SSC REASONING

Covers the entire syllabus of the following Entrance Tests:

- ❖ SSC CGL TIER I and TIER II
- ❖ SSC CPO for SI and ASI posts in: CRPF, ITBP, CBI, CISF, BSF, DP
- ❖ SSC CHSL
- ❖ SSC MTS
- ❖ SSC Constable (GD)
- Section Officer (Audit)
- Section Officer (Commercial Audit)
- FCI
- ❖ DMRC

Ву

PREETI AGGARWAL



Pitampura, New Delhi-110034

Published by:

M/s Radian Book Company

Address: 37, Kailash Enclave, Pitampura, Delhi-110034

Phone: 9811341569; Email: info@radianbooks.in

ISBN: 978-93-90886-90-6

First Edition: 2021 Second Edition: 2022

Printer: Rashtriya Printers

© Radian Book Company

This book shall not, by way of trade or otherwise be lent, resold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior written consent in any form of binding or cover other than that in which it is published. No part of this book may be reproduced or copied in any form or by any means (graphic, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or information retrieval system) or reproduced on any disc, tape, perforated media or other information storage device, etc., without the written permission of the publishers. Breach of this condition is liable for legal action.

DISCLAIMER:

Every effort has been made to avoid errors or omissions in this publication. In spite of this, some errors might have crept in. Any mistake, error or discrepancy noted may be brought to our notice which shall be taken care of in the next edition. It is notified that neither the publisher nor the seller will be responsible for any damage or loss of action to any one, of any kind, in any manner, therefrom.

For binding mistakes, misprints or for missing pages, etc., the publisher's liability to replacement within one month of purchase by similar edition. All expenses in this connection are to be borne by the purchaser.

All disputes are subject to Delhi jurisdiction only.

CONTENTS

1.	Coding-Decoding 1-1—1-10
2.	Alphabet Test2-1—2-7
3.	Arrangement of Words in Logical Order3-1—3-5
4.	Missing Number4-1—4-6
5.	Symbols and Notations 5-1—5-8
6.	Series 6-1—6-10
7 .	Analogy
8.	Classification 8-1—8-8
9.	Matrix9-1—9-5
10.	Direction and Distance10-1—10-12
11.	Blood Relation11-1—11-11
12.	Ranking
13.	Seating Arrangement13-1—13-5
14.	Logical Venn Diagram14-1—14-13
15.	Syllogism15-1—15-14
16.	Statement and Conclusion16-1—16-4
17.	Statement and Assumption17-1—17-4
18.	Calendar
19.	Clock
20.	Arithmetical Reasoning20-1—20-8
21.	Cubes and Dice21-1—21-8

22. Figure Counting	22-1—22-14
23. Mirror Image	23-1—23-3
24. Paper Folding	24-1—24-4
25. Paper Cutting	25-1—25-4
26. Embedded Figures	26-1—26-4
27. Completion of Figures	27-1—27-4
28. Figure Analogy	28-1—28-3
29. Figure Classification	29-1—29-3
30. Figure Series Completion	30-1—30-3



CODING-DECODING



QUESTIONS

Type 1. Number Coding

- In a certain code language, 'AROUND' is coded as '52182412144' and 'FIX' is coded as '63624'. How will 'PLASTIC' be coded in that language? [SSC CGL 2021]
 - (a) 1612521920363
- (b) 1612261920183
- (c) 1612522021363
- (d) 1812521920383
- In a certain code language, 'VIRTUE' is coded as '201' and 'TRAGEDY' is coded as '218'. How will 'PROFANE' be coded in that language? [SSC CGL 2021]
 - (a) 570
- (b) 342
- (c) 456
- (d) 432
- In a certain code language, 'CROW' is coded as '64' and 'EAGLE' is coded as '125'. How will 'PARROT' be coded in that language? [SSC CGL 2021]
 - (a) 232
- (*b*) 216
- (c) 249
- (d) 88
- In a certain code language, 'FRENCH' is coded as '114' and 'LOSS' is coded as '47'. How will 'COURSE' be coded in that language? [SSC CGL 2021]
 - (a) 103
- (b) 120
- (c) 87
- (d) 81
- In a certain code language, 'ALPINE' is coded as '171' and 5. 'SPRING' is coded as '83'. How will 'CAPITAL' be coded in that language? [SSC CGL 2021]
 - (a) 186
- (b) 93
- (c) 62
- (d) 124
- In a certain code language, 'SAFETY' is coded as '95' and 'EXPAND' is coded as '87'. How will 'GATHER' be coded in that language? [SSC CGL 2021] (a) 84 (d) 90 (b) 86 (c) 88
- In a certain code language, 'REASON' is coded as '5410219' and 'HEALTHY' is coded as '716231216'. How will 'DIVULGE' be coded in that language? [SSC CGL 2021]
 - (a) 10733494
- (b) 24134383
- (c) 13704349
- (d) 21435438
- In a certain code language, 'HARVEST' is coded as '22-21-7-24-20-3-10' How will 'FARMER' be coded as in that language? [SSC CGL 2020]
 - (a) 20-7-14-21-3-8
- (b) 19-7-15-19-3-8
- (c) 19-7-15-20-3-7
- (d) 20-7-15-20-3-8
- In a certain code language, 'PEN' is coded as '32108'. How will 'TUB' be coded as in that language? [SSC CGL 2020]
 - (a) 40422
- (b) 40424
- (c) 42404
- (d) 44024

- In a certain code language 'SERVANT' is coded as '192182211420'. How will 'MAGNIFY' be coded as in [SSC CGL 2020] that language?
 - (a) 1426693625
- (b) 1316143522
- (c) 1317143625
- (d) 1417139625
- In a certain code language, LARVAE is coded as 15-1-9-5-1-2. How will INSECT be coded as in that language?

[SSC CGL 2020]

- (a) 3-13-8-2-24-8
- (b) 9-13-8-22-24-7
- (c) 18-13-8-2-24-7
- (d) 3-13-8-2-24-7
- If POSTER is coded as 592314 and DARK is coded as 8647, then how will STROKE be coded as? [SSC CGL 2018]
 - (a) 234917
- (b) 234971
- (c) 493287
- (d) 329417
- 13. If SMOKE is coded as 81643 and PRANK is coded as 72954, how would you code ROSE? [SSC CGL 2018]
 - (a) 2682
- (b) 3276
- (c) 9238
- (d) 2683
- 14. In a certain code language, 'NUMBER' is written as '156897' and 'GUARD' is written as '45073'. How is 'BURDEN' written in that code language?
 - (a) 857314 (b) 854317 (c) 853697 (d) 857391
- **15.** If DANGER is coded as 11-8-21-14-12-25, then how will the word MACHINE be coded?
 - (a) 20-10-15-14-26-17-18 (b) 20-8-10-15-16-21-12
 - (c) 20-10-8-12-15-16-7 (d) 20-8-10-16-17-22-13
- **16.** If DEAF is written as 6154, then FROWN is written as:
 - (a) 142215176
- (b) 142314166
- (c) 142315186
- (d) 142214176
- 17. If LACK is written as 396, then DRAG is written as: (a) 418 (b) 504 (c) 612 (d) 796
- **18.** If A = 1, CAT = 60, then MAN = ?
 - (a) 52 (b) 96
- (c) 182
- (d) 214
- 19. If BEAT = 25-22-26-7, then how will you code 'BURST'? (a) 25-6-9-8-7 (*b*) 25-9-6-8-7
 - (c) 25-9-8-7-6
- (d) 25-22-9-8-7
- 20. If REASON is coded as 5 and BELIEVED as 7, what is the code number for GOVERNMENT?
 - (a) 6
- (b) 7
- (c) 9
- (d) 10
- 21. If J = 10, JASMINE = 71, then ESTIMATE =? (b) 82
 - (a) 71
- (c) 92
- (d) 91
- 22. If HUMBLE is written as 834235 and REASON is written as 951165, then STRIKE can be written as:
 - (a) 1029945
- (b) 129925
- (c) 129825
- (d) 129935

50. If CROWN is coded as 68 and DEPEND is coded as 42, then

(c) 71

[SSC MTS 2021]

(*d*) 73

how would IMAGERY be coded?

(*b*) 67

(a) 68

23.	If RAM is written as 14 and SH SONAKSHI can be written as: (a) 32 (b) 33 (c)		38.	In a code language, 'BLOCK' is written as '31316412'. How will 'SUPREME' be written in that language? [SSC CPO 2020]
24.	If SHE is written as 96 and TH ME can be written as:	. ,	1	(a) 192116185605 (b) 202317206146 (c) 192217196156 (d) 202217196146
25.	(a) 18 (b) 36 (c) If LAMB is written as 7 and CA can be written as:	AT is written as 8, then Hote	39.	If in a coding system, FIXED is coded as 86 and COMPANY is coded as 101, then how will INTERIM be coded in the same coding system? [SSC CPO 2020] (a) 102 (b) 100 (c) 99 (d) 101
26.	(a) 12 (b) 10 (c) If RAHUL is written as 36 a PRIYANKA can be written as: (a) 169 (b) 196 (c)	and AKSH is written then	40.	
27.	(a) 169 (b) 196 (c) If SHIMLA is written as 4 and INDORE can be written as:	225 (d) 256 DELHI is written as – 5 ther	41.	If CAB = 13 and FEED = 41, then JADE = [SSC CPO 2019]
	(a) 0 (b) 1 (c)	2 $(d) - 1$		(a) 45 (b) 41 (c) 35 (d) 43
28.	If TABLE is written as 101 and HUMBLE can be written as: (a) 167 (b) 177 (c)	HIM is written as 65. Then 187 (d) 197	42.	If each English alphabet is assigned even numerical value like A = 2, B = 4 and so on, what will be the code of EARTH? [SSC CPO Tier-1, 2019]
29.	(a) 167 (b) 177 (c) If THEM = 4589, WHITE = 824 = 289, then WHEAT = ?	. ,]	(a) 102384218 (b) 122384216 (c) 102364016 (d) 102364018
	,	28954 (d) 75906	43.	If $Y = 50$, SEA = 50, then 'YACHT' will be equal to? [SSC CPO Tier-1, 2019]
30.	In a certain code language, N is coded as '78'. How will 'PET' b			(a) 114 (b) 102 (c) 104 (d) 100 In a certain code language, 'ATUL' is coded as '1-20-21-12'
	(a) 70 (b) 84 (c)	[CHSL 2020 100 (d) 41	l 44.	and 'RAJU' is coded as '18-1-10-21'. How will 'GITA' be
31.	In a certain code language, G START is written as 117. How v language?	GOLF is written as 60 and	t	coded in that language? [SSC GD Constable 2021] (a) 5-11-22-1 (b) 8-9-20-1 (c) 7-9-20-1 (d) 6-10-20-1
	(a) 58 (b) 21 (c)		45.	6 6 7
32.	If $O = 20$, LIT = 46, how will P	Č		How will 'HIRE' be coded in that language? [SSC GD Constable 2021]
22	code language? (a) 46 (b) 53 (c)	. ,		(a) 18191822 (b) 89185 (c) 1991822 (d) 199922
33.	In a code certain code language, TUNE is coded as 56. How will language? (a) 65 (b) 63 (c)	rill LYRIC be coded in tha [CHSL 2020	t 46.	In a certain code language, MACHINE is coded as 5861944. How will STORK be coded in that language? [SSC CHSL 2021] (a) 96479 (b) 12692 (c) 87397 (d) 86496
34.	In a certain code language 'WA and 'CURD' is coded '420193'. as in that language?	AND' is coded as '240153	1	In a code language, if SEND is written as 168, then how will PURSE be written in the same language? [SSC CHSL 2021] (a) 185 (b) 225 (c) 395 (d) 415
	(a) 421719 (b) 612120 (c)	421821 (<i>d</i>) 602019	48.	8 8 7
35.	In a certain code language, 216 15654 is coded as OFED. How that language? (a) FAEBC (b) OBCF (c)		1	QDXHVLDP, then how will ONTOLOGY be written in the same code language? [SSC MTS 2021] (a) RMSRORJB (b) SRXSPSKC (c) RRSSOSGC (d) RRXRPRKC
36.	In a certain language, STAR is coded as 42. How will 'P language? (a) 51 (b) 68 (c)	is coded as 55 and CUT PEN' be coded as in tha [CHSL 2020	t	

[SSC CPO 2020]

(*d*) 62

37. In a code language, 'DENT' is written as '51' and 'LOAD' is written as '40'. How will 'COST' be written in that

(c) 75

(b) 65

language?

