?
 - (a) Universal Declaration of Human Rights
 - (b) Philadelphia Declaration of the ILO
 - (c) Report of the First National Commission on Labour
 - (d) Directive Principles of State Policy of the Indian Constitution

- **87.** For the first time in India, medical benefit as a non-cash benefit was provided under
 - (a) the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948
 - (b) the Factories Act, 1948
 - (c) the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
 - (d) the Mines Act, 1952
- **88.** Which one of the following is the correct set of contingencies identified by William Beveridge in his comprehensive social security scheme?
 - (a) Want, disease, ignorance, squalor and idleness
 - (b) Want, sickness, disability, squalor and idleness
 - (c) Want, disease, old age, squalor and unemployment
 - (d) Disease, invalidity, old age, unemployment and ignorance
- **89.** Which one of the following statements is *not* correct for Atal Pension Yojana?
 - (a) There is guaranteed minimum monthly pension for the subscribers ranging between ₹1,000 and ₹5,000 per month.
 - (b) The benefit of minimum pension would be guaranteed by the Government of India.
 - (c) Government of India co-contributes 50% of the subscriber's contribution or ₹1,000 per annum, whichever is lower.
 - (d) It is applicable to all citizens of India aged above 40 years.
- **90.** Which one of the following is the amount of annual premium of the Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana (PMSBY) for accident and disability cover up to ₹2,00,000?
 - (a) ₹100(b) ₹50(c) ₹20(d) ₹12

DIRECTIONS (Qs 91-92): Items consist of two statements, Statement I and Statement II. Examine these two statements carefully and select the correct answer using the code given below.

Code:

- (a) Both the statements are individually true and Statement II is the correct explanation of Statement I
- (b) Both the statements are individually true but Statement II is *not* the correct explanation of Statement I
- (c) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
- (d) Statement I is false but Statement II is true

91. Statement I:

The force on Moon due to Earth is the action, while the force on Earth due to Moon is the reaction

Statement II:

To every action, there is an equal and opposite reaction.

92. Statement I:

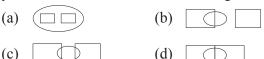
It is a common observation that if we place a glass of ice-water on a table at room temperature, the ice-water will get warmer.

Statement II:

Heat is energy that flows between a system and its environment because of temperature difference between them.

- 93. Which one of the following materials is *not* diamagnetic at Standard Temperature and Pressure (STP)?
 - (a) Nitrogen
 - (b) Sodium chloride
- (c) Water (d) Iron 94. Which one of the following gases has the highest
 - solubility in water?
 - (a) Chlorine (b) Ammonia
 - (c) Carbon dioxide (d) Nitrogen
- **95.** Bleaching powder contains
 - (a) nitrogen (b) iodine
 - (c) chlorine (d) bromine
- **96.** What is the causal agent of Chikungunya?
 - (a) Non-chlorophyllous bacterium
 - (b) Nematode
 - (c) Virus
 - (d) Fungus
- 97. Bio-remediation is a technology which is being extensively utilized in controlling
 - (a) global warming
 - (b) melting of glaciers
 - (c) ozone depletion
 - (d) heavy metal pollutions
- **98.** Beauty of some historical monuments is greatly affected by the growth of certain living organisms. These living organisms belong to which one of the following groups?
 - (a) Amphibious plants (b) Lichens
 - (d) Viruses (c) Bacteria
- 99. Which one of the following has the characteristics of both an animal as well as a plant?
 - (a) Fern (b) Moss
 - (d) Euglena (c) Earthworm
- **100.** In order to save the stored food grains from insects, farmers usually mix with them
 - (a) Neem leaves (b) Mango leaves
 - (c) Peepal leaves (d) Orange leaves

- **101.** CD-ROM is a
 - (a) secondary memory (b) magnetic memory
 - (c) memory register (d) semiconductor memory
- 102. WAP stands for
 - (a) Wireless Addition Protocol
 - (b) Wireless Automation Protocol
 - (c) Wireless Adaption Protocol
 - (d) Wireless Application Protocol
- **103.** Bluetooth technology allows
 - (a) sending of files within the range of 10 km
 - (b) sending an e-mail
 - (c) wireless connection between various devices/ equipments over short distances
 - (d) downloading of movies from Internet
- **104.** Which one among the following is *not* a basic
 - function of a computer?
 - (a) Accept and process data
 - (b) Store data
 - (c) Scan text
 - (d) Accept input
- **105.** Which one of the following is hardware?
 - (a) Power point (b) Control unit
 - (c) Printer driver (d) Operating system
- 106. Two vehicles which are 100 km apart are running towards each other in a straight line. In how much time will they meet each other provided they follow a uniform speed of 45 km per hour and 80 km per hour respectively?
 - (a) 60 minutes (b) 55 minutes
 - (c) 48 minutes (d) 45 minutes
- **107.** The price of an article is increased by 20%. Further, there is a tax of 5% on the increment. If the article costs ₹1,331 to the customer, then what was the price of the article before the increase in price?
 - (a) ₹1,000 (b) ₹1,064
 - (c) ₹1,100 (d) ₹1,200
- 108. A cricket bat is purchased at 20% discount. If the selling price of the bat is ₹1,000. What was the original price of the bat?
 - (a) ₹1.100 (b) ₹1.200
 - (c) ₹1,225 (d) ₹1,250
- **109.** Which one of the following diagrams is most appropriate to the statement, "Tea-producing places are either in Assam or in Bengal"?





110. Suppose, the remainder obtained while dividing x by 61 is 2. What is the remainder obtained while dividing x^7 by 61?

	•	•		
(a)	2		(b)	4
(c)	5		(d)	6

111. What is the maximal number of spherical balls of radius 1 cm each that can be placed inside a cubical box of height 10 cm?

(a)	25	(b)	125
-----	----	-----	-----

- (c) 250 (d) 1000
- **112.** In a city, 80% population eat rice and 90% of the rice eaters are non-vegetarians. Then what percent of the population are vegetarian rice eaters?
 - (a) 7.2 (b) 8 (c) 9 (d) 10
- 113. Two vehicles A and B travel with uniform speed 30 km per hour and 60 km per hour respectively in the same direction. They start at the same time and from the same place for a distance of 120 km. The faster vehicle B reaches the destination and travels back with the same speed. Assume that the loss of time to change the direction is negligible. If x is the distance travelled by the slower vehicle A before the two vehicles cross each other, then x is
 - (a) 70 km (b) 75 km

(c) 80 km (d) 90 km

114. The price of a bottle of cold drink is ₹10. One bottle of cold drink can also be bought by returning 10 empty bottles. A person has ₹1,000 and 19 empty bottles. Assuming that the person can consume any number of bottles he buys, what will be the number of empty bottles he possesses at the end if he buys maximum number of bottles of cold drink and consumes all?

(a)	0	(b)	1
(c)	2	(d)	3

115. If the radius of the new spherical container is double the radius of the old spherical container, then the ratio of the volume of the new container and the volume of the old container is

(a)	2:1	(b)	4:1
(c)	8:1	(d)	2π : 1

- **116.** A container is filled with 300 litres of hydrogen gas. The first day it loses 100 litres of hydrogen gas and everyday it loses one-third of the volume it lost in the previous day. Then the container
 - (a) loses entire hydrogen gas in 3 days
 - (b) loses entire hydrogen gas in 10 days
 - (c) loses 150 litres of hydrogen gas in 10 days
 - (d) possesses at least 150 litres of hydrogen gas on 100th day
- **117.** The area of the smallest circle which contains a square of area 4 cm^2 inside is
 - (a) $\pi \text{ cm}^2$ (b) $2\pi \text{ cm}^2$
 - (c) $3\pi \text{ cm}^2$ (d) $4\pi \text{ cm}^2$
- **118.** Consider the following figure:

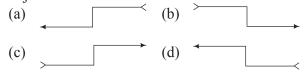
Object

 \succ



Mirror (Plane)

Which one of the following is the image of the object in the mirror?



- 119. Three persons *A*, *B* and *C* run a business together and their shares are 17%, 37% and 46% respectively. Any profit they earn is distributed according to the proportion of their shares. If the difference of the profits of *B* and *A* on a given date is ₹1,000. What is the profit of *C* on that day?
 - (a) ₹2,300 (b) ₹2,350
 - (c) ₹2,450 (d) ₹4,600
- **120.** The circumference of a circle is 2π cm. Then the area of a square inscribed in the circle is
 - (a) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ cm² (b) 1 cm²
 - (c) $2\pi \text{ cm}^2$ (d) 2 cm^2

2017-**10**

Hints & Explanations

- 1. (b) The word 'fundamental' means forming a necessary base or core; of central importance; essential.
- 2. (c) The words 'hackneyed and clichéd means (of a phrase or idea) having been overused; unoriginal and trite.
- Hence, both the words are similar in meaning. **3.** (a) The word 'immaculate' means perfectly clean, neat, or tidy. Hence, the word spotless is the right

synonym.

 (a) The word 'enmity' means a state or feeling of active opposition or hostility. And the word 'amity' means friendly relations.

Hence, the words 'enmity' and 'amity' are antonym of each other.

5. (c) The word 'reluctant' means unwilling and hesitant; disinclined.

Anxious means "worried or uneasy." It's often confused with the word **eager**, which means "full of keen desire." To some, **anxious** has more of a negative connotation than **eager**.

Hence, in the given sentence 'eager' is the most appropriate word.

6. (d) The word 'queer' means something or someone strange.

The word customary means established by or based on custom rather than common law or statute. The word 'nimble' is used for showing slow movement.

Hence, the word customary is the most suitable antonym of 'queer'.

- 7. (b) The correct sentence should be "as you know the ignorant are easily duped."
- 8. (a) The word 'argument' should be replaced with 'arguments'
- 9. (c) Use of 'from' is not the correct usage in the (c) option.
- 10. (b) The word crèche is a nursery where babies and young children are cared for during the working day.

Scullery-a small kitchen or room at the back of a house used for washing dishes and other dirty household work.

Refectory-a room used for communal meals in an educational or religious institution. **Dormitory**-a large bedroom for a number of people in a school or institution.

11. (d) Impregnable-unable to be defeated or overcome.

Impeccable-in accordance with the highest standards; faultless.