(a) 57

Type 2. Letter Coding

- 51. In a certain code language, 'DOLPHIN' is written as 'EPMPGHM'. How will 'CORDIAL' be written in that language? **[SSC CGL 2021]**
 - (a) EPTDHZK
- (b) DPSDHAL
- (c) DPSDHZK
- (d) DPSEGZK
- 52. In a certain code language, 'COUNTRY' is written as 'BOWKXLF'. How will 'DESPAIR' be written in that language? [SSC CGL 2021]
 - (a) ULDSHVG
- (b) UFDMVBG
- (c) GBVMDFU
- (d) GBPSXIO
- 53. In a certain code language, 'PRINT' is written as 'YMNIU'. How will 'MAGIC' be written in that language?
 - (a) HRLZR
- (b) HDLVR
- **[SSC CGL 2021]**

- (c) HLDRV
- (d) HRLRZ
- 54. In a certain code language, 'MORBID' is written as 'THGMID'. How will 'OBTAIN' be written in that [SSC CGL 2021] language?
 - (a) JGOFDS
- (b) JOFGSD
- (c) GJFOSD
- (d) GFOJDS
- 55. In a certain code language, 'AND' is written as 'C-LP-F' and 'NOR' is coded as 'P-MQ-T'. How will 'BUT' be written in that language? [SSC CGL 2021]
 - (a) C-SU-V
- (b) D-SW-V
- (c) C-TV-W
- (d) D-SW-U
- 56. In a certain code language, 'DEPEND' is written as 'EPHTJJ'. How will 'TRAVEL' be written as in that language? [SSC CGL 2020]
 - (a) MGWEWY
- (b) NGYFWZ
- (c) MGYEWZ
- (d) MGZEXZ
- 57. In a certain code language, STRAIGHT is written as TSARGITH. How will THURSDAY be written as in that language? [SSC CGL 2020]
 - (a) UHTDRSYA
- (b) AYSDURTH
- (c) HTRUDSYA
- (d) HTRUDSAY
- 58. In a certain code language, 'PERMIT' is written as 'VVLNOG'. How will 'INERTIA' be written in that language? [SSC CGL 2020]
 - (a) OHYXZCU
- (b) XOYHCZU
- (c) OMYIZRU
- (d) XYOHBCU
- 59. In a certain code language, 'MARGIN' is written as 'SBNOJH'. How will 'PRAYER' be written in that language? [SSC CGL 2020]
 - (a) BSQZFS
- (b) OSBSFZ
- (c) BSQQFZ
- (d) BSOSFZ
- 60. In a certain code language, WARDROBE is written as YXVYXHJV, How will ACCURATE be written as in that language? [SSC CGL 2020]
 - (a) BZHPXTBV
- (b) CZHPYTBV
- (c) CZGPXTBV
- (d) DZGPXTBV
- 61. In a certain code language, 'HAMMER' is written as 'ICPQJX'. How will 'WRENCH' be written as in that language? [SSC CGL 2020]
 - (a) XTIRIN
- (b) XTIRHN

- (c) XTHRIN
- (d) XTHRHN
- In a code language, TEACHING is written as SDBDGHOH. How will BOOKWORM be written as in that language? [SSC CGL 2018]
 - (a) ANPLXNNS
- (b) ANPLXPSL
- (c) CPNJXPSL
- (d) ANPLVNSN
- In a code language, STROKE is written as FLPSUT. How would BRIGHT be written in the same code language?
 - (a) UIHJSC
- (b) CSJHIU
- [SSC CGL 2018]
- (c) SGFHQA
- (d) UJHHCS
- **64.** If LSJXVC is the code for MUMBAI, the code for DELHI
 - (a) CCIDD (b) CDKGH (c) CCJFG (d) CCIFE
- In a certain code language, EMPHASIS is written as NDIOBRJR. How do you write CREATURE in that code?
 - (a) SBBDUTSD
- (b) OBBDTUSD
- [APPSC]

- (c) DSDBSTSP
- (d) SBDBUTDS
- If 'MOHAN' is coded as 'KMFYL', then 'COUNT' will be coded as:
 - (a) ANSKR
- (b) AMSLR
- (c) ANSLR
- (d) AMSKR
- If in a certain code, DIAGRAM is written as AFXDOXJ, then how can PICTURE be written in the code?
 - (a) MFAQSOB
- (b) MFAQRNB
- (c) MFZQSNB
- (d) MFZQROB
- In a certain code language, 'INDIA' is written as 'LOGLD', then 'JAPAN' will be written as:
 - (a) MDTDR
- (b) MDSDQ
- (c) MDSDR
- (d) MDTDQ
- 69. In a certain code language, ABSOLUTE is written as ESBLOTUA. How will CALENDAR be written in that code language?
 - (a) RALNEADC
- (b) RANLAEDC
- (c) RLAENADC
- (d) RLANEADC
- 70. If GOPAL is coded as MIVUR, then how will RADHA be coded as:
 - (a) XTJBG
- (b) XUJCG
- (c) XVJBG
- (d) XUJBG
- 71. If HOUSE is written as FQSUC, then how can CHAIR be written in that code?
 - (a) SHBGD
- (b) AJYKP
- (c) DIBJS
- (d) SBJID
- 72. In a certain code language, APPROACH is coded as CHOAPRAP. How will RESTRICT be coded?
 - (a) CTRISTRE (c) CTRISTER
- (b) TCIRSTRE
- (d) ERTSIRTC
- 73. If FRIEND is coded as HUMJTK, then how can CANDLE be written in that code?
 - (a) DCQHQK
- (b) DEQJQM
- (c) EDRIRL
- (d) ESJFME
- 74. In a certain code, GIVE is written a VIEG and OVER is written as EVRO. How will DISK be written in that code?
 - (a) KDSI (b) SIKD
- (c) SIDK
- (d) KISD

SSC REASONING & CODING-DECODING \$ 1-4 75. In a certain code 'MOUSE' is written as 'PRUQC'. How is 'SHIFT' written in that code? (a) VIKRD (b) RKTVD (c) VKIDR (d) VJIDR **76.** In a certain code DEPUTATION is written as ONTADEPUTI. How is DERIVATION written in that code? (a) ONVAEDIRTI (b) ONVADEIRIT (c) ONVADERITI (d) ONDEVARITI 77. If in a code, GONE is written as ILPB, then how may CRIB be written in that code? (a) EUKY (b) EKUY (c) EYUK (d) EOKY 78. If GOODNESS is coded as HNPCODTR, then how GREATNESS can be written in that code? (a) HQFZUFRTM (b) HOFZSMFRT (c) HQFZUMFRT (d) HOFZUODTR 79. In a certain code language, 'GARNISH' is written as 'RGAINHS'. How will 'GENIOUS' be written in that code? (a) NEGIOUS (b) ENGOIUS (d) NGEOISU (c) GENOISU **80.** If MOBILE is written as ZAMSUM, then how TUMOR can be written in that code? (a) HGYAD (b) GGXYA (c) IHZBE (d) BRAIN **81.** If in a certain code HYDROGEN is written as JCJZYSSD, then how can ANTIMONY be written in that code? (a) CPVKOOPR (b) CRZOWABO (d) GTZOSUTE (c) ERXMQSRC 82. In a certain code language, 'BROWSE' is written as 'GUYOTD'. How will 'AMALGAM' be written as in that language? [CHSL 2020] (a) PMDGCPD (b) CONCICO (c) DPMDGCP (d) OCINCOC 83. In a certain language code, 'SMART' is written as AMRST. How will 'DESIGN' be written as in that language? [CHSL 2020] (a) DEGINS (b) SGITMD (c) EIADGS (d) DAISGN 84. In a certain code language, if 'BURMUD' is written as 'RKHCKT', then how will 'ANGLE' be written as in that language? [CHSL 2020] (a) ODWBU (b) HOPLY (c) PCVAT (d) REXCV 85. In a certain code language 'APRICOT' is written as 'GLXRIKZ' then how will 'ORANGE' be written in the same code language? [CHSL 2020] (a) LHZMSV (b) LIZMTV (c) VTNZHM (d) VTMZIL **86.** In a certain code language, PAGER is written as MIDOO. How will ANGEL be written as in that language? [CHSL 2020] (a) IKDOI (b) AVIDI (c) AOIDIK (d) ILVDN 87. In a certain language, JONAIL is written as IRMDHO. How

will PLMUTG be written as in code language? [CHSL 2020]

(b) OOLXRK

(d) OOLYTJ

(a) OPLXSJ

(c) OOLXSJ

88. In a certain code language, 'salute' is written as 'iuamet'. How will 'mango' be written as in that language? [CHSL 2020] (a) phobn (b) uhpen (c) uhobn (d) uhoen In a certain language, 'MARINE' is written as 'IRMVEQ'. How will 'BEAUTY' is written as in that language? (a) CXYEIF (b) CIGZYD (c) CDOPLY (d) CJHZE In a certain code, CATHODE is written as X5GS2W4. How will RELATION be written in that code? [SSC CPO 2018] (a) J4O1G32N (b) I3O1G32M (c) I4O5G32M (d) J3O5G32M In a code language, 'TORCH' is written as 'UNPSDI' and 'BEST' is written as 'CDFTU'. How will 'MARKS' be written in that language? [SSC CPO 2020] (a) NZBSLT (b) OZBSMT (c) NABLU (d) NZCSLT In a code language, 'PLACARD' is written as 'TPEYEVH'. How will 'MONSTER' be written in that language? (b) RTSOXIV [SSC CPO 2020] (a) OSROXIV (d) PSSOXJV (c) QSRRXIV 93. In a code language, 'OBESITY' is written as 'EBOHYTI'. How will 'FIXTURE' be written in that language? (a) XIFGEUS (b) XIFMERU [SSC CPO 2020] (c) XIFGERU (d) IFYGERU In a code language, 'PLUM' is written as 'KQOMFVNN'. How will 'BIG' be written in that language? [SSC CPO 2020] (b) YCRJTH (a) YCRKTM (c) CYRJGT (d) XCSJTH In a certain coding system, if CHICANERY is written as DNODTHVKS, how will CRANE be written in the same coding system? [SSC CPO 2020] (a) DKTHV (b) HKSHO (c) CJSGU (d) DOTKV In a certain system, if OXBRIDGE is written as BDEGIORX, how will MOUTHFUL be written in the same [SSC CPO 2020] coding system? (a) HFULMOUT (b) FGLNOTUU (c) FHLMOTUU (d) FLHMOTUV In a code language, BACHELOR is written as SNMDIBBA. How will COHESION be written as in that language? [SSC CPO 2019] (b) ONJRFGPB (a) ONIFTIBP (c) NPHTDIND (d) BPJTFINO In a code language, MACHINE is written as CAMHENI. How will MONSTER be written as in that language? (b) NOMSRET [SSC CPO 2019] (a) OMNSETR (c) SNOMRET (d) NOMETSR In a code language, HONEY is written as G4M2X. How is STATUE written in that language? [SSC CPO Tier-1, 2019] (a) RS1S5D (b) TS1S5D (c) RS1T5D (d) RS1S52 100. In a code language, SILVER is written as JDQMXQ and

WISDOM is written as IDRJXR. How will KENSTAR be

(b) FZPIWNY

(d) FPZWINY

[SSC CHSL 2021]

written as in that language?

(a) FZPWINY

(c) FZWIPYN

- 101. In a certain code language, PROFANE is written as KOLCZKV. How will DISOBEY be written in that language? **[SSC CHSL 2021]**
 - (a) APRYLVV
- (b) WFHLYBB
- (c) WHGYLBB
- (d) ARPLYVV

Type 3. Symbol Coding

- **102.** In a certain code language, ROM is written as $\alpha \times (\alpha)$ and HEIGHT is written as $\in \div \beta \otimes \in *$. How will TIGER be written in that language? [SSC GD Constable 2021]
 - (a) *β©÷@
- (b) ©÷@*β
- (c) $\times \div \beta \mathbb{C}^*$
- (d) * β ©÷ α
- 103. In a certain code language, 'PEPPER' is written as '@#@@#↑' and 'AIM' is written as '^?*'. How is 'PAMPER' written in that code language?
- (b) @↑*#@^
- (c) @ ^ * @ # ↑
- (d) @ ^ * # @ ↑
- **104.** If WING is written as *£?= and THEN as @\$©?, then how will NITE be written?
 - (a) ?\$©@ (b) ?£@©
- (c) ?\$@© (d) ?£©@
- **105.** In a certain code, 'R' is '%', 'E' is '#', 'D' is '@' and 'A' is ' Δ '. How is 'DARE' written in that code?
 - (a) @#% Δ (b) Δ %@# (c) Δ @%# (d) @ Δ %#
- **106.** If 1986 is coded as $^{\wedge} \theta \Delta > \text{and } 2345 \text{ as } + \times \uparrow$, then $\Delta > - \times + \uparrow$ will be the code for
 - (a) 864325 (b) 864952 (c) 865324 (d) 865423
- 107. If $\alpha \delta \gamma \gamma \epsilon$ is decoded as ARGUE and $\sigma \phi \lambda \pi \epsilon$ is SOLVE, what is πυεσδλ?
 - (a) VGOSRL
- (b) VUESOL
- (c) VUASEL
- (d) VGESRL
- **108.** In a certain code, P is #, A is %, C is ϕ and E is @. How is 'PACE' written in that code?

 - (a) $\#\phi\#\%$ (b) $\phi\%@\%$ (c) $\#\%\phi@$ (d) $\%@\#\phi$
- 109. If 'PENCIL' is coded as ? (a), =; 7 and 'PAPER' is coded as ? 9 ? @ 5 how will you code 'CLIP'?
 - (a) @7;? (b) @?;?
- (c) = 7?;
- (d) = 7;?
- 110. Given below are numbers in the first line and symbols in the second line. Numbers and symbols are code for each other. Choose the correct code for given symbols.
 - 1
- \neq
 - - \rightarrow
- Which number can be decoded from the following: $\neq \Box \uparrow \times \rightarrow$
- (a) 57638 (b) 58637
 - (c) 57648
- (d) 58647
- 111. Following words are written in a code language. Study them carefully and find out the word to the given code.

$$CAR - \phi \alpha \delta$$

 $SIT - \eta \psi \kappa$

WELL – $\sigma i \gamma \gamma$

 $MAP - \mu \alpha \beta$

Given code $-\phi \alpha \gamma \mu$

- (a) CARP (b) CARE (c) CALM (d) CAMP

Type 4. Substitution Coding

- 112. If 'Red' is called 'White', 'White' is called 'Blue', 'Blue' is called 'Green', 'Green' is called 'Orange' and 'Orange' is called 'Pink', then what is the color of 'grass'?
 - (a) White (b) Green
- - (c) Orange (d) Pink
- 113. If Pen is called Paper, Paper is called Laptop, Laptop is called Eraser, Eraser is called Bottle then where do we write?
 - (a) Laptop (b) Paper
- (c) Pen
- (d) None of these
- 114. If cat is called as dog, dog is called as goat, goat is called as horse, horse is called as lion, lion is called as Hen, then who among these is not a pet animal?
 - (a) Lion
- (b) Horse
- (c) Hen
- (d) None of these
- 115. If 'orange' is called 'butter', 'butter' is called 'soap', 'soap' is called 'ink', 'ink' is called 'honey' and 'honey' is called 'orange', which of the following is used for washing clothes? [RRB JE CBT 1, 2019]
 - (a) Honey (b) Ink
- (c) Soap
- (d) Orange
- 116. In 'Red' means 'White', 'white' means 'Green', 'Green' means 'Black' and 'Black' means 'Pink', than tell what is colour of milk?
 - (a) Red
- (b) Green
- (c) Black
- (d) Pink