- **12. (c)** "Take a seat" is a polite invitation Hence, won't you? Is the correct question tag.
- **13. (c)** The sentence is beginning with an indefinite pronoun (anyone), in this case subject 'they' is used in question tag. Hence, the right answer is (can't they?).
- 14. (b) Fit out-to supply with necessaries or means Bring out- to make apparent, to effectively develop (something, such as a quality) Cut out- something cut out or off from something else Suit out- it is used for dressing /wearing Hence, the phrasal verb 'bring out' is the most appropriate usage.
- 15. (a) The phrasal verb 'crop up' means to appear or happen, usually unexpectedly. Come about-to ask how or when something happened

Come out-1a: to come into public view: make a public appearance a new magazine has come **out**.

Rushed in-1. To enter some place hurriedly or quickly: I **rushed** in the house to pick up my wallet. 2. To cause someone to enter some place in a hurry

16. (b) Come about-to ask how or when something happened

Came across- to find something or meet someone by chance

Came into- if you come **into** something, it becomes yours when someone dies.

Came forward- come **forward** (with something) to bring something, such as information, to someone's attention. Mohan **came forward** with a new idea. I hope you each can come **forward** with something useful.

- 17. (d) Finish up- If you finish up in a particular place or situation, you are in that place or situation after doing or experiencing several things. They had met by chance at university and finished up getting married. Clear up- (of an illness or other medical condition) becomes cured. Clean up- makes a substantial gain or profit. Do away with- put an end to; remove.
- **18.** (b) Correct usage is 'hand to mouth existence'
- **19. (a)** The idiom 'cry over the spilt milk' means useless worry/no use of worrying about
- **20.** (c) The idiom/phrase "Yeoman's service" means a great work/an excellent work
- 21. (b) The Evolution Of Provincial Finance In British India: A Study In The Provincial Decentralization Of Imperial Finance is a book written by Dr. B. R. Ambedkar.
- 22. (b) During his official tenure as Viceroy of India, Lord Curzon paid special attention to Persian Gulf. He encouraged British-India trade with Persia. He started the Quetta-Seistan trade route and appointed officials as Resident to watch British interests in Persia. Through these initiatives he wanted to establish a British sphere of influence over the Persian Gulf and Seistan.
- 23. (c) The Assam was first separated from Bengal in 1874. On 6 February 1874 Assam, including Sylhet, was separated from Bengal to form the Assam Chief-Commissionership, also known as the 'North-East Frontier'. It was incorporated into the new province of Eastern Bengal and Assam in 1905 and re-established as a province in 1912.
- 24. (c) Karshaka Sangams were the peasant associations in Kerala. These associations especially in Malabar region helped in growth of powerful peasant movement.
- **25.** (c) The congress decided to support Ethiopian people's struggle against attack by Italy and considered this struggle to be freedom struggle and a part of all exploited people's struggle for freedom. The Congress also declared to celebrate 9th May as Ethiopia Day to support their freedom struggle.
- 26. (c) The Bharat Stree Mahamandal was set up by Saraladevi Chaudhurani in Allahabad in 1910. This was the first women's

organisation in India. The main goals of the organization were towards empowering women and promote female education.

- 27. (b) In non-cooperation movement it was mainly peasants and lower middle class that participated in very large numbers.
- **28.** (a) Pakhtun- a Pashto-language monthly political journal was started by Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan in 1928.
- **29.** (c) Pandita Ramabai was the founder of Arya Mahila Samaj. The samaj was founded for women empowerment and to promote the cause of women's education and deliverance from the oppression of child marriage.
- **30. (d)** Surendranath Banerjee was the first Indian to go to jail in performance of his duty as a journalist. He was sentenced two months imprisonment for contempt of court.
- **31.** (d) All the three options of discriminatory intervention, no connection of Indian Businessmen with banks, and deliberate ignoring of native investors were the reasons for lack of economic development in India in the 19th century.
- **32. (a)** Looking Back is the autobiography of Indian Social reformer Maharshi Dhondo Keshav Karve.
- **33. (b)** Alexander Cunningham was the first Director-General of Archaeological Survey of India. He founded the Archaeological Survey of India (ASI) in 1861. ASI is responsible for archaeological research and the conservation and preservation of cultural monuments in the country.
- 34. (c) Ardhangi, Griha, and Sultana's Dream-all contributed by Social reformer, Pioneer of women's liberation and Bengali author Begum Rokeya. Mother India is written by American historian Katherine Mayo.
- **35.** (d) Containing the brief biographies of the authors of the chronicles was not the characteristics of Mughal chronicles.
- **36.** (a) An Overseas Citizen of India (OCI) is not at par with Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) in all matters. Like NRIs have voting rights in India but OCI have not this right.
- **37. (a)** Only citizens of India are entitled for enrolment under this Act-is not a feature of the Aadhaar Act.

- **38.** (d) Article-23 of the Indian Constitution deals with the prohibition of traffic in human beings and forced labour. The article provides one of the fundamental rights given to Indian Citizens through the Constitution.
- **39.** (d) The Constituent Assembly set up a Committee to confer with the Negotiating Committee of the Chamber of Princes and with other representatives of Indian States for the purpose of fixing the distribution of seats and the method by which the representatives of the Princely States should be returned to the Constituent Assembly and hence the method of selection in the case of representatives of Indian states was not determined by the Governor-General of India.
- 40. (d) The Election Commission of India, The Finance Commission and the Official Languages Commission –all three are constitutional bodies. These all constituted by the President of India in pursuance to the provisions stated in the Indian Constitution The National Commission for Women (NCW) is the statutory body of the Government of India.
- **41. (c)** In monopolistic competition product in the market is heterogeneous and not homogeneous.
- **42.** (c) Social cost is higher than the economic cost due to cost borne by bystanders being positive.
- 43. (a) Cess on coal at 100 per ton is a type of Carbon tax. A carbon tax is a tax levied on the carbon content of fuels and is a form of carbon pricing.
- **44. (a)** Core inflation is different from headline inflation because the core inflation ignores articles of volatile nature in the price index.
- **45. (a)** The book 'Choice of techniques' is written by Amartya Kumar Sen. The book deals with the aspect related to the theory of planned economic development .
- 46. (d) All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE) formulated the National Student Startup Policy. The aim of this policy is to create 100,000 technology based student start-ups and a million employment opportunities within the next 10 years.
- **47.** (d) Professor B. N. Goldar was the Chairman of the Working Group set up by the Government

of India in August 2014 to suggest the methodology for introducing Producer Price Index (PPI) in India.

- **49.** (a) Under PESA Act,1996 the self governance of natural resources is provided to Gram Sabha.
- **50.** (c) Iran is not a member of World Trade Organisation. The World Trade Organization (WTO) deals with the global rules of trade between nations.
- **51.** (d) A StandUp enterprise can be established in all three sectors-manufacturing sector, service sector and trading sector. The StandUp enterprise cannot be established in the farming sector.
- 52. (d) The Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award for 2016 conferred to PV Sindhu (Badminton), Deepa Karmakar (Gymnastics), Jitu Rai (Shooting) and Sakshi Malik (Wresting).
- **53.** (a) A scramjet engine is an improvement over the ramjet engine as it efficiently operates at hypersonic speeds and allows supersonic combustion. A dual mode ramjet is a type of jet engine where a ramjet transforms into scramjet over Mach 4-8 range and can efficiently operate both in subsonic and supersonic combustor modes.
- 54. (a) The Ministry of Human Resource Development and the Department of Science and Technology have agreed to partner in an initiative to set up startup support hubs in the Indian Institutes of Information Technology (IIITs), the Indian Institutes of Science Education and Research (IISERs), the National Institutes of Technology (NITs),and National Institutes of Pharmaceutical Education and Research (NIPERs).
- **55.** (d) The Stand-Up India scheme facilitates bank loans between 10 lakh and 100 lakhs to at least one Scheduled Caste (SC) or Scheduled Tribe (ST) borrower and at least one woman borrower per bank branch for setting up a greenfield enterprise. This enterprise may be in manufacturing, services or the trading sector.
- **56.** (c) In case of gold, the revenue is recognised in the accounting period in which gold is mined and not in the period in which it is sold.

- **57.** (a) As per the traditional approach based on matching concept, the expense to be matched with revenue is based on the original cost.
- 58. (a) Preliminary expenses are those expenses which are incurred before the incorporation and commencement of the business. These expenses are the examples of deferred revenue expenditure.
- **59. (d)** Depreciation of fixed assets is an example of revenue expenditure /expense. Some examples of depreciable fixed assets are buildings, machinery, and office equipment.
- **60. (a)** The Term IFRS stands for International Financial Reporting Standards. International Financial Reporting Standard set common rules with objective that financial statements can be consistent, transparent and comparable throughout the globe. *IFRS* are issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.
- 61. (a) For calculation of Sum Insurable Turnover = 8800000Agreed G P ratio= 20% 8800000 + 20% = 1,76,000For increase of turnover by 10% clause-1, 76,000 X 10% = 17600 Hence total Sum Insurable = 1, 76,000+ 17,600 = 19, 36,000
- **62.** (c) Income and Expenditure account comes under nominal account. A nominal account is an account in which accounting transactions are stored for one fiscal year. These accounts are related and associated to losses, expenses, income or gains.
- **63.** (a) Legacies are amounts which a Not For Profit Organization receives as per will of deceased person/s. It is shown on the debit side of receipts and payments account. It is capitalized being an item of non-recurring nature and shown on the liabilities side of the Balance Sheet.
- 64. (c) Consignment accounting refers to an arrangement whereby goods are sent by the consignor to an agent (consignee) who holds and sells the goods on behalf of the owner for a commission. Abnormal loss is calculated just like the unsold stock on consignment and credited to consignment account.

- **65.** (b) When goods are purchased for the joint venture the amount is debited to the joint venture account.
- 66. (d) Since, Gross Profit= 25% of Sales Therefore, Cost Value = $20,00,000 \times 100/125$ = 16,00,000Gross Profit = Sales - Cost Value = 20,00,000-16,00,000= 4,00,000
- 67. (c) A nominal account is an account in which accounting transactions are stored for one fiscal year. These accounts are related and associated to losses, expenses, income or gains. Under debtor system of accounting a branch account is opened for each branch in the head office ledger. The Branch Account is prepared in such a way that it discloses the profit or loss of the branch. Branch Account is a nominal account in nature.
- **68.** (c) A cost apportionment base is the basis used by a business to apportion its overhead costs. The base used should be appropriate for the overhead cost to ensure that the cost is fairly apportioned between cost centres. In the case of cost of electric power, it should be apportioned over different departments according to horsepower multiplied by machine hours.
- **69.** (c) The Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 provides general instructions for preparation of the balance sheet and the formats of financial statements of a company
- **70. (b)** In the absence of any provision in the partnership agreement, profits and losses are shared by the partners equally.
- 71. (a) The concept of Workers' Participation in Management refers to participation of non-managerial employees in the decisionmaking process of the organization. The Works Committee, Safety Committee and Canteen Management Committee are examples of this participation.
- 72. (d) One of the many aims and purposes of the ILO as per Philadelphia Declaration states that, "war against want requires to be carried on with unrelenting vigour within each nation, and by continuous and concerted international effort in which the representatives of workers and employers, enjoying equal status with those of governments, join with them in free