Type 5. Sentence Coding

- 117. In a certain code, 'BRING WATER' is written as 'JA PA' and 'WATER IS COLD' is written as 'TE JA BO'. How is 'BRING' written in that code?
 - (a) TE
- (b) JA
- (c) PA
- (*d*) BO
- 118. In a certain code language, 'Sue Re Nik' means 'she is brave', 'Pi Sor Re Nik' means 'she is always smiling' and 'Sor Re Zhi' means 'is always cheerful'. What is the code used for the word 'smiling'?
 - (a) Pi
- (b) Sor
- (c) Re
- (d) Nik
- 119. In a certain language,
 - A. PIC VIC NIC means 'winter is cold'
 - B. TO NIC RE means 'summer is hot'
 - C. RE TOO PA means 'nights are hot'
 - Which of the following is the code for 'summer'?
 - (a) TO
- (b) NIC
- (c) PIC
- (d) VIC
- 120. In a certain code, '253' means 'books are old'; '546' means 'man is old' and '378' means 'buy good books.' What stands for 'are' in that code? (d) 5
 - (a) 2
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- 121. In a certain code language, '481' means 'sky is blue', '246' means 'sea is deep' and '698' means 'sea looks blue'. What number is the code for 'blue'.
 - (a) 8
- (b) 6
- (c) 1
- (d) 9
- 122. In a code language, 123 means 'hot filtered coffee', 356 means 'very hot day', 589 means 'day and night'. Which numerical stands for 'very'?
 - (b) 6
- (d) 9
- 123. If 'ski rps tri' stands for 'nice Sunday morning', 'teh sti rps' stands for 'every Tuesday morning' and 'ski ptr qlm' stands for 'nice market place', which word stands for 'Sunday'?
 - (a) ski
- (*b*) rps
- (c) tri

(c) 8

(*d*) qlm

- 124. In a certain code 'easy path to win' is coded as 'ad mi ja no', 'the path to heaven' is coded as 'ku ja ig ad', 'win of the tomorrow' is coded as 'be ku zo mi' and 'to tell of night' is coded as 'be li ya ja'. What is the code used for the word 'tell'?
 - (*a*) be

(b) li

(c) ya

(d) Cannot be determined

- 125. In a certain language, 'colors of the sky' is written as 'ki la fa so', 'rainbow colors' is written as 'ro ki' 'sky high rocket' is written as 'la pe jo' 'the rocket world' is written as 'pe so ne'. Which of the following is the code for 'colours sky high'?
 - (a) Ro jo la
- (b) ki jo la
- (c) la ki so
- (d) fa ki jo
- 126. In a certain language, 'aa be rs' means 'go went gone', 'ub rs wa' means 'you go home', 'wa de' means 'you want' and 'lo aa' means 'went do'. What is the meaning of the code 'wa'?
 - (a) you
- (*b*) do
- (c) home
- 127. In a certain coding system, 'how are you' is coded as '639', 'are you fine today' is coded as '6453', and 'stay fine' is coded as '58'. What is the code for 'today' in this system?
 - (a) 5

- (b) 8
- [SSC CPO 2020]

(c) 4

- (d) 6
- **128.** In a certain system 'Read this book' is coded as '689'. 'This book is useful' is coded as '9675', and 'Useful book is good' is coded as '5479'. What is the code for 'This book is good' in this system? [SSC CPO 2020]
 - (a) 8495
- (b) 6457
- (c) 4965
- (d) 7859
- 129. A person wired his brother as R T D F M O C E L N N P S U G I D F Q S R T N P N P M O and he meant "Send mother soon". A day later he received the reply, LNNPSUGIDFQSHJRTHJKMKM. What did he mean? [APPSC]

- (a) Mother is arriving
- (b) Mother cannot come
- (c) Mother is ill
- (d) Mother not here

TYPE 6. **Conditional Coding**

DIRECTIONS (130–131): In the question given below, there is a group of letters followed by four combinations of digits/ symbols lettered (a), (b), (c), and (d). You have to find out which of the combinations correctly represents the group of letters and numbers based on the coding system and mark the letter of that combination as your answer.

Number code	6	2	5	0	9	4	7	1	3	8
Codes	A	€	Z	μ	K	(a)	Ř	&	\$	Ω

Conditions:

- If the first digit is odd and the last digit is even then both digits are to be coded as the code of the second digit.
- If the first digit is even and the last digit is odd then both are to be coded as the code for the first digit.
- III. If both the first and the last digits are odd numbers then both are to be coded as '#'.
- IV. If both the first and the last digits are even numbers then both are to be coded as '%'.
- **130.** What is the code of '2394587'?
 - (a) €\$K#Z℧@
- (*b*) €\$K@Z℧€
- (c) €\$K@Z€℧
- (*d*) €\$K@℧€Z

- **131.** What is the code of '3721639'?
 - (a) #Ř€&A\$%
- (b) #Ř€&A#\$
- (c) @Ř€&A\$#
- (d) #Ř€&A\$#

DIRECTIONS (132–133): In the question given below, there is a group of letters followed by four combinations of digits/symbols lettered (a), (b), (c), and (d). You have to find out which of the combinations correctly represents the group of letters based on the coding system and mark the letter of that combination as your answer.

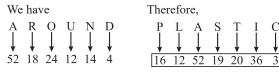
Letters	P	Е	С	K	G	Т	Ι	N	S	M	О	A	L
Codes	@	7	#	Z	R	α	4	Ř	2	3	&	5	X

Conditions:

- If both the first and the last letters are consonants, then all the vowels are to be coded as the code of D.
- II. If both the first and the last letters are vowels, then both are to be coded by '♥'.
- III. If the first letter is a consonant and the last letter is a vowel, then their codes are to be interchanged.
- IV. If the first letter is a vowel and the last letter is a consonant, then their codes are to be replaced by the code of 'G'.
- **132.** What is the code of 'PEOPLE'?
 - (a) &7&7X@
- (b) @7&7X@
- (c) 77&@X@
- (d) 77&7@X
- **133.** What is the code of 'ITALICA'?
 - (a) α♥5X4#1
- (b) ♥α5X4#♥
- (c) ♥5X3#♥2
- (*d*) ♥α4X5#♥



(a) All the consonants are replaced by the number representing their position in the English alphabetical series. While each vowel is replaced by the number which is two times the place value of its opposite letter.



(b) The words are coded according to the following pattern: Sum of the place values of the opposite letters of the word × Total number of vowels in the word = code

 $VIRTUE \rightarrow$

$$5(E) + 18(R) + 9(I) + 7(G) + 6(F) + 22(V) = 67 \times 3 = 201$$

Similarly, PROFANE \rightarrow

$$11(K) + 9(I) + 12(L) + 21(U) + 26(Z) + 13(M) + 22(V)$$

= 114 × 3 = 342

3. (b) The code represents the cube of the total number of letters in the word.

For example,

 $CROW \rightarrow 64 = 4^3$ (There are four letters in the word CROW) Similarly, PARROT $\rightarrow 6^3 = 216$.

(c) For each word total number of letters in the word is added to the sum of the positions of the opposite of each letter of the word, to obtain the code:

For example:

FRENCH
$$\rightarrow$$
 21(U) + 9(I) + 22(V) + 13(M) + 24(X) + 19(S)
= 108 \rightarrow 108 + 6 = 114.

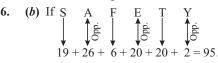
Similarly,

COURSE
$$\rightarrow$$
 24(X) + 12(L) + 6(F) + 9(I) + 8(H) + 22(V)
= 81 \rightarrow 81 + 6 \rightarrow 87.

(a) The code represents the number obtained by multiplying the number of vowels in the word with the sum of the numbers representing the position of the letters in the English alphabetical series. For example:

A L P I N E
$$\rightarrow$$
 [1 + 12 + 16 + 9 + 14 + 5] \times 3 = 171. Similarly,

$$CAPITAL \rightarrow [3+1+16+9+20+1+12] \times 3 = 186.$$



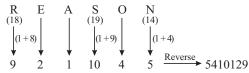
And, E X P A N D
$$\downarrow \qquad \downarrow \stackrel{\dot{a}}{\downarrow} \stackrel{\dot{a}}{\downarrow} \stackrel{\dot{b}}{\downarrow} \stackrel{\dot{b}}{\downarrow} \stackrel{\dot{a}}{\downarrow} \stackrel{\dot{b}}{\downarrow} \stackrel{\dot{a}}{\downarrow} \stackrel{\dot{a}}$$

Similarly, G A T H E R
$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \stackrel{\dot{a}}{\stackrel{\dot{a}}{\stackrel{.}{\circ}}} \qquad \qquad \downarrow \stackrel{\dot{a}}{\stackrel{\dot{a}}{\stackrel{.}{\circ}}} \qquad \downarrow \stackrel{\dot{a}}{\stackrel{\dot{a}}} \qquad \downarrow \stackrel{\dot{a}}{\stackrel{\dot{a}}{\stackrel{.}{\circ}}} \qquad \downarrow \stackrel{\dot{a}}{\stackrel{\dot{a}}{\stackrel{\dot{a}}}} \qquad \downarrow \stackrel{\dot{a}}{\stackrel{\dot{a}}{\stackrel{\dot{a}}}} \qquad \downarrow \stackrel{\dot{a}}{\stackrel{\dot{a}}} \qquad \downarrow$$

(d) All the vowels are coded as per following pattern:

$$A \rightarrow 1, E \rightarrow 2, I \rightarrow 3, O \rightarrow 4, U \rightarrow 5$$

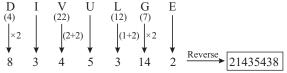
- Consonants which have the positional value less than 10, are replaced by the number which is two times the positional value of that consonant.
- ❖ All the other consonants are replaced by a number which is equal to the sum of the digits of the positional value of that consonant.
- ❖ After replacing the letters with numbers, the whole arrangement is reversed.



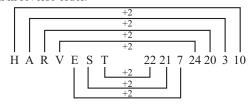
and H E A L T H Y
$$\downarrow^{(8)} \downarrow^{\times 2} \downarrow \qquad \downarrow^{(12)} \downarrow^{(210)} \downarrow^{\times 2} \downarrow^{(25)}$$

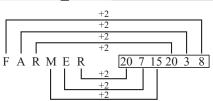
$$\downarrow^{16} \qquad 2 \qquad 1 \qquad 3 \qquad 2 \qquad 16 \qquad 7 \xrightarrow{\text{Reverse}} 716231216$$

Similarly,

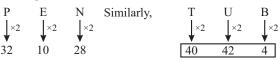


(d) 2 is added to the place value (position of the letters in the English alphabetical series) of each letter, and the resultant numbers are written in reverse order.





(b) Each alphabet is replaced by the number, which is twice of that alphabet's place value.



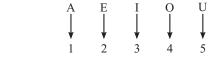
10. (c) Each consonant is replaced by its position in the English alphabetical series. Each vowel is replaced by numbers in the order: $A \rightarrow 1$, $E \rightarrow 2$, $I \rightarrow 3$, $O \rightarrow 4$, $U \rightarrow 5$

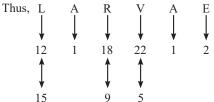
We have, S E R V A N T
$$\downarrow$$
 19 2 18 22 1 14 20

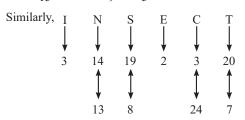


11. (d) All the consonants are coded by finding the reverse of their corresponding positions.

The vowels are coded as







12. *(b)*

P	О	S	T	Е	R	D	A	R	K
5	9	2	3	1	4	8	6	4	7

So, the codes for STROKE \rightarrow 234971.

13. *(d)*

S	M	О	K	Е	P	R	A	N	K
8	1	6	4	3	7	2	9	5	4

Code for Rose \rightarrow 2683.

From the above two codes, we get:

Similarly, M A C H I N E

13 1 3 8 9 14 5 $\downarrow +7 \quad \downarrow +7 \quad$

16. (c) We have, D E A F $\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$ 4 5 1 6 \longrightarrow 6154

Similarly, F R O W N $\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$ 6 18 15 23 14 \longrightarrow 142315186

Similarly, D R A G \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow 4 18 1 7 \longrightarrow 4 × 18 × 1 × 7 = 504

18. (*c*) If $A \to 1$

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
C & A & T \\
\downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\
3 & 1 & 20 & \longrightarrow 3 \times 1 \times 20 = 60
\end{array}$$

Similarly, M A N \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow 13 1 14 \longrightarrow 13 × 1 × 14 = 182.

19. (a) We form the opposite alphabet series as shown below:

Clearly, the code for any letter (alphabet) with position number n is given by (26 - n + 1).

Now, B = 26 - 2 + 1 = 25

$$E = 26 - 5 + 1 = 22$$

$$A = 26 - 1 + 1 = 26$$

$$T = 26 - 20 + 1 = 7$$

 \therefore BEAT = 25 - 22 - 26 - 7.

Similarly, B = 26 - 2 + 1 = 25 U = 26 - 21 + 1 = 6 R = 26 - 18 + 1 = 9 S = 26 - 19 + 1 = 8 T = 26 - 20 + 1 = 7

 \therefore BURST = 25 - 6 - 9 - 8 - 7.

20. (c) Code for any word = Number of letters -1.

 \therefore REASON has 6 letters. Its code is 6 - 1 = 5;

BELIEVED has 8 letters. Its code is 8 - 1 = 7;

GOVERNMENT has 10 letter. Its code is 10 - 1 = 9.

21. (c) As, J A S M I N E 10 + 1 + 19 + 13 + 9 + 14 + 5 = 7

(Positions of the letters in the alphabetic series).

Therefore, E S T I M A T E 5 + 19 + 20 + 9 + 13 + 1 + 20 + 5 = 92

22. (b) H U M B L E 8 21 13 2 12 5 1 1+3 1+2 1 1

In this concept, digits of codes are added to convert it into single digit code.