2017-**14**

discussion and democratic decision with a view to the promotion of the common welfare".

- 73. (d) Types of unionism identified by Robert Hoxie includes business unionism, revolutionary unionism, friendly or uplift unionism, predatory unionism. It does not include evolutionary unionism.
- 74. (c) The Trade Disputes Amendment Act provides for the appointment of conciliation officers charged with the duty of mediating in or promoting the settlement of trade disputes. Besides extending the term "trade disputes" to cover differences between the employers and employers or between workmen and workmen.
- **75.** (c) Questions relating to the application or interpretation of a standing order certified under the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946, may be referred to any Labour Court constituted under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 by any employer or workman or a trade union or other representative body of the workmen.
- **76.** (b) A general union is a trade union whose membership represents workers from all industries and companies and not just from one organisation or a particular industry or employment.
- 77. (a) It is the Pluralistic perspectives of the industrial relation that is based on the assumption that both the parties strive (and have opportunity) to exercise economic (wages and benefits) as well as political (control) power.
- 78. (b) Under Article 43-A of the Constitution of India, the State shall take steps, by suitable legislation or in any other way, to secure the participation of workers in the management of undertakings, establishments or other organisations engaged in any industry.
- **79.** (c) Closed shop, Union shop and the Agency shop are types of trade union security measures or agreements. The open shop system is not the type of trade union security measure or agreement.
- 80. (d) The Employees' State Insurance Corporation is a statutory machinery functioning at the Central level. The Corporation was the result of the Employee State Insurance Act-1948

- 81. (c) 'Citizen Concept' of labour is explained by the statement- Labour has a right to be consulted in regard to the terms and conditions under which they are supposed to work
- 82. (a) Under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 The Central Advisory Board shall consist of persons to be nominated by the Central Government representing employers and employees in the scheduled employments who shall be equal in number and independent persons not exceeding onethird of its total number of members; one of such independent persons shall be appointed the Chairman of the Board by the Central Government.
- 83. (a) Relief of the disabled and unemployable comes under the state list (List-II) as per the seventh schedule of the constitution of India
- 84. (b) The Police theory of Labour is based on assumption that human Being is so much selfish and always tries for own benefits whether on the cost of others welfare. Any of the employers will not work for the welfare of employees until he is forced to do so.
- **85.** (b) Dr. Aykroyd's formula is associated with the determination of minimum wage. The formula named after the Wallace Ruddell Aykroyd, nutritionist and first director of the Department of Nutrition, FAO. The Aykroyd Formula takes into account the inflation and the performance of the employees while fixing the remuneration.
- 86. (a) The statement given has been expressed in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights is a milestone document in the history of human rights and it was proclaimed by the United Nations General Assembly in Paris on 10 December 1948.
- 87. (a) Medical benefit as a non-cash benefit was provided first time in India under the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948. The ESIC Act was enacted to provide for certain benefits to employees in case of sickness, maternity and 'employment injury' and to make provision for certain other matters in relation thereto.

- 88. (a) Want, disease, ignorance, squalor and idleness are Beveridge's five contingencies. This set of contingencies were identified by William Beveridge in his comprehensive social security scheme.
- The Atal Pension Yojana (APY) is focussed 89. (d) on all citizens in the unorganized sector. The scheme is administered by the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA) through NPS architecture. APY is applicable to all citizen of India aged between 18-40 years. Under the APY, there is guaranteed minimum monthly pension for the subscribers ranging between Rs. 1000 and Rs. 5000 per month. The benefit of minimum pension would be guaranteed by the Government of India. The Government of India will also co-contribute 50% of the subscriber's contribution or Rs. 1000 per annum, whichever is lower. Government co-contribution is available for those who are not covered by any Statutory Social Security Schemes and is not income tax payer.
- **90.** (d) For Rs.2 lakh risk coverage for accidental death and full disability and Rs. 1 lakh for partial disability under the Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana (PMSBY), the premium amount is Rs. 12 per annum The Scheme is available to people in the age group 18 to 70 years with a bank account who give their consent to join product on similar terms with necessary approvals and tie up with banks for this purpose.
- **91. (a)** According to Newton's third law of motion for every action (force) in nature there is an equal and opposite reaction. In this case if we consider the force on the Moon due to Earth as action then the force on Earth due to the Moon is reaction and both the action and reaction will be equal.
- **92. (a)** Due to the temperature difference between heating system and its surrounding environment/object the heat energy flows from higher temperature to the lower temperature until the two objects reach at *the same temperature*. The same situation happens when a glass of ice-water is placed on a table at room temperature, then after

some times the heat will flow from the surrounding to the glass and will make it warmer as it will also attain the room temperature.

- 93. (d) Diamagnetic substances are repelled by the external magnetic forces as these substances have tendency to move from stronger to the weaker part of the external magnetic field. At STP Nitrogen, sodium chloride and water are Diamagnetic. Iron behaves like a ferromagnetic substance and is attracted by an external magnetic field.
- 94. (b) The solubility of ammonia gas in water is highest- that is 52.3 gm of gas dissolved in 100 g of water at 1atm. among chlorine (0.729), carbon dioxide (0.169) and nitrogen (0.0019) gases.
- **95.** (c) Bleaching powder is chemically Calcium hypochlorite with formula $Ca(ClO)_2$. It is commonly used as a bleaching agent and used to disinfect drinking water and for sanitization purposes.
- **96.** (c) *Chikungunya* is a viral disease transmitted by infected mosquitoes. It causes fever and severe joint pain, muscle pain, headache, nausea, fatigue and rashes over the body.
- **97.** (d) Bioremediation is the process that utilizes microorganisms, plants and related systems to detoxify contaminants like heavy metal pollutants in the soil and other environments.
- 98. (b) Lichens are symbiotic association of two separate organisms, a fungus and an alga. These lichens form a crusty, leaf like or branching growth on old buildings, tress, walls, rocks etc. These lichens produce weak acids which in the long run can damage buildings, rock etc.
- **99.** (d) Euglena have both the characteristics of animal and plant as well. Euglena like animal is motile and moves with the help of flagellum. It also possess Chlorophyll the green pigment for photosynthesis like plant.
- **100. (a)** Neem leaves are widely used to repel the pest from stored food grains and hence it is generally used by farmers to save the stored food grains from insect pests.

2017-**1**6

- 101. (a) CD-ROM stands for Compact Disc-Read Only Memory. It is used for storage of Secondary memory or secondary storage. Other secondary storage devices include magnetic disks magnetic tapes etc. Secondary storage cannot be processed directly by the CPU as it must first be copied into primary storage.
- 102. (d) WAP or Wireless Application Protocol that allows users to access information instantly through handheld wireless devices. WAP supports most wireless networks like CDMA, GSM etc.
- **103. (c)** Bluetooth technology is a short-range wireless communications technology. It offers wireless access to portable handheld devices, LANs etc.
- **104. (c)** Basic function of the computer involves input of data through input devices, data processing, storage of data and the output of the information. Scanning of text is not a basic function of the computer.
- 105. (c) Power point, printer driver and different operating systems are all types of softwares while control unit is a type of hardware. Computer *hardware* is a collective term used to describe the physical components of a computer.
- 106. (c) Two vehicles are moving towards each other so, relative speed = (45 + 80) = 125 km/hr. Distance between them = 100 km Time when two vehicles meet

$$=\frac{100}{125}$$
 hr. $=\frac{100}{125}\times60$ = 48 minutes

107 (c) Let the price of the article before the increment is ₹ x.

After increasing the price by 20%

New price =
$$x \times \left(1 + \frac{20}{100}\right) = 1.2x$$

Increase in price = $1.2x - x = 0.2x$.
Tax = $0.2x \times \frac{5}{100} = 0.1x$
Total cost = $1.2x + 0.01x$
 $1331 = 1.21x$
 $x = \frac{1331}{121} = ₹ 1100.$

108.(d) Let the marked price of the bat is $\overline{\langle} x$. then, from question,

$$x \times \left(\frac{100 - 20}{100}\right) = 1000 \implies x \times \frac{80}{100} = 1000$$

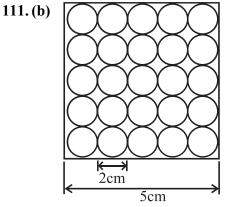
$$x = \frac{1000 \times 100}{80} = ₹ 1250$$

UPSC EPFO SOLVED PAPER 2017

109. (d) Assam and Bengal are two separate place who produces total tea.

110. (a) Remainder obtained will be same.
Suppose
$$x = 4$$
 and we divide x by 3.
then $\frac{4}{3} \Rightarrow$ Remainder = 1
 $\frac{4^2}{3} \Rightarrow$ Remainder = 1
 $\frac{4^3}{3} \Rightarrow$ Remainder = 1
 $\frac{4^7}{3} \Rightarrow$ Remainder = 1

In all cases remainder remains the same. Hence, when x^7 is divided by 61, remainder remains same.



Radius of spherical ball r = 1 cm; Diameter of the ball 2r = 2 cm. Number of ball along a side $= \frac{10}{2} = 5$ balls \therefore Maximum Number of balls $= 5 \times 5 \times 5$ = 125 **112. (b)** Let population of the city is 100 thousands Number of rice eater = $100 \times \frac{80}{100} = 80$ thousands. Number of rice eater population, who are

vegetarian

$$= 80 \times \left(\frac{100 - 90}{100}\right) = 8 \text{ thousands}$$

Required percent =
$$\frac{8}{100} \times 100 = 8\%$$

113.(c) $A \rightarrow 30 \text{ km/hr}$ $B \rightarrow 60 \text{ km/hr}$

Р

Let the distance between two places P and Q is 120 km. From question, Speed of vehicle A = 30 km/hr Speed of vehicle B = 60 km/hr. Time taken by vehicle B to travel 120 km

$$=\frac{120}{60}=2$$
 hr

Distance travel by vehicle A in 2 hr = $30 \times$

2 = 60 km.