23. (*d*) R A M

$$18 - 1 - 13$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 1 + 8 + 1 + 1 + 3 = 14

$$S \quad H \quad Y \quad A \quad M$$

$$19 - 8 - 25 - 1 - 13$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 1 + 9 + 8 + 2 + 5 + 1 + 1 + 3 = 30

Similarly, S O N A K S H I

 \Rightarrow 1 + 9 + 1 + 5 + 1 + 4 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 9 + 8 + 9 = 51.

19 15 14 1 11 19 8

24. (b) S H E

$$\Rightarrow (19+8+5)\times 3=96.$$

т н е м

20 8 5 13

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (20 + 8 + 5 + 13) × 4 = 184,

To get answer = Sum of codes of letters × Number of letters

Similarly, M E

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (13 + 5) \times 2 = 36.

25. (a) L A M B

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (12 + 1 + 1 3 + 2) \div 4 = 7

C A T

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (3 + 1 + 20) \div 3 = 8

To get answer = sum of codes of letters \div number of letters.

Similarly, H O T E L

$$8 ext{ 15 } 20 ext{ 5 } 12$$

 $\Rightarrow (8+15+20+5+12) \div 5 = 12.$

- **26.** (b) RAHUL \rightarrow 18 + 1 + 8 + 21 + 12 = 60 \Rightarrow 6 + 0 = 6 \Rightarrow 6² = 36 AKSH \rightarrow 1 + 11 + 19 + 8 = 39 \Rightarrow 3 + 9 = 12 \Rightarrow 12² = 144 Similarly, PRIYANKA \rightarrow 16 + 18 + 9 + 25 + 1 + 14 + 11 + 1 = 95 \Rightarrow 9 + 5 = 14 \Rightarrow 14² = 196.
- 27. (b) SHIMLA \rightarrow 19 + 8 + 9 + 13 + 12 + 1 = 62 \Rightarrow 6 2 = 4 DELHI \rightarrow 4 + 5 + 12 + 8 + 9 = 38 \Rightarrow 3 - 8 = -5 Similarly,

INDORE \rightarrow 9 + 14 + 4 + 15 + 18 + 5 = 65 \Rightarrow 6 - 5 = 1.

$$\Rightarrow$$
 20 + 2 + 6 + 48 + 25 = 101

$$\Rightarrow$$
 8 + 18 + 39 = 65

$$\Rightarrow$$
 8 + 42 + 39 + 8 + 60 + 30 = 187.

29. (b)
$$(T)$$
 (H) (M) (D) $(D$

Now, W (7), H (8), E(4), T (5), A (?), So code for A should be different, so all these numbers comes in (*b*) option.

30. (b) N is coded as $30 = 14 \times 2 + 2 = 30$

And, 'COT' is coded as 78.

$$=(3+15+20)\times 2+2=78$$

Hence, 'PET' = $(16 + 5 + 20) \times 2 + 2 = 41 \times 2 + 2 = 84$.

31. (c) We have, 'GOLF' = 60

$$= (7 + 15 + 12 + 6) + (7 + 15 + 12 + 6) \div 2$$

= 40 + (40 \div 2) = 60.

START = 117
=
$$(19 + 20 + 1 + 18 + 20) + (19 + 20 + 1 + 18 + 20) \div 2$$

= $78 + (78 \div 2) = 78 + 39 = 117$.

Similarly,

NEST =
$$(14 + 5 + 19 + 20) + (14 + 5 + 19 + 20) \div 2$$

= $58 + 58 \div 2 = 58 + 29 = 87$.

32. (c) We have, O = 15 + 5 = 20.

Similarly, LIT =
$$(12 + 9 + 20) + 5 = 46$$

Hence, PIG = (16 + 9 + 7) + 5 = 37.

33. (*c*) We have,

MUSIC =
$$(13 + 21 + 19 + 9 + 3) - 5$$

= $65 - 5 = 60$.

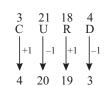
Similarly, TUNE =
$$(20 + 21 + 14 + 5) - 4$$

= $60 - 4 = 56$.

The code value is the differences of sum of the values of the letters and number of letters in the word.

Hence, 'LYRIC' =
$$(12 + 25 + 18 + 9 + 3) - 5$$

= $67 - 5 = 62$.



35. (b) We have, UFHC = 21683 (place value of each letter in the English alphabet)

Similarly, OFED = 15654

Hence, the word for the code '15236' is 'OBCF'.

36. (*d*) We have,

STAR =
$$(19 + 20 + 1 + 18) - 3$$
 (number of consonants)
= $58 - 3 = 55$

Similarly, CUT =
$$(3 + 21 + 20) - 2$$
 (number of consonants)
= $44 - 2 = 42$

Hence, PEN =
$$(16 + 5 + 14) - 2$$
 (number of consonants)
= $35 - 2 = 33$.

37. (b) We have, DENT = (4+5+14+20)+8=43+8=51Similarly, LOAD = (12+15+1+4)+8=32+8=40Hence, 'COST' will be written as,

$$= (3 + 15 + 19 + 20) + 8 = 57 + 8 = 65.$$

38. (*d*)

Letter	В	L	О	С	K
Positional Value	2	12	15	3	11
Code	2 + 1	12 + 1	15 + 1	3 + 1	11 + 1
	= 3	= 13	= 16	= 4	= 12

Similarly,

Letter	S	U	P	R	Е	M	Е
Positional Value	19	21	16	18	5	13	5
Code	19 + 1	21 + 1	16 + 1	18 + 1	5 + 1	13 + 1	5 + 1
	= 20	= 22	= 17	= 19	= 6	= 14	= 6

Hence, the correct answer is 202217196146.

39. (b) The logic is: Positional values of letters in reverse alphabetical series

FIXED =
$$[21 + 18 + 3 + 22 + 23] - 1 = 87 - 1 = 86$$
.
COMPANY = $[24 + 12 + 14 + 11 + 26 + 13 + 2] - 1$
= $102 - 1 = 101$.

Similarly,

INTERIM =
$$[18 + 13 + 7 + 22 + 9 + 18 + 14] - 1$$

= $101 - 1 = 100$.

40. (a)

Word	F	A	K	Е
Positional Value	6	1	11	5
Code	5 (6 – 1)	2 (1 + 1)	10 (11 – 1)	6(5+1)

Word	M	A	D	
Positional Value	13	1	4	
Code	12 (13 – 1)	2 (1 + 1)	5 (4 + 1)	

Similarly,

Word	D	Е	Е	R
Positional Value	4	5	5	18
Code	3(4-1)	6(5+1)	4 (5 – 1)	19 (18 + 1)

Hence, DEER will be coded as 36419.

- **41.** (b) The logic is: $(C + A + B) \times 2 + 1 = (3 + 1 + 2) \times 2 + 1 = 13$ $(F + E + E + D) \times 2 + 1 = (6 + 5 + 5 + 4) \times 2 + 1 = 41$ Similarly, $(J + A + D + E) \times 2 + 1 = (10 + 1 + 4 + 5) \times 2 + 1 = 41$.
- **42.** (c) The logic is: Positional value of letter \times 2

$$A = 1 \times 2 = 2$$

 $B = 2 \times 2 = 4$

Similarly, EARTH = 102364016

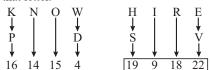
43. (a) Positional value of Y = 25; code = $25 \times 2 = 50$ $SEA = (19 + 5 + 1) \times 2 = 50$

Similarly, YACHT = $(25 + 1 + 3 + 8 + 20) \times 2 = 114$.

44. (c) Each letter of the word is replaced by its positional value in the English alphabetical series.

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
G & I & T & A \\
\downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\
\hline
7 - 9 - 20 - 1
\end{array}$$

45. (c) The first and the last letters are replaced by the number which represents the positional value of its opposite letter. Second and third letters are replaced by the number representing the positional value of that letter.



46. (*c*) +9 = 101 + 0 = 1

Therefore,

47. (c) The words are coded as: Sum of the positional values of all the letters in the word × Total number of letters in the word.

S E N D and P U R S E 16+21+18+19+5=79
$$42 \times 4 = 168$$
 $79 \times 5 = 395$

48. (d) Each vowel is replaced by its third next letter of the English alphabetical series. Each consonant is replaced by its fourth next letter of the English alphabetical series.

We have, M A T E R I A L ХН

Similarly,

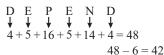
49. (b) We have, O 86 - 2 = 84R 9 + 13 + 22 + 9 = 116

Similarly, P Η B

50. (c) The code is: Sum of the positional values of all the letters of the word – Total number of letters in the word.

We have,

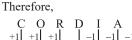
$$\begin{array}{cccc}
C & R & O & W & N \\
\downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\
3 + 8 + 15 + 23 + 14 = 73 \\
73 - 5 = 68
\end{array}$$



116 - 2 = 114

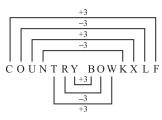
A G E Similarly, +7+5+18+25=78 $78 - 7 = \boxed{71}$

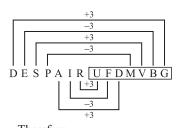
51. (c) We have,



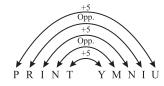
52. (b) We have,



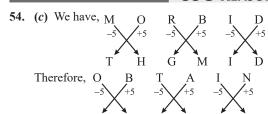




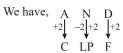
53. (*a*) We have,



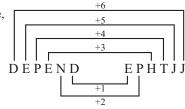


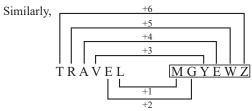


55. (b) In each word, the first and the last letter is replaced by its second next letter of the English alphabetical series. The middle letter is replaced by a set of two letters, i.e. its second preceding letter and its second next letter.



56. (*c*) We have,



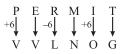


57. (c) We have,

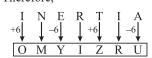
Similarly,

58. (c) Each of the letter at the even positions are replaced by its opposite (the letter which occupies the same position when the alphabetical series is written in reverse order). While the rest of the letters are coded according to the following pattern:

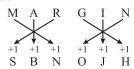
We have



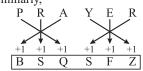
Therefore,



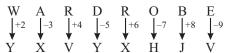
59. (*d*) We have,



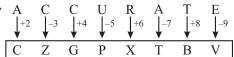
Similarly,



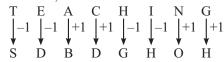
60. (c) CZGPXTBV



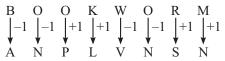
Therefore,



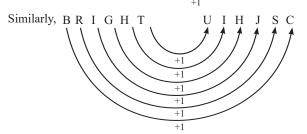
- **61.** (*d*) We have, X Therefore,
- **62.** (*d*) We have,



Similarly,

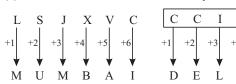


63. (a) We have, S T

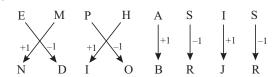


Similarly,

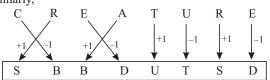
64. (a) We have,



65. (a) We have,



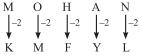
Similarly,

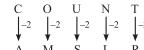


Hence, SBBDUTSD is the correct answer.

66. (*b*) If







Similarly, P I C T U R E
$$\downarrow -3 \qquad \downarrow -3$$
M F Z Q R O B

68. (b)
$$\begin{bmatrix} I & N & D & I & A \\ +3 & +3 & +3 & +3 & +3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Similarly, J A P A N
$$\downarrow$$
 +3 \downarrow +3 \downarrow +3 \downarrow +3 \downarrow +3 \downarrow +3

Similarly,

70. (d) We have,
$$G$$
 O P A L $+6$ V V V V V

Similarly, R A D H A
$$\downarrow$$
+6 \downarrow -6 \downarrow +6 \downarrow -6 \downarrow +6 \downarrow -6 \downarrow +6 \downarrow

71. (b) H O U S E
$$-2$$
 $+2$ -2 $+2$ U C

Similarly,
$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
C & H & A & I & R \\
\downarrow -2 & \downarrow +2 & \downarrow -2 & \downarrow +2 & \downarrow -2 \\
A & I & Y & K & P
\end{array}$$

72. (a)
$$\underline{A} \ \underline{P} \ \underline{P} \ \underline{R} \ \underline{O} \ \underline{A} \ \underline{C} \ \underline{H} \longrightarrow CHOAPRAP$$

Similarly,

74. (b) G I V E
$$\longrightarrow$$
 VIEG

O V E R

IV II I III

EVRO

75. (c) M O U S E
$$\downarrow$$
 +3 \downarrow +0 \downarrow -2 \downarrow -2

Similarly, S H I F T
$$\downarrow$$
 +3 \downarrow +0 \downarrow -2 \downarrow -2

76. (c)
$$\frac{D E P U}{III}$$
 $\frac{T A}{II}$ $\frac{T I}{IV}$ $\frac{O N}{I}$ \longrightarrow ONTADEPUTI

Similarly,

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \underline{D \ E \ R \ I} & \underline{V \ A} & \underline{T \ I} & \underline{O \ N} & \longrightarrow & \text{ONVADERITI} \\ \hline III & II & IV & I & \end{array}$$

77. (*d*) G O N E
$$+2$$
 -3 $+2$ -3 I L P B

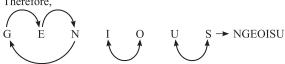
Similarly, C R I B
$$+2$$
 -3 $+2$ -3 E O K Y

78. (c) G O O D N E S S
$$+1$$
 -1 $+1$ -1 $+1$ -1 $+1$ -1 $+1$ -1 $+1$ -1 $+1$ -1 $+1$ -1 $+1$ -1

Similarly,

79. (d)
$$G$$
 A R N I S $H \rightarrow RGAINHS$

Therefore,



80. (b) M O B I L E
$$+13$$
 $+12$ $+11$ $+10$ $+9$ $+8$ Z A M S U M Therefore, T U M O R

Therefore, T U M O R
$$\downarrow$$
+13 \downarrow +12 \downarrow +11 \downarrow +10 \downarrow +9

81. (b) H Y D R O G E N

$$\downarrow +2$$
 $\downarrow +4$ $\downarrow +6$ $\downarrow +8$ $\downarrow +10$ $\downarrow +12$ $\downarrow +14$ $\downarrow +16$
 $\downarrow +2$ $\downarrow +4$ $\downarrow +6$ $\downarrow +8$ $\downarrow +10$ $\downarrow +12$ $\downarrow +14$ $\downarrow +16$

Therefore, A N T I M O N Y

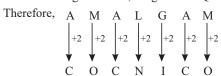
 $\downarrow +2$ $\downarrow +4$ $\downarrow +6$ $\downarrow +8$ $\downarrow +10$ $\downarrow +12$ $\downarrow +14$ $\downarrow +16$

C R Z O W A B O

82. (d) We have, B R O W S E
$$\begin{vmatrix} +2 & +2 & +2 & +2 & +2 & +2 & +2 \\ D & T & O & Y & U & G \end{vmatrix}$$

SSC REASONING & CODING-DECODING & 1-13

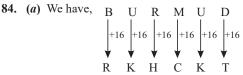
After reversing the codes, we get 'GUYQTD'.