Now the Distance between two vehicles after 2 hours = 120 - 60 = 60 km. As two vehicles meet at distance x from, place P.

then,
$$\frac{x-60}{30} = \frac{120-x}{60}$$

 $2(x-60) = 120-x \implies 2x+x = 120+120$
 $x = \frac{240}{3} = 80$ km

114. (c) Number of bottles he bought in ₹ 1000 = $\frac{1000}{10} = 100$

Number of bottles he bought from returning 100 empty bottle = $\frac{100}{10} = 10$ Number of empty bottle initially = 19 Number of empty bottle remains after returning 19 + 1 = 20 empty bottle =10 - 1 = 9 Number of empty bottle again he get from new bottle = 9 + 2 = 11 At last he return 10 empty bottle and consume one new bottle.

So, Total number of empty bottle remains = 1 + 1 = 2

115. (c) Ratio of volume of two spherical container of radius r_1 and r_2

$$= \frac{(r_2)^3}{(r_1^3)}$$

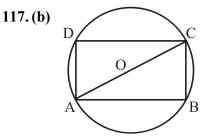
Here $r_1 = r$ and $r_2 = 2r$
 \therefore Required ratio $= \frac{(2r)^3}{r^3} = 8:1$
116. (d) Container lost in first day = 100 litres.
Container lost in 2^{nd} day $= \frac{100}{3}$ litres.
Container lost in 3^{rd} day $= \frac{100}{3^2}$ litres.
Container lost in 4^{th} day $= \frac{100}{3^4}$ litres.
 100^{th} day $= \frac{100}{3^{99}}$

Total lost in 100 day

$$= 100 + \frac{100}{3} + \frac{100}{3^2} + \dots + \frac{100}{3^{99}}$$
$$= 100 \left[\frac{1 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{3^{99}}}{1 - \frac{1}{3}} \right] = 150 \left[1 - \frac{1}{3^{100}} \right]$$

Gas posses on the 100th day = 300 - 150

$$+150 \times \frac{1}{3^{100}}$$
$$= 150 \left[1 + \frac{1}{3^{100}} \right] > 150$$



Let ABCD is a square inside the circle

and area of square = 4 cm² Side of the square = $\sqrt{4} = 2$ cm Diagonal of the Square (AC) = $\sqrt{(2)^2 + (2)^2} = 2\sqrt{2}$ cm Here diameter of the circle = Diagonal of the square v= $2\sqrt{2}$. Radius of the Circle = $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2} = \sqrt{2}$ Area of the circle = $\pi \times (\sqrt{2})^2 = 2\pi$ cm² 118. (a) 119. (a) Let total investment by A, B and C are $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$. then, Profit & share of A = 0.17x Profit & share of B = 0.37x Profit & share of C = 0.46x

Difference in profit = 10000.37x - 0.17x = 10000.2x = 1000 x = 5000Profit of C = 0.46 × 5000 = ₹2300 120. (d) A C C C C

Circumference of the circle = $\pi \times$ diameter $2\pi = \pi \times$ diameter

 $\therefore \text{ Diameter} = \frac{2\pi}{\pi} = 2$ Now, Diameter of circle

= Diagonal of square = 2

$$\sqrt{2} \times \text{Side} = 2 \Rightarrow \text{Side} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2} \text{ cm}$$

Area of the square = $(\text{Side})^2 = (\sqrt{2})^2$

 $= 2 \text{ cm}^2$

Practice Set-1

- 1. Which one of the following phrasal verbs may be used in the blank space in the sentence, "Is it wise to — (judge from) appearances"?
 - (a) go with (b) go by
 - (d) go for (c) go down
- Which one of the following phrasal verbs may 2. be used in the blank space in the sentence, "Prices of essential commodities have -(increase(d) in recent years"?
 - (a) gone by gone up (b)
 - (c) gone with (d) gone off
- 3. Which one of the following phrasal verbs may be used in the blank space in the sentence, "The pistol — (fire(d) all of a sudden"?
 - (a) went down (b) went on
 - (c) went off (d) went up
- Which one of the following phrasal verbs 4. may be used in the blank space in the sentence, "Suddenly all the lights -(extinguishe(d)"?
 - (a) went out (b) went off
 - (c) went on (d) went up
- Which one of the following is the synonym 5. of the word written in capital letters in the sentence, "The engineer ROUGHED OUT his ideas on a piece of paper while he talked".
 - (a) Shaped roughly
 - (b) Rejected
 - (c) Drew a quick plan
 - (d) Described inaccurately
- Which one of the following is the synonym of 6. the word written in capital letters in the sentence, "He fell into an ABYSS of despair".
 - (a) Well (b) Deep pit
 - (c) Sea (d) Hollow
- 7. Which one of the following is the synonym of the word written in capital letters in the sentence, "He had the AUDACITY to interrupt the Governor of the State while the latter was addressing a gathering of academicians".
 - (a) Courage (b) Authority
 - (c) Foolishness (d) Arrogance
- Which one of the following is the antonym of the 8. word written in capital letters in the sentence, "His success in the preliminary examination made him COMPLACENT".