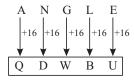
After reversing the codes we get 'OCINCOC'.

83. (a) All the letters of the word 'SMART' is written in ascending order to get the code 'AMRST'.

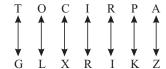
Similarly, the word 'DESIGN' can be written as 'DEGINS'.



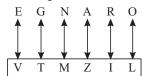
Hence,



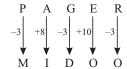
85. (d) The opposite letters of the word 'APRICOT' is written from right to left.



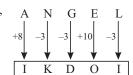
Similarly, the word Orange can be written as 'VTMZIL'.



86. (a) The logic is: Subtract 3 from consonants and add 8, 10, 12 and so on to the vowels.

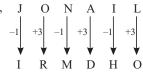


Similarly,

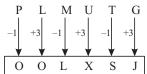


Hence, IKDOI is the correct answer.

87. (*c*) We have,

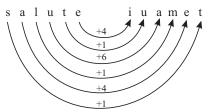


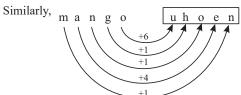
Therefore,



Hence, the code is 'OOLXSJ'.

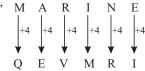
88. (d) The logic is: Add 1 to the consonants and 4 and 6 to vowels alternatively.



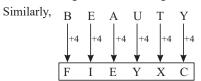


Hence, whoen is the correct answer.

89. (*a*) We have,



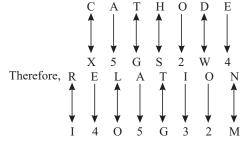
After reversing the code from right to left, we get IRMVEQ.



Hence, the code for 'BEAUTY' is 'CXYEIF'.

90. (c) We have, 'CATHODE' – 'X5GS2W4'

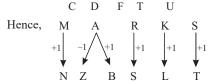
The code for vowels A = 5, E = 4, I = 3, O = 2, U = 1.



Η

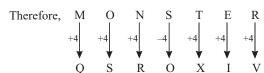
91. (a) We have,

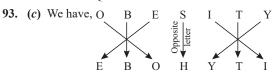


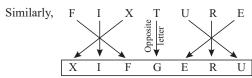


92. (*a*) We have,

Н

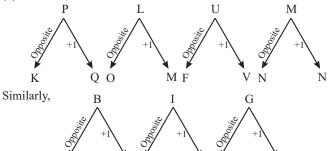






Hence, XIFGERU is the correct answer.

94. (b) We have,



Hence, YCRJTH is the correct answer.

95. (a) Letter C H I C A N E R Y
Code D N O D T H V K S

C R

Similarly,

Letter	С	R	A	N	Е
Code	D	K	T	Н	V

Hence, DKTHV is the correct answer.

- **96.** (c) The letters of the word 'OXBRIDGE' are written in ascending order from left to right according to the English alphabet. Hence, the word 'MOUTHFUL' is written as 'FHLMOTUU'.
- 97. (b) We have, B A C H E L O $\begin{vmatrix} -1 & +1 & -1 & +1 & -1 \\ & -1 & +1 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$

B B

After reversing the codes from right to left, we get the code for 'BACHELOR' \rightarrow SNMDIBBA

D

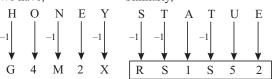
M

Hence, the code for 'COHESION' → ONJRFGPB.

98. (b) We have, MACHINE CAMHENI

Therefore, $M O N S T E R \longrightarrow NOMSRET$

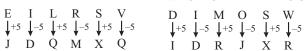
99. (d) The code for vowels A = 1, E = 2, J = 3, O = 4, U = 5. We have, Similarly,



Hence, the code for STATUE is RS1S52.

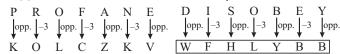
100. (b) The letters of the word are first written in alphabetical order. Then each letter is replaced by another letter of the English alphabetical series, according to the pattern given below.

SILVER → EILRSV or WISDOM → DIMOSW



Similarly, $KENSTAR \rightarrow AEKNRST$

101. (b) We have, Similarly,



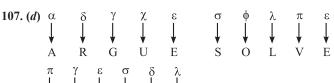
102. (*d*) By observing the position of the common letter (H) and the common code (€), we can say that each letter coded as a unique symbol.

Letters	R	О	M	Н	Е	Ι	G	Т
Codes	α	×	@	€	÷	β	©	*

From the above table, we can say that, TIGER will be written as: ${}^*\beta {\mathbb G} \dot{-} \alpha$.

- **103.** (c) P P P Ε Е R M (a) (a)(a) # P Ε R M (a) (a)
- - ? £ @ © 95. (d) R E D A
- 105. (d) R E D A D A R E % # @ Δ @ Δ % #

 106. (a) 1 9 8 6 2 3 4 5



110. (b)
$$\neq \Box \uparrow \times \rightarrow$$
5 8 6 3 7

111. (c)	φ 	$\stackrel{\alpha}{\downarrow}$	δ		η ↓	Ψ ↓	κ ↓
	C	A	R		S	Ι	T
	\bigvee_{W}^{σ}	i ↓ E	γ ↓ L	γ ↓ L	${\displaystyle \mathop{\downarrow}_{M}^{\mu}}$	α A	β ↓ P
	ф Т С	α • A	γ ↓ L	${\displaystyle \mathop{\downarrow}_{M}^{\mu}}$			

112. (c)	Words	red	white	blue	green	orange
	Codes	white	blue	green	orange	pink

Now, colour of grass is green which is coded as 'orange'. So, the colour of grass is orange.

113. (a)	Words	pen	paper	laptop	eraser
	Codes	paper	laptop	eraser	bottle

Now, we write on paper which is coded as laptop. So, the correct answer is laptop.

114. (c)	Words	Cat	Dog	Goat	Horse	Lion
	Codes	Dog	Goat	Horse	Lion	Hen

Now, Lion is not a pet animal and Lion is coded as Hen. So, Hen is the correct answer.

115. (b)	Words	orange butter		soap	ink	honey
	Codes	butter	soap	ink	honey	orange

As for washing clothes 'soap' is used and in the coded language 'soap' is called 'ink'.

Hence, 'ink' is used for washing clothes.

116. (a) According to question 'Red' means 'white' and colour of milk is white but in question white represents Red.

117. (c)	BRING	WATER	JA I	PA
	WATER	IS COLD	те Ја	ВО

Since WATER is coded as JA; BRING is coded as PA.

118. (a)

Codes	Phrases
Sue Re Nik	she is brave
Pi Sor Re Nik	she is always smiling
Sor Re Zhi	is always cheerful

Step 1: 'Re' is common in all three codes and 'is' is common in all three phrases. Re \equiv is.

Step 2: 'Nik' is common in first two codes and 'she' is common in first two phrases. Nik \equiv she.

Step 3: 'Sor' is common in last two codes and 'always' is common in last two phrases. Sor \equiv always.

Step 4: From second row, we have: $Pi \equiv smiling$.

119. (a)

,	Row	Codes	Phrases
	I	PIC VIC NIC	winter is cold
	II	TO NIC RE	summer is hot
	III	RE) TOO PA	nights are (hot)

Step 1: From I and III : NIC \equiv is **Step 2:** From II and III : RE \equiv hot

Step 3: $TO \equiv Summer$ (from II row).

120. (a)

Row		Codes			Phrases
I	2	5	3	books	are old
II	(5)	4	6	man	is old
III	3	7	8	buy	good books

Step 1: From I and III : $3 \equiv books$

Step 2: From I and II : $5 \equiv \text{old}$

Step 3: $2 \equiv \text{are (from Row I)}$

121. (a)

٠,									
)	Row	Codes			Codes Phra			Phrase	es
	I	4	8	1	sky	is	blue		
	II	2	4	6	sea	is	deep		
	III	6	9	8	sea	looks	blue		

Step 1: From I and III : $8 \equiv$ blue.

122. (b)

Row	(Codes		Phrases				
I	1	2	3	hot	filtered	coffee		
II	3 [5	6	very	hot	day		
III	5	8	9	day	and	night		

Step 1: From II and III : $5 \equiv day$ **Step 2:** From I and II : $3 \equiv \text{hot.}$

Step 3: $6 \equiv \text{very (from Row II)}$

123.(c)

Codes	Phrases					
ski rps tri	nice Sunday morning					
teh sti rps	every Tuesday morning					
ski) ptr qlm	nice market place					

Step 1: 'ski' is common in first and last code and 'nice' is common in first and last phrase. ski = nice.

Step 2: 'rps' is common in first two codes and 'morning' is common in first two phrases. rps = morning.

Step 3: From first row, we have: tri = Sunday.

124. (d)

Coo	des		Phrases					
ad mi	(ja)	no	easy	path	to	win		
ku (ja)	ig	ad	the	path	to	heaven		
be ku	zo	mi	win	of	the	tomorrow		
be li	ya	(ja)	to	tell	of	night		

Step 1: 'ja' is common in first two and last code and 'to' is common in first two and last phrases. ja = to

Step 2: 'be' is common in last two codes and 'of' is common in last two phrases. be = of.

Step 3: From last row, we have: li ya = tell night.

Therefore, definite code of 'tell' cannot be determined.

125. (b)

Codes	Phrases
ki la fa so	colors of the sky
ro ki	rainbow colors
la (pe) jo	(sky) high (rocket)
(pe) so ne	the rocket world

Step 1: 'ki' is common in first two codes and 'colors' is common in first two phrases. ki = colors

Step 2: 'la' is common in first and third codes and 'sky' is common in first and third phrases. la = sky

Step 3: 'pe' is common in last two codes and 'rocket' is common in last two phrases. pe = rocket.

Step 4: From first and third row, we have: colors sky high = ki la jo

126. (a)

Row	Codes	Phrases				
I	aa be rs	go went gone				
II	ub (rs) wa	you go home				
III	wa de	you want				
IV	lo aa	went do				

Step 1: From II and III: wa = you.

127. (c) We have,

Solving (i), (ii) and (iii)

Words	Codes
how	9
are/you	3/6
today	4
stay	8
fine	5

Hence, the code for 'today' in this system is '4'.

128. (*c*) We have,

Solving (i), (ii) and (iii)

Words	Codes
read	8
this	6
book	9
is/useful	5/7
good	4

Hence, the code for 'This book is good' in this system is either '6945' or '6974'.

129. (c) As the written code is,

'R <u>S</u> T, D <u>E</u> F, M <u>N</u> O, C <u>D</u> E, L <u>M</u> N, N <u>O</u> P, S <u>T</u> U, G <u>H</u> I, D <u>E</u> F, Q **R** S, R **S** T, N **O** P, N **O** P, M **N** O'.

The code on the received letter is,

L <u>M</u> N, N <u>O</u> P, S <u>T</u> U, G <u>H</u> I, D <u>E</u> F, Q <u>R</u> S, H <u>I</u> J, R <u>S</u> T, H <u>I</u> J, K <u>L</u> M, K <u>L</u> M.

Hence, the received message is 'Mother is ill.'

130. (b) Condition II is applied- The code for '2394587' is '€\$K@Z Σ €'.

131. (d) Condition III is applied- The code for '3721639' is '#Ř€&A\$#'.

132. (c) Condition III is applied- The code for 'PEOPLE' is '77&@X@'.

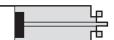
133. (b) Condition II is applied- The code for 'ITALICA' is ' $\forall \alpha 5X4\# \nabla$ '.



ALPHABET Test



QUESTIONS



Word Formation

DIRECTIONS (1–10): In each of the following questions, a word has been given, followed by four other words, one of which cannot be formed by using the letters of the given word. Find that word.

- **EFFLORESCENT**
 - (a) CREST
- (b) FOREST
- (c) ROLER
- (d) COFFEE
- **AUTOBIOGRAPHY**
 - (a) TROOP
- (b) BRIGHT
- (c) GRAPHIC
- (d) TROPHY
- CHRONOLOGICAL 3.
 - (a) CALL
- (b) LOGIC
- (c) CALLICO
- (d) ANALOGY
- **PRONOUNCEMENT**
 - (a) MOUNT
- (b) CEMENT
- (c) PAVEMENT
- (d) NOUN
- **SPECULATION** 5.
 - (a) SPECIAL
- (b) TOPIC
- (c) SECULAR

- (d) CAUTION
- **EXAMINATION**
 - (a) NATION
- (b) EXAM
- (c) MENTION
- (d) AMBITION
- **COURAGEOUS**
 - (a) COURSE
- (b) GRACE
- (c) SECURE
- **PREDICAMENT**
- (d) ARGUE
- (a) CEMENT
- (b) DEMENTIA
- (c) PREDICT
- (d) PRIMER
- **MEASUREMENT**
 - (a) MASTER
- (b) EASTERN
- (c) SUMMIT
- (d) MEAN
- 10. LEGIBILITY
 - (a) BILL
- (b) ABILITY
- (c) BIG
- (d) LEG

DIRECTIONS (11–20): In each of the following questions, choose one word which can be formed from the letters of the given word.