- (a) Discontented (c) Curious
- Self-satisfied (b) (d) Militant
- 9 Which one of the following is the antonym of the word written in capital letters in the sentence, "In this competition, he has become the VICTOR".
 - (a) Beaten
- (b) Frustrated
- (c) Disappointed
- (d) Vanquished
- 10. Which one of the following is the antonym of the word written in capital letters in the sentence, "His behaviour at social gatherings is LAUDABLE". Impolite
 - (a) Condemnable
 - (b) Repulsive (c) Unpleasant (d)

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 11-13): In the following Five Questions, some parts of the sentences have errors and some are correct. Find out which part of a sentence has an error. If a sentence is free from error, mark option (d) i.e. 'No error' as your answer.

- I shall look forward to being with you sometime 11 next month.
 - (a) I shall look forward
 - (b) to being with you
 - (c) sometime next month
 - (d) No error
- I really do regret not to learn to play the violin 12. when I had so many opportunities to learn the practice in school.
 - (a) I really do regret not to learn to play the violin.
 - (b) when I had so many opportunities
 - (c) to learn and practice in school.
 - (d) No error
- 13. The government granted relief payments of ₹5,000 each to those who were injured in the fire accident.
 - (a) The government granted
 - (b) relief payments of ₹5,000 each
 - (c) to those who were injured in the fire accident.
 - (d) No error
- 14. Which one of the following words can be used as a substitute for the phrase, "An underhand device resorted to in order to justify misconduct"?
 - (a) Subterfuge (b) Manoeuvre
 - (c) Stratagem (d) Complicity

- 15. Which one of the following words can be used as a substitute for the phrase, " One who criticises popular beliefs which he thinks is mistaken or unwise"? (a) Philistine Iconoclast (b) (c) Imposter (d) Cannibal Which one of the following is the appropriate 16. question tag in the sentence, "He never acts "? like a gentleman, (a) does he (b) isn't it (c) is he (d) doesn't he Which one of the following is the appropriate 17. question tag in the sentence, "I guess he is in a hurry, (a) doesn't he (b) is he does he (c) isn't he (d) 18. Which one of the following is the appropriate question tag in the sentence, " It appears that they are enjoying themselves, (a) isn't it doesn't it (b) (c) don't they (d) aren't they 19. Which one of the following prepositions may be used in the blank space in the sentence, "Everyone in this world is accountable to God his actions" (a) about (b) for (d) (c) to over Which one of the following prepositions may 20. be used in the blank space in the sentence, an old legend, King Shirham lived in India" (a) In the event of (b) Due to (c) According to (d) In reference to 21. Train A crosses a stationary train B in 35 seconds and a pole in 14 seconds with the same speed. The length of the train A is 280 meters. What is the length of the stationary train B? (a) 360 meters(b) 480 meters (c) 400 meters 420 meters (d) Mohan bought a watch with 25% discount on 22. the selling price. If the watch cost him ₹ 1,545, what is the original selling price of the watch? (a) ₹2,060 (b) ₹2,000 (c) ₹2,040 (d) None of these
- 23. A cylindrical rod of radius 30 cm and length 40 cm is melted and made into spherical balls of radius 1 cm. The number of spherical balls is (a) 36000 27000 (b)
 - (c) 90000 (d) 40000

- Income of A is 150% of the income of B and 24. income of C is 120% of the income of A. If the total income of A, B and C together is ₹ 86,000, what is C's income? (a) ₹ 30,000 (b) ₹ 32,000 (d) ₹ 36,000 (c) ₹ 20,000 A circular road runs around a circular ground. 25. If the difference between the circumferences of the outer circle and the inner circle is 66 metres, the width of the road is : $\left(\text{Take } \pi = \frac{22}{7} \right)$
 - (b) 10.5 metres (a) 21 metres (c) 7 metres
 - (d) 5.25 metres
- 26. A milk vendor has 21 litres of cow milk, 42 litres of toned milk and 63 litres of double toned milk. If he wants to pack them in canes so that each cane contains same litres of milk and does not want to mix any two kinds of milk in a cane, then the least number of canes required is: (a) 3 (b) 6
 - (c) 9 (d) 12
- 27. There are four consecutive positive odd numbers and four consecutive positive even numbers. The sum of the highest even number and highest odd number is 33. What is the sum of all the four consecutive odd and even numbers?
 - (a) 94 108 (b)
 - (c) 88 (d) 86
- A can do a piece of work in 12 days while B alone 28. can do it in 15 days. With the help of C they can finish it in 5 days. If they are paid ₹ 960 for the whole work how much money A gets?
 - (a) ₹480 (b) ₹240 (c) ₹320 (d) ₹400
- *A*, *B* and *C* invested ₹ 45,000, ₹ 90,000 and 29. ₹ 90,000 respectively to start a business. At the end of two years, they earned a profit of ₹ 1,64,000. What will be *B*'s share in the total profit?
 - (a) ₹56,000 ₹36,000 (b) (c) ₹72,000 (d) ₹65,600
- 30. The radii of the base of a cylinder and a cone are equal and their volumes are also equal. Then the ratio of their heights
 - (a) 2:1 (b) 1:2
 - (c) 1:3 (d) 1:4