- 11. MEASUREMENT
 - (a) SUMMIT
- (b) ASSURE

- (c) MASTER
- (d) MANTLE
- **12. COMMUNICATION**
 - (a) COUNTRY
- (b) UNIFICATION

(d) MONITOR

- (c) AMMUNITION
- REPUTATION (a) RETIRE

13.

- (b) TUTOR
- (c) PONDER
- (d) REQUIRE
- 14. ULTRANATIONALISM
 - (a) ULTRAMODERN
- (b) ULTRAMONTANE
- (c) ULTRAIST
- (d) ULULATE
- **EXAMINATION**
 - (a) ANIMAL
- (b) ANIMATION
- (c) NATIONAL
- (d) EXAMINER
- TRADITIONAL 16.
 - (a) ANIMAL
- (b) DIRTY
- (c) NATION
- (d) RADIO
- 17. CONTROVERSY
 - (a) STORY
- (b) YOURS
- (c) RIVER
- (d) OTHER
- CORRESPONDING
 - (a) REPENT
- (b) RESPONSE
- (c) CORRECT
- (d) DISCERN
- 19. IMMEDIATELY
 - (a) DIALECT
- (b) LIMITED
- (c) DIAMETER
- (d) DICTATE
- 20. FUNDAMENTAL
 - (a) TAME
- (b) FUNDS
- (c) DETRIMENTAL
- (d) DRUM
- 21. How many words with or without meaning can be formed with the letters of the word 'MANGO' using each letter exactly once?
 - (a) 240
- (*b*) 120
- (c) 130
- (d) None of these
- 22. If it is possible to make only one meaningful word with the Third, Seventh, Eighth and Tenth letter of the word COMPATIBILITY, which of the following would be the last letter of that word? If no such word can be made, give 'X' as your answer and if more than one such word can be formed, give your answer as 'Y'.
 - (a) B
- (b) I
- (c) Y
- (d) X
- How many meaningful three letter English words can be formed with the letters AER, using each letter only once in each word?
 - (a) 1
- (b) 2
- - (c) 3
- (d) None of these

- 24. How many meaningful English words can be made with the letters VLEI using each letter only once in each word? (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) None of these (a) 1
- 25. How many meaningful English words can be formed with the letters ADIC using each letter once in each word?
 - (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) None of these

Type 2. Pair Formation

- 26. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word ENGLISH, each of which has as many letters between its two letters as there are between them in the English alphabet?
 - (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) More than three
- 27. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word SENDING, each of which has as many letters between its two letters as there are between them in the English alphabet?
 - (*a*) 1
- (*b*) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) More than three
- 28. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word CHANNEL, each of which has as many letters between its two letters as there are between them in the English alphabet?
 - (*a*) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) More than three
- 29. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word OVERWHELM each of which has as many letters between its two letters as there are between them in the English alphabet?
 - (*a*) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) More than three
- 30. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word COMPUTER, each of which has as many letters between its two letters as there are between them in the English alphabet?
 - (*a*) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) More than three
- 31. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word HORIZONTAL, each of which has as many letters between its two letters as there are between them in the English alphabet?
 - (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) More than three
- 32. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word DUPLICATE, each of which has as many letters between its two letters as there are between them in the English alphabet?
 - (*a*) 1
- (*b*) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) More than three
- 33. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word PERISHED, each of which has as many letters between its two letters as there are between them in the English alphabet?
 - (a) 1
- (*b*) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) More than three
- 34. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word STREAMING each of which has as many letters between its two letters as there are between them in the English alphabet?
 - (*a*) 1
- (*b*) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) More than three

- 35. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word DAREDEVIL, each of which has as many letters between its two letters as there are between them in the English alphabet?
 - (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) More than three

Type 3. Positions of Letters in a Word

- In english alphabet which letter will be 8th to the left of the 25th letter from left end?
 - (a) P
- (b) O
- (c) R
- (d) S
- 37. In english alphabet which letter will be 6th to the left of the 17th letter from right end?
 - (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- In english alphabet, which letter will be exactly between 8th letter from left and 3rd letter from right?
 - (a) N
- (b) O
- (c) P
- (*d*) Q
- 39. If first three letters of the word 'COMPREHENSION' are reversed and then last three letters are added and then remaining letters reversed and added, then which letter will be exactly in the middle? [CGPSC 2017]
 - (a) N
- (*b*) S
- (c) E
- (d) None of these
- Which of the following words has its letters in an alphabetical order? [UP Police 2019]
 - (a) Shade (b) Heart
- (c) Billow (d) Charge

Type 4. Position of Digits in Number

41. Unscramble the following letters to frame a meaningful word. Then find out the correct numerical position of the letters.

О	T	Y	S	R	Н	I
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

- (a) 6742153
- (b) 6241375
- (c) 6452173
- (d) 6347125
- If the digits in the number 86435192 are arranged in ascending order, what will be the difference between the digits which are second from the right and fourth from the left in the new arrangement?
 - (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 4
- Position of how many digits in the number 9824753 will remain unchanged if the digits within the number are written in ascending order from left to right?
 - (a) One
- (*b*) Two
- (c) Three (d) None
- If all the digits in the number '62748593' are written in ascending order from left to right, then which of the following digit is 5th from the left end?
 - (a) 4
- (b) 7
- (c) 5
- (d) 6
- Position of first and tenth digits in the number '8526297143' are interchanged. Similarly, the position of the second and ninth digits are interchanged and so on. Which of the following will be the 7th digit from right end after the rearrangement?
 - (a) 1
- (b) 7
- (c) 9
- (d) None of these

Type 5. Dictionary Order

DIRECTIONS (46-50): In each of the following questions arrange the given words as per order in the dictionary.

- **46.** 1. Scarf

 - 3. Shell 5. Stream

 - (a) 1, 2, 4, 5, 3
- (b) 2, 4, 5, 1, 3

2. Scene

4. Survey

- (c) 3, 1, 2, 5, 4
- (d) 1, 2, 3, 5, 4
- **47.** 1. Resign

 - 3. Residue
- 2. Repair 4. Research
- 5. Rescue
- (a) 45312
- (c) 25413
- (b) 25431 (d) 5 4 3 1 2
- 48. 1. Ambitious
- 2. Ambiguous 4. Animation
- 3. Ambiguity
- 5. Animal
- (b) 3, 2, 5, 4, 1
- (a) 3, 2, 4, 1, 5 (c) 3, 2, 1, 5, 4
- (d) 3, 2, 4, 5, 1
- 49. (i) Concession (iii) Conciliator
- (ii) Conception (iv) Conceive
- (v) Concerned
- (a) (iv), (v), (iii), (ii), (i) (b) (iv), (ii), (v), (iii), (i)
- (c) (iv), (ii), (v), (i), (iii) (d) (iv), (iii), (v), (ii), (i)
- 50. (i) Inhabit
- (ii) Ingenious
- (iii) Inherit
- (iv) Influence
- (v) Infatuation
- (a) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v) (b) (v), (iv), (i), (ii), (iii)
- (c) (iv), (v), (ii), (i), (iii) (d) (v), (iv), (ii), (i), (iii)
- **51.** Which of the following words appears first in a dictionary?
 - (a) Improve
- (b) Impress
- (c) Imprint
- (d) Impugn
- **52.** Which of the following words appear at 2nd last position in a dictionary?
 - (a) Walts
- (b) Wally
- (c) Wallow
- (d) Wallop
- 53. Arrange the following words in the order in which they appear in an English dictionary. [SSC CPO 2019]
 - 1. Heist
- 2. Height
- 3. Heart
- 4. Hackle
- 5. Higher
- (a) 4, 3, 2, 1, 5
- (b) 5, 4, 3, 1, 2
- (c) 4, 2, 1, 3, 5
- (d) 3, 5, 4, 1, 2
- **54.** Select the option that represents the correct order of the given words as they would appear in an English dictionary.
 - 1. Flexible
- 2. Flower
- [SSC CPO 2020]

- 3. Flooring
- 4. Flood
- 5. Floater
- (a) 3, 5, 4, 2, 1
- (b) 1, 5, 4, 3, 2
- (c) 2, 5, 4, 3, 1
- (d) 1, 5, 3, 4, 2

- 55. Arrange the following words in the order in which they appear in an English dictionary. [SSC CPO 2019]
 - 1. General
- 2. Gender
- 3. Gasket
- 4. Genial
- 5. Gather
- (a) 4, 3, 2, 1, 5
- (*b*) 3, 5, 2, 4, 1
- (c) 5, 3, 2, 1, 4
- (*d*) 3, 5, 2, 1, 4
- Select the correct option that indicates the arrangement of the given words in the order in which they appear in an [SSC GD Constable 2021] English dictionary.
 - 1. Delicious
- 2. Deliberate
- 3. Delinquent
- 4. Delirium
- 5. Delicacy
- (a) 2, 5, 3, 4, 1
- (b) 2, 5, 1, 4, 3
- (c) 2, 5, 1, 3, 4
- (d) 3, 5, 1, 4, 2
- Select the correct option that indicates the arrangement of the given words in the order in which they appear in an [SSC GD Constable 2021] English dictionary.
 - 1. Poverty
- 2. Pretension
- 3. Perturb
- 4. Pendant
- 5. Pollution
- (a) 3, 5, 2, 1, 4 (c) 4, 5, 3, 1, 2

English dictionary.

- (b) 4, 3, 5, 1, 2 (*d*) 3, 4, 2, 1, 5
- 58. Select the correct option that indicates the arrangement of the given words in the order in which they appear in an
 - 1. Freeze
- 2. Freedom 4. Fraud
- 3. Fryer
- 5. Fringe (a) 5, 2, 1, 6, 4, 3
- (b) 5, 1, 2, 6, 4, 3
- (c) 5, 2, 1, 6, 3, 4
- (d) 5, 6, 2, 1, 4, 3
- **DIRECTIONS** (59–62): In each of the following questions arrange the given words as per order in the dictionary.
- **59.** 1. Sorting
- 2. Solitary [SSC CGL 2021]

[SSC GD Constable 2021]

[SSC CGL 2021]

[SSC CGL 2020]

- 3. Solution
- 4. Sophisticate
- 5. Solvent (a) 2, 3, 5, 4, 1
- (*b*) 2, 3, 1, 4, 5
- (c) 2, 4, 1, 3, 5
- (d) 2, 5, 3, 4, 1
- 60. 1. Success
- 2. Surreal
- 3. Succumb
- 4. Suction
- 5. Surrogate
- 6. Surprise
- (a) 1, 3, 4, 6, 2, 5 (c) 1, 3, 6, 4, 2, 5
- (b) 1, 3, 4, 6, 5, 2 (*d*) 1, 4, 3, 6, 2, 5
- 1. Rightly
- 2. Rigidly
- 3. Righteous 5. Rights
- 4. Rigour
- (a) 3, 5, 1, 4, 2 (c) 3, 1, 5, 2, 4
- (b) 3, 1, 5, 4, 2 (*d*) 1, 3, 5, 2, 4
- **62.** 1. Gemlike
- 2. Geminate [SSC CGL 2020]
- 4. Geminal
- 3. Gemmier 5. Gemini
- (a) 4, 2, 5, 1, 3
- (b) 4, 3, 2, 1, 5
- (c) 3, 5, 4, 1, 2
- (d) 4, 5, 2, 1, 3

2_4

- **63.** Arrange the following words as per order in the dictionary and choose the one that comes first.
 - 1. Temple
- 2. Tenant
- 3. Terminate
- 4. Temperature
- (a) Temple
- (b) Tenant
- (c) Terminate
- (d) Temperature
- **64.** Arrange the following words as per the English dictionary and find the last word.
 - (a) Lean
- (b) Leave
- (c) Less
- (d) Leaf
- **65.** If the given words are arranged according to English dictionary, then which word will be in third place?
 - (a) Know
- (b) Knack
- (c) Knit
- (d) Knob
- **66.** If the words are organized in reverse order of what they appear in dictionary, then which word will come in the third place?
 - (a) Odium
- (b) Ordeum
- (c) Oculist
- (d) Odious
- **67.** Which of the following words appear first in a dictionary?
 - (a) Improve
- (b) Impress
- (c) Imprint
- (d) Impugn

SOLUTIONS

- 1. (c) The word 'ROLER' cannot be formed using the letters of the word 'EFFLORESCENT' as 2 'R's' are not present.
 - E F F L O \mathbb{R} \mathbb{E} \mathbb{S} \mathbb{C} E N \mathbb{T} \longrightarrow CREST
 - E F F L O R E S C E N T \rightarrow FOREST
 - $EFFLORESCENT \longrightarrow COFFEE$
- 2. (c) The letter 'C' is not present in the given word, therefore the word 'GRAPHIC' cannot be formed using the letters of the word 'AUTOBIOGRAPHY'
 - A U T O B I O G R A P H Y \rightarrow TROOP
 - AUT O BIOGRAPHY → BRIGHT
 - AUTOBIOGRAPHY \rightarrow TROPHY
- 3. (d) The letter 'Y' and two 'A's are not present in the given word, therefore the word 'ANALOGY' cannot be formed using the letters of the word 'CHRONOLOGICAL'.
 - $C H R O N O L O G I CAL \rightarrow CALL$
 - C H R O N O L O G I C A L \rightarrow LOGIC
 - CHRONOLO GICAL→CALLICO
- 4. (c) The letter 'A' and 'V' are not present in the given word, therefore the word 'PAVEMENT' cannot be formed using the letters of the word 'PRONOUNCEMENT'.
 - $PRONOUNCEMENT \rightarrow MOUNT$
 - PRONOUNCEMENT -- CEMENT
 - $PRONOUNCEMENT \rightarrow NOUN$

- 5. (c) The letter 'R' is not present in the given word, therefore the word 'SECULAR' cannot be formed using the letters of the word 'SPECULATION'.
 - S P E C U L A T I O N → SPECIAL
 - S P E C U L A T I O $N \rightarrow TOPIC$
 - S P E C U L A T I O N CAUTION
- **6.** (*d*) The letter 'B' is not present in the given word, therefore the word 'AMBITION' cannot be formed using the letters of the word 'EXAMINATION'.
 - E X A M INATION -NATION
 - $EXAMINATION \rightarrow EXAM$
 - E X A M I N A T I O N → MENTION
- 7. (c) Only one 'E' is present in the given word, therefore the word 'SECURE' cannot be formed using the letters of the word 'COURAGEOUS'.
 - $COURAGEOUS \rightarrow COURSE$
 - $C O U RAGEOUS \rightarrow GRACE$
 - $C O URAGEOUS \rightarrow ARGUE$
- **8.** (*d*) Only one 'R' is present in the given word, therefore the word 'PRIMER' cannot be formed using the letters of the word 'PREDICAMENT'.
 - P R E D I C A MENT→CEMENT
 - P R EDII C AMENT→DEMENTIA
 - PREDICA M E N T→PREDICT
- (c) The letter 'I' is not present in the given word, therefore the word 'SUMMIT' cannot be formed using the letters of the word 'MEASUREMENT'.
 - $M E A S UR E M E N T \longrightarrow MASTER$
 - M E A S U R E M E N T → EASTERN
 - $MEASUREMENT \longrightarrow MEAN$
- 10. (b) The letter 'A' is not present in the given word, therefore the word 'ABILITY' cannot be formed using the letters of the word 'LEGIBILITY'.

 - $L E G I B I L I T Y \rightarrow BIG$
- 11. (c)
 - M E A S U R E M E N T→MASTER
 - S U M M \boxed{I} T \rightarrow 'I' absent in given word.
 - A S S U R E → Only one 'S' present in given word
 - M A N T \square E \rightarrow 'L' absent in given word

U N I F I C A T I O N \rightarrow 'F' absent in given word M O N I T O R \rightarrow 'R' absent in given word.

13. (b) R E P UT A T I O N \rightarrow TUTOR

 \blacksquare E T I \blacksquare E Two 'R's absent in the given word.

P O N \boxed{D} E R \rightarrow 'D' absent in the given word.

R E \overline{Q} U I R E \longrightarrow 'Q' absent in the given word.

14. (c)

ULTRANATIONAL ISM→ULTRAIST

U L T R A M O N T A N \boxed{E} \longrightarrow 'E' absent in the given word.

U L T R A M O D \boxed{E} R N \rightarrow 'E' absent in the given word.

U L U L A T E→Only one 'U' present in the given word.

15. (b) E X AMINATION \rightarrow ANIMATON

A N I M A \square \longrightarrow 'L' absent in the given word.

N A T I O N A \square \rightarrow 'L' absent in the given word.

E X A M I N E \boxed{R} \longrightarrow 'R' absent in the given word.

16. (d) TRADITTIONAL→RADIO

A N I \boxed{M} A L \rightarrow 'M' absent in the given word.

D I R T \boxed{Y} \rightarrow 'Y' absent in the given word.

 \boxed{N} A T I $O[N] \rightarrow Only$ one 'N' present in the given word.

17. (a) C O N T R O V E R S Y \rightarrow STORY

Y O \boxed{U} R S \longrightarrow 'U' absent in the given word.

R \square V E R \longrightarrow 'I' absent in the given word.

O T H E $R \longrightarrow H$ absent in the given word.

18. (d) \square OR \square E \square PON \square I N G \rightarrow DISCREN

R E P E N $T \longrightarrow$ 'T' absent in the given word.

R E \boxed{S} P O N \boxed{S} E \longrightarrow Only one 'S' present in the given word.

C O R R E C T → Only one 'C' present in the given word.

19. (b) The only word formed by using the letters of the given word 'IMMEDIATELY' is 'LIMITED'.

IMM EDIATELY→ LIMITED

20. (a) 'TAME' is the only word formed by using the letters of the given word 'FUNDAMENTAL'.

F U N D \boxed{A} \boxed{M} \boxed{E} N \boxed{T} A L \rightarrow TAME

21. (b) The word 'MANGO' has 5 letters and all these letters are different.

Total number of words (with or without meaning) that can be formed using all these 5 letters using each letter exactly once.

Number of arrangements of 5 letters taken all at a time = 5! = $5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 120$

22. (a)

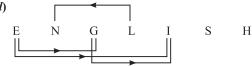
()												
С	О	M	P	A	Т	I	В	I	L	Ι	Т	Y
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

Words are M, I, B, L

Meaningful Word \rightarrow L I M B

- 23. (b) Two meaningful words can be made: ARE, EAR.
- **24.** (*d*) Four meaningful words can be made: VEIL, VILE, EVIL, LIVE, which is not given in options.
- 25. (a) Meaningful word is ACID.

26. (d)

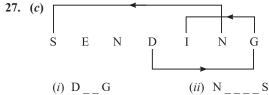


(i) E G

(ii) G_I

(iii) E___I

(iv) L_N



(iii) G I

28. (b) C H A N N E L
(i) L N (ii) A C

29. (d)
O V E R W H E L M

(i) O _ _ R

(ii) LM

(iii) E H

(iv) M R

30. (d)
C O M P U T E R

 $(i)\ \mathrm{M}_{---}\mathrm{R}$

(ii) R _ _ U

(iii) R T

(iv) TU

31. (d)

H O R I Z O N T A L

There are four such pairs:

(i) $H_{---}N$ (ii) NO (iii) $N_{--}R$ (iv) $O_{-}R$

32. (a)
D U P L I C A T E

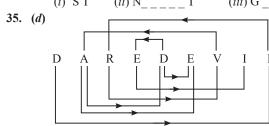
(i) E___I



(i) P R (ii) DE 34. *(c)*



(i) S T (iii) G_I (*ii*) N_____ T



There are nine such pairs.

- (i) D____L
- (ii) A__D
- (*iii*) A____E
- (iv) R V
- (*v*) E _ _ _ I
- (vi) DE
- (vii) L____R
- (viii) V _ _ _ A
- (ix) DE
- **36.** (b) 8th to the left of 25th letter from left end = 25 8 = 17th from left Hence, Q is the answer.
- 37. (c) 6th to left of 17th letter from right = 17 + 6 = 23rd from right Now, 23rd from right = 27 - 23 = 4th from left Hence, D is the answer.
- **38.** (c) 3rd letter from right = 27 3 = 24th from left Now, mid letter = $\frac{8+24}{2} = \frac{32}{2} = 16$ th from left Hence, P is the answer.
- **39.** (b) Given word: 'COMPREHENSION' After Rearrangement: 'MOCIONSNEHERP'.

Hence, after the rearrangement letter 'S' is exactly in the middle of the word formed.

- **40.** (c) The word 'Billow' has its letters in an alphabetical order.
- **41.** (a) Only the arrangement of option (a) forms the meaningful word as follows.



42. (d) Number formed after rearrangement of digits is 12345689

Digit which is second from the right = 8

Digit which is fourth from the left = 4

Required Difference = 8 - 4 = 4.

43. (a) Given number – '9824753'

After rearrangement - '2345789'

Hence, the position of '7' in the number remains unchanged.

44. (*d*) Given number: '62748593'.

After rearrangement: '23456789'.

Hence, 5th digit from the left end is '6'.

45. (b) Given number: '8526297143'

After rearrangement: '3417926258'

Hence, the position of no digit remains unchanged.

46. (d) The arrangement of the words in dictionary order will be as follows:

 $\frac{\text{Scarf}}{(1)} \to \frac{\text{Scene}}{(2)} \to \frac{\text{Shell}}{(3)} \to \frac{\text{Stream}}{(5)} \to \frac{\text{Survey}}{(4)}$

47. (b) The arrangement of the words in dictionary order will be as follows:

Rescue Research Residue Resign \rightarrow (5) \rightarrow (4) \rightarrow (2) \rightarrow (1) (4) (3) (1)

48. (c) The arrangement of the words in dictionary order will be as

 $\frac{\text{Ambiguity}}{(3)} \rightarrow \frac{\text{Ambiguous}}{(2)} \rightarrow \frac{\text{Ambitious}}{(1)} \rightarrow \frac{\text{Animal}}{(5)} \rightarrow \frac{\text{Animation}}{(4)}$

49. (c) The arrangement of the words in dictionary order will be as

50. (d) The arrangement of the words in dictionary order will be as follows:

 $\frac{\text{Infatuation}}{(v)} \rightarrow \frac{\text{Influence}}{(iv)} \rightarrow \frac{\text{Ingenious}}{(ii)} \rightarrow \frac{\text{Inhabit}}{(i)} \rightarrow \frac{\text{Inherit}}{(iii)}$

51. (b) The arrangement of the words in a dictionary in an increasing order will

be as follows:

Impress \rightarrow Imprint \rightarrow Improve \rightarrow Impugn.

The word 'Impress' would appear first in the dictionary.

52. (b) The arrangement of the words in dictionary order will be as follows:

 $Wallop \rightarrow Wallow \rightarrow Wally \rightarrow Walts$

Hence, the word 'Wally' would appears at second last position in the dictionary.

53. (a) The arrangement of the words in a dictionary in increasing order will be as follows:

Hackle Higher (3) (5)

Hence, the correct order is '4, 3, 2, 1, 5'.

54. (b) The arrangement of the words in a dictionary in increasing order will be as follows:

Flexible $\begin{array}{c}
\text{Flood} \\
\text{(4)} & \rightarrow \\
\text{(3)}
\end{array}
\rightarrow$ Flower Floater (5) (1) (2) Hence, the correct order is '1, 5, 4, 3, 2'.

55. (d)

 $\begin{array}{ccc}
\text{Gather} & \to & \text{Gender} \\
(5) & \to & (2) & \to & (1)
\end{array}$ Gasket

56. (c) The order of words in the dictionary will be as follows:

57. (b) The order of words in the dictionary will be as follows:

 $\frac{\text{Pendant}}{(4)} \rightarrow \frac{\text{Perturb}}{(3)} \rightarrow \frac{\text{Pollution}}{(5)} \rightarrow \frac{\text{Poverty}}{(1)} \rightarrow \frac{\text{Pretension}}{(2)}$

58. (a) The arrangement of the words in a dictionary order will be as follows:

- **59.** (a) The order of words in the dictionary will be as follows: Solitary \rightarrow Solution \rightarrow Solvent \rightarrow Sophisticate \rightarrow Sorting
- **60.** (a) The order of the words in the dictionary will be as follows: Success → Succumb → Suction → Surprise → Surreal → Surrogate
- **61.** (c) The order of the words in the dictionary will be as follows: Righteous \rightarrow Rightly \rightarrow Righ
- **62.** (a) The meaningful order must be as follows:
 Geminal → Geminate → Gemini → Gemlike → Gemmier
- **63.** (*d*) The arrangement of the words in a dictionary in increasing order will be as follows:

 $Temperature \rightarrow Temple \rightarrow Tenant \rightarrow Terminate.$

The word 'Temperature' will come first in the sequence.

64. (c) The arrangement of the words in a dictionary in increasing order will be as follows:

 $\text{Leaf} \rightarrow \text{Lean} \rightarrow \text{Leave} \rightarrow \text{Less}$.

The word 'Less' will come last in the sequence.

65. (*d*) The arrangement of the words in a dictionary in increasing order will be as follows:

 $knack \rightarrow knit \rightarrow knob \rightarrow know$.

The word 'knob' will come at third place in the sequence.

66. (*d*) The arrangement of the words in a dictionary in an increasing order will be as follows:

Oculist \rightarrow Odious \rightarrow Odium \rightarrow Ordeum.

In reverse order Ordeum \rightarrow Odium \rightarrow Odious \rightarrow Oculist.

In reverse order, the word 'Odious' will come at third place.

67. (b) The arrangement of the words in a dictionary in an increasing order will be as follows:

 $Impress \rightarrow Imprint \rightarrow Improve \rightarrow Impugn.$

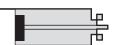
The word 'Impress' would appear first in the dictionary.



ARRANGEMENT OF WORDS IN LOGICAL ORDER



QUESTIONS



DIRECTIONS (1–47): In each of the following questions, arrange the given words in a meaningful sequence and then choose the most appropriate sequence, from amongst the alternatives provided below each question.

- 1. Hexagon
 - 3. Pentagon
 - 5. Octagon
 - (a) 3-1-4-5-2
 - (c) 1-3-4-5-2
- 2. 1. Writing
 - 3. Publishing
 - 5. Editing
 - (a) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
 - (c) 2, 3, 4, 5, 1
- 1. Probation 3.
 - 3. Job
 - 5. Confirmation
 - (a) 5, 4, 2, 1, 3
 - (c) 5, 1, 4, 2, 3
- 1. Key
 - 3. Lock
 - (a) 1, 2, 3, 4
 - (c) 1, 3, 2, 4
- 1. Printer
- - 3. Writer 5. Publisher
 - (a) 2, 3, 4, 1, 5

 - (c) 3, 4, 1, 5, 2
- 1. Selection 6.
 - 3. Probation
 - 5. Advertisement
 - (a) 5, 1, 3, 2, 4
 - (c) 5, 3, 2, 1, 4
- 1. Rivulet
 - 3. Tributary
 - 5. Sea
 - (a) 613254
 - (c) 653142

- 2. Nonagon
 - [SSC CGL 2020]
- 4. Heptagon
- (b) 1-4-5-2-3
- (d) 4-3-1-2-5
- 2. Distributing
- 4. Printing

[SSC CGL 2018]

- (b) 2, 4, 3, 1, 5
- (d) 1, 5, 4, 3, 2
 - 2. Promotion [SSC CGL 2018]
- 4. Interview
- (b) 4, 1, 2, 5, 3
- (d) 4, 3, 1, 5, 2
- 2. Door
- 4. Room
- (b) 1, 2, 4, 3
- (d) 4, 2, 1, 3
- 2. Seller
- 4. Editor
- (b) 2, 4, 3, 5, 1
- (d) 3, 4, 2, 1, 5
- 2. Interview
- 4. Appointment
- (*b*) 5, 2, 1, 4, 3
- (d) 5, 4, 2, 3, 1
- 2. River
- 4. Ocean
- 6. Rain
- (b) 631254
- (d) 621354

- 8. 1. Epilogue
 - 3. Index
 - 5. Cover
 - (a) 1, 5, 2, 4, 3
 - (c) 3, 4, 2, 1, 5
- 1. Frog
 - 3. Grasshopper
 - 5. Grass
 - (a) 2, 1, 4, 5, 3
 - (c) 3, 4, 1, 5, 2
- **10.** 1. Child
 - 3. Marriage
 - 5. Education
 - (a) 1, 3, 4, 2, 5
 - (c) 4, 1, 5, 2, 3
- 11. 1. Mega
 - 3. Tera
 - (a) 1, 2, 3, 4
 - (c) 2, 1, 4, 3
- 12. 1. Silicon chips
 - 3. Vacuum tube
 - (a) 3, 2, 4, 1
 - (c) 4, 1, 3, 2
- **13.** 1. Stone
 - 3. Rock

 - 5. Hill
 - (a) 1, 4, 2, 3, 5
 - (c) 5, 3, 2, 1, 4
- **14.** 1. Weaving
 - 3. Cloth

 - (a) 4, 2, 1, 3
 - (c) 2, 4, 3, 1
- 15. 1. Substance
 - 3. Molecule
 - (a) 1, 4, 2, 3
 - (c) 4, 2, 3, 1
- **16.** 1. Orange
 - 3. Red
 - 5. Green
 - 7. Violet
 - (*a*) 7, 2, 6, 4, 5, 1, 3
 - (c) 7, 2, 4, 6, 5, 1, 3

- 2. Chapter
- 4. Prologue
- (b) 1, 4, 3, 2, 5
- (*d*) 5, 4, 3, 2, 1
- 2. Eagle
- 4. Snake
- (b) 3, 1, 4, 2, 5
- (d) 5, 3, 1, 4, 2
- 2. Profession 4. Infant
- (*b*) 2, 1, 4, 3, 5 (d) 5, 4, 1, 3, 2
- 2. Kilo 4. Giga
- (b) 1, 3, 2, 4
- (d) 2, 4, 3, 1
- 2. Transistors 4. Integrated circuits
- (b) 3, 4, 1, 2
- (d) 4, 2, 3, 1
- 2. Sand
- 4. Boulder
- (b) 2, 1, 3, 4, 5
- (d) 5, 4, 2, 1, 3
- 2. Cotton
- 4. Thread
- (b) 3, 1, 4, 2
- (d) 2, 4, 1, 3
- 2. Atom
- 4. Proton
- (b) 1, 3, 4, 2 (d) 4, 1, 3, 2
- 2. Indigo
- 4. Blue
- 6. Yellow
- (b) 7, 2, 6, 4, 1, 5, 3
- (d) 7, 2, 4, 5, 6, 1, 3

4. Mars

(*b*) 5, 3, 4, 1, 2

(d) 5, 3, 2, 4, 1

- - 17. 1. Ghee 2. Milk 3. Curd 4. Cow 5. Butter (a) 3, 2, 5, 4, 1 (b) 4, 2, 3, 5, 1 (c) 4, 2, 5, 3, 1 (d) 5, 1, 2, 4, 3 **18.** 1. Standing 2. Crawling 3. Walking 4. Sitting 5. Running (a) 2,1, 3, 4, 5 (b) 2, 1, 4, 3, 5 (c) 2, 4, 1, 5, 3 (d) 4, 2, 1, 3, 5 2. Palace **19.** 1. House 3. Bunglow 4. Hut (b) 3, 2, 1, 4 (a) 4, 1, 3, 2 (c) 2, 3, 1, 4 (d) 2, 1, 3, 4 **20.** 1. Type 2. Print 3. Open 4. Save 5. Close (*a*) 3, 5, 4, 2, 1 (b) 3, 4, 1, 2, 5 (d) 3, 1, 4, 2, 5 (c) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5 21. 1. Apartment 2. Town 3. Street 4. Building 5. Complex (a) 1, 4, 5, 3, 2 (b) 1, 5, 4, 3, 2 (c) 2, 1, 3, 4, 5 (d) 4, 5, 3, 2, 1 **22.** 1. Infant 2. Old 3. Adult 4. Adolescent 5. Child (b) 2, 3, 4, 5, 1 (a) 1, 5, 4, 3, 2 (c) 3, 4, 2, 1, 5 (*d*) 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 **23.** 1. Pupa 2. Larva 3. Moth 4. Eggs (a) 1, 2, 3, 4 (b) 3, 4, 1, 2 (d) 4, 2, 1, 3 (c) 4, 1, 2, 3 24. 1. Diagnosis 2. Doctor 3. Sick 4. Treatment 5. Recovery (a) 1, 2, 3, 5, 4 (*b*) 2, 1, 3, 4, 5 (c) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5 (d) 4, 5, 1, 3, 2 25. 1. S. Radhakrishnan 2. Rajendra Prasad 3. Giani Zail Singh 4. V.V. Giri 5. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam (a) 1, 2, 4, 3, 5 (*b*) 1, 4, 2, 3, 5
 - (c) 2, 1, 3, 4, 5 (d) 2, 1, 4, 5, 3 **26.** 1. Plastering 2. Painting 3. Foundation 4. Walls 5. Ceiling (b) 4, 5, 3, 1, 2 (a) 3, 4, 5, 1, 2 (c) 3, 5, 4, 2, 1 (d) 4, 5, 3, 2, 1 27. 1. Grandfather 2. Brother 3. Father 4. Son 5. Grandson (a) 4, 5, 2, 1, 3 (*b*) 5, 1, 3, 2, 4

(c) 5, 4, 1, 3, 2

(d) 5, 4, 2, 3, 1

		_	
F W	ORDS IN LOGICAL ORDER	%	3-2
28.			Word
	3. Chapter	4.	Phrase
	5. Paragraph (<i>a</i>) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5	(b)	2, 3, 5, 4, 1
	(c) 3, 5, 1, 4, 2		4, 3, 1, 2, 5
29	1. Major		Captain
4).	3. Colonel		Brigadier
	5. Lt. General		8
	(a) 4, 1, 5, 3, 2	(<i>b</i>)	4, 5, 1, 2, 3
	(c) 5, 4, 3, 1, 2	(<i>d</i>)	5, 1, 4, 2, 3
30.	1. Lungs	2.	Nostrils
	3. Windpipe		Blood
	(a) 1, 2, 3, 4		1, 3, 4, 2
	(c) 2, 3, 1, 4		4, 3, 2, 1
31.	1. Golden		Silver
	3. Platinum		Diamond
	(a) 1, 2, 3, 4 (c) 3, 4, 2, 1		2, 1, 4, 3 4, 1, 2, 3
22			
32.	1. Rain 3. Water		Vaporisation Condensation
	5. Cloud	т.	Condensation
	(a) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5	(b)	2, 3, 5, 4, 1
	(c) 3, 2, 5, 4, 1		5, 3, 4, 1, 2
33.	1. Stomach	2.	Feet
	3. Knee	4.	Neck
	5. Waist		Chest
	(a) 3, 5, 1, 2, 6, 4		2, 3, 5, 1, 6, 4
	(c) 2, 5, 3, 4, 6, 1		2, 4, 5, 6, 3, 1
34.	1. Absorption		Digestion
	3. Nutrition		Excretion
	(a) 3, 1, 2, 4 (c) 3, 4, 2, 1		2, 1, 3, 4 3, 2, 1, 4
25		2.	
33.	 Elephant Mosquito 		Tiger
	5. Whale		11801
	(a) 2, 5, 1, 4, 3	(<i>b</i>)	5, 3, 1, 2, 4
	(c) 1, 3, 5, 4, 2	(<i>d</i>)	3, 2, 4, 1, 5
36.	1. Brahmaputra	2.	Atlantic
	3. Chilika		Bay of Bengal
	(a) 1, 4, 3, 2		2, 4, 3, 1
	(c) 3, 1, 4, 2	(<i>d</i>)	3, 4, 2, 1
37.	(i) Plant		Seed
	(iii) Fruit		Seedling
	(a) $(iv), (ii), (iii), (i)$		(ii), (iii), (i), (iv)
_	(c) $(iv), (i), (iii), (ii)$		(<i>ii</i>), (<i>iv</i>), (<i>i</i>), (<i>iii</i>)
38.	1. Earth	2.	Jupiter

3. Venus

5. Mercury

(a) 5, 3, 1, 2, 4

(c) 5, 3, 1, 4, 2

- 2. Book rack
- 3. Library
- 4. Books
- 5. Catalogue
- (a) 2, 5, 4, 3, 1
- (b) 1, 5, 4, 3, 2
- (c) 1, 4, 2, 5, 3
- (*d*) 1, 2, 4, 5, 3
- **40.** 1. Implementation
- 2. Conceptual Modelling
- 3. Requirements Analysis 4. Logical Modelling
- 5. Physical Model
- 6. Schema Refinement
- (a) 3, 2, 1, 4, 6, 5
- (b) 3, 2, 4, 1, 6, 5
- (c) 1, 3, 2, 6, 5, 4
- (d) 3, 2, 5, 4, 6, 1
- 41. (i) Destination
- (ii) Booking
- (iii) Boarding (v) Planning
- (iv) Travel
- (a) (iv), (iii), (i), (ii), (v) (b) (v), (ii), (iv), (i)
- (c) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v) (d) (iii), (iv), (v), (i), (ii)
- 42. (i) Family
- (ii) Community
- (iii) Member
- (iv) Locality
- (v) Country
- (a) (iii), (i), (iv), (ii), (v) (b) (iii), (i), (ii), (iv), (v)
- (c) (iii), (i), (ii), (v), (iv) (d) (iii), (i), (iv), (v), (ii)
- **43.** (*i*) Income
- (ii) Fame
- (iii) Education
- (iv) Employment
- (a) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
- (b) (iii), (iv), (i), (ii)
- (c) (iii), (iv), (ii), (i)
- (d) (iv), (iii), (ii), (i)
- 44. (i) Study
- (ii) Job
- (iii) Examination
- (iv) Earn
- (v) Appointment
- (a) (i), (iii), (v), (ii), (iv) (b), (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v)
- (c) (i), (ii), (ii), (v), (iv) (d) (i), (iii), (v), (iv), (ii)
- (i) Electricity
- (ii) Dam
- (iii) Lights
- (iv) River
- (v) Power House
- (a) (iv), (ii),(i), (iii), (v) (b) (iv), (ii), (v), (iii), (i)
- (c) (iv), (ii), (iii), (i), (v) (d) (iv), (ii), (v), (i), (iii)
- (i) Birth 46.
- (ii) Death
- (iii) Funeral
- (iv) Marriage
- (v) Education
- (a) (i), (iii), (iv), (v), (ii) (b) (iv), (v), (iii), (i), (ii)
- (c) (i), (v), (iv), (ii), (iii) (d) (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (i)
- 47. (i) Accident
- (ii) Judge
- (iii) Doctor
- (iv) Lawyer
- (v) Police
- (a) (i), (iii), (iv), (ii), (v) (b) (i), (iii), (v), (iv), (ii)
- (c) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v) (d) (i), (ii), (v), (iv), (iii)



(a) The given sequence represents various polygons in increasing order of the number of sides.

- Pentagon \rightarrow Hexagon \rightarrow Heptagon \rightarrow Octagon \rightarrow Nonagon (5)
- (d) These are the stages of publishing

Writing \rightarrow Editing \rightarrow Printing \rightarrow Publishing \rightarrow Distributing (5) (4) (3)

(d) These are the steps in the staffing process.

Interview \rightarrow Job \rightarrow Probation \rightarrow Confirmation \rightarrow Promotion (1) (5)

(c) Key Lock Door Room (1) (3) (2) (4)

Logic: We use the Key (1) to open the Lock (3). Then, we open the Door (2) and enter the Room (4).

Writer \rightarrow Editor \rightarrow Printer \rightarrow Publisher \rightarrow Seller (3) (4) (1) (5)

Logic: Sequence in which a book is published and sold: First the Writer (3) writes the book. Then, it goes to the Editor(4) for review and editing. Then, it goes to the Printer(1) for printing.

Then, it goes to the Publisher (5) who sends it to the seller (2) for sale in the market.

(b) Advertisement \rightarrow Interview \rightarrow Selection \rightarrow (5) (2)(1) Appointment → Probation (3)

Logic: Sequence in which employment is sought: A candidate looks at an Advertisement (5) for Job. He then goes for an Interview (2). He undergoes Selection (1) and once selected, he gets an Appointment (4). Once appointed, he is asked to join on Probation(3).

- (a) Rain \rightarrow Rivulet \rightarrow Tributary \rightarrow River \rightarrow Sea \rightarrow Ocean
- (3)
- (2)
- (5) (4)

Logic: Sequence in which rain water reaches the ocean [Rivulet: A small stream of water]

(d) Cover \rightarrow Prologue \rightarrow Index \rightarrow Chapter \rightarrow Epilogue

(3) **Logic:** Sequence of the various components of a book.

- (i) Prologue: Preface (an introduction which gives the scope of the
- (ii) Index: list of contents.
- (iii) Epilogue: a section at the end of the book that gives a conclusion to what was discussed in the book.
- 9. (d) Grass \rightarrow Grasshopper \rightarrow Frog \rightarrow Snake \rightarrow Eagle (3) (1) (4) (2)

Logic: Sequence in which organisms form a part of a food chain.

- 10. (c) Infant \rightarrow Child \rightarrow Education \rightarrow Profession \rightarrow Marriage
 - (1) (5) Logic: Sequence of changes that take place during the life span of
- 11. (c) Kilo \rightarrow Mega \rightarrow Giga Tera (4) (1) (3)

Logic: Sequence of the memory size of a computer or a device (given in bytes)

 $Kilo = 10^3$

a human being.

- $Mega = 10^6$
- $Giga = 10^9$
- $Tera = 10^{12}